

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.1969, 47.7617,
-0.8894)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.1969, 47.7617,
-0.8894) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.1350, 47.9631,
-1.1517)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE4179
RGB	190, 65, 121
RGB Percent	75%, 25%, 47%
CMY	0.2549, 0.7451, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.36, 0.25
HSL	333°, 49%, 50%
HSV	333°, 66%, 75%
XYZ	26.5766, 16.1082, 19.7975
YIQ	108.7590, 56.5240, 43.9160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

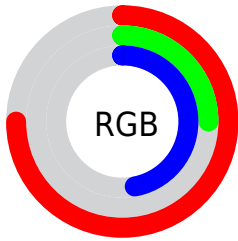
Format	Color
R_{YB}	190, 65, 121
Decimal	12468601
CIE Lab	47.12, 54.90, -4.48
CIE LCh	47, 55.084, 355.333
Yxy	16.1090, 0.4253, 0.2578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290658681 (0xFFBE4179)
YUV	108.7590, 6.0348, 71.2484
Hunter-Lab	40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517

Details

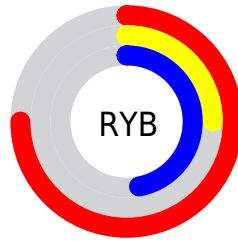
The HunterLab color **40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **62.9860, -39.6671, 16.8841**, and the grayscale version is **38.9777, -2.0798, 2.1177**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.6416, 51.8962, -0.3784**, and **23.2090, 41.8187, -1.0692** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.4682, 53.7931, 0.4542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.5211, 40.8773, -1.9569**.

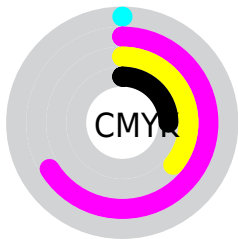
Distribution



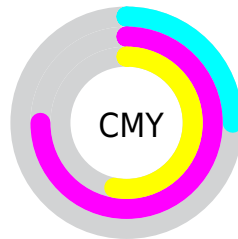
- Red (75%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

40.1350, 47.9631,
-1.1517

40.1350, 47.9631,
-1.1517

151.6523, 61.5988,
3.1830

30.9860, 45.9570,
-1.3965

60.6526, 51.6881,
-0.4887

22.6615, 43.9193,
-1.5754

71.9214, 53.3929,
-0.0835

15.2544, 42.0043,
-1.6756

83.8127, 54.9930,
0.3659

8.8765, 40.9066,
-1.7112

96.2955, 56.4931,
0.8563

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.3431, 57.8984,
1.3852

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.9318, 59.2144,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.9505

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.0411, 60.4463,
2.5503

■ 40.1350, 47.9631,
-1.1517

■ 40.1350, 47.9631,
-1.1517

■ 37.4682, 53.7931,
0.4542

■ 43.5211, 40.8773,
-1.9569

■ 35.5695, 57.8357,
2.8236

■ 47.5409, 33.0738,
-2.0311

■ 34.4256, 59.7786,
5.7786

■ 52.1059, 24.9510,
-1.4853

■ 34.0659, 60.2694,
7.0468

■ 57.1329, 16.7656,
-0.4378

■ 62.5504, 8.6599,
1.0071

■ 68.2994, 0.7002,
2.7650

■ 74.3320, -7.0922,
4.7707

■ 80.6101, -14.7199,
6.9747

■ 87.1027, -22.1975,
9.3397

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.1361, 37.8549, -27.2584



40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517



40.1361, 42.4998, 15.6371

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1361, 47.9601, -1.1506



40.1361, -18.3525, 23.9586



40.1361, -23.0653, -45.5190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517



62.9860, -39.6671, 16.8841

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.1361, -33.1041, -18.5602



40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517



40.1361, -30.8120, 18.7400

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1361, 47.9601, -1.1506



40.1361, 1.2777, 24.9432



40.1361, -35.6089, 5.2563



40.1361, -5.4542, -60.1434

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517



40.1361, 31.2685, 21.3029



40.1361, -35.6089, 5.2563



40.1361, -27.2784, -37.0815

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1361, 47.9601, -1.1506



80.8336, 16.5888, 0.4145



35.4220, 43.7205, -58.9480



36.9120, 9.2318, -0.0597



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1361, 47.9601, -1.1506



49.1599, 75.1949, 1.9268



39.8348, 39.8908, 17.7992



30.9927, 1.6463, 0.9863



27.8063, 49.2471, 5.3485



5.6219, 10.1776, -0.6305

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1361, 47.9601, -1.1506



49.1599, 75.1949, 1.9268



62.4653, -27.6919, -8.2328



30.9927, 1.6463, 0.9863



27.8063, 49.2471, 5.3485



5.6219, 10.1776, -0.6305

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517.



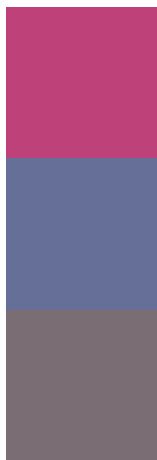
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517.

-1.1517.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517

Protanopia

40.4598, 2.5951, -17.9278

Deuteranopia

40.3889, 2.6358, 1.1235



Tritanopia

40.2013, 38.0801, 14.5290

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517

Protanomaly

38.5816, 17.6534, -14.0452

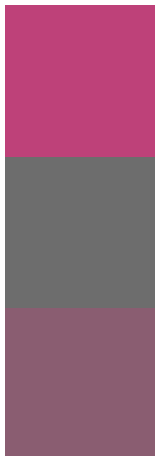
Deuteranomaly

39.1358, 18.8922, -1.0505

Tritanomaly

40.0075, 41.5850, 9.6868

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517

Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247

Achromatomaly

37.9792, 15.2034, -0.7202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 65, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 65, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 65, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 65, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 65, 121) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 65, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 65, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 65, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 65, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 65,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.1350, 47.9631, -1.1517 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 65, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 65,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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