

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.3056, -5.9648,
2.7371)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.3056, -5.9648, 2.7371)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.3643, -6.1017,
2.6752)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67736F
RGB	103, 115, 111
RGB Percent	40%, 45%, 44%
CMY	0.5961, 0.5490, 0.5647
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.03, 0.55
HSL	160°, 6%, 43%
HSV	160°, 10%, 45%
XYZ	14.5935, 16.2928, 17.4146
YIQ	110.9560, -5.8680, -3.7880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

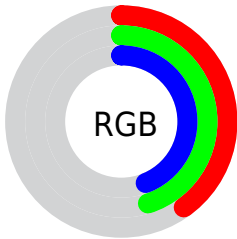
Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 110, 115
Decimal	6779759
CIE Lab	47.36, -5.35, 0.67
CIE LCh	47, 5.392, 172.831
Yxy	16.2935, 0.3021, 0.3373
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284969839 (0xFF67736F)
YUV	110.9560, 0.0217, -6.9774
Hunter-Lab	40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752

Details

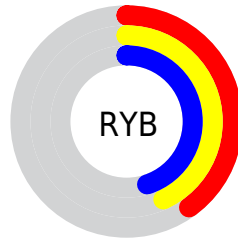
The HunterLab color $40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $37.9570, 2.1168, 1.6970$, and the grayscale version is $39.8554, -2.1266, 2.1654$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.9523, -7.8113, 3.7164$, and $22.8341, -4.5064, 1.7807$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.4675, -9.5603, 3.1872$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.3609, -2.3774, 2.2653$.

Distribution



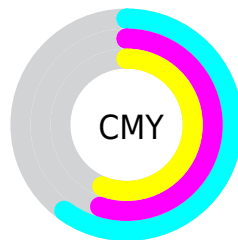
- Red (40%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.3643, -6.1017,
2.6752

■ 40.3643, -6.1017,
2.6752

152.0089,
-14.3304, 9.0216

■ 31.1962, -5.2746,
2.1368

■ 60.9154, -7.8018,
3.8656

■ 22.8510, -4.4557,
1.6387

■ 72.1995, -8.6773,
4.5122

■ 15.4204, -3.6368,
1.1847

■ 84.1054, -9.5714,
5.1909

■ 9.0249, -3.0652,
0.8003

■ 96.6021, -10.4846,
5.9003

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.6629,
-11.4171, 6.6391

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.2644,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.3689, 7.4063

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.3859,
-13.3400, 8.2007

■ 40.3643, -6.1017,
2.6752

■ 40.3643, -6.1017,
2.6752

■ 39.4675, -9.5603,
3.1872

■ 41.3609, -2.3774,
2.2653

■ 38.6698, -12.7223,
3.7970

■ 42.4522, 1.5851,
1.9562

■ 37.9730, -15.5632,
4.5003

■ 43.6356, 5.7554,
1.7475

■ 37.3768, -18.0625,
5.2901

■ 44.9077, 10.1045,
1.6366

■ 36.8797, -20.2064,
6.1569

■ 46.2644, 14.6058,
1.6198

■ 36.4783, -21.9899,
7.0893

■ 47.7017, 19.2347,
1.6928

■ 36.1676, -23.4184,
8.0734

■ 49.2155, 23.9695,
1.8506

■ 35.9406, -24.5096,
9.0937

■ 50.8016, 28.7910,
2.0880

■ 35.7674, -25.3708,
10.0622

■ 52.4560, 33.6828,
2.3998

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.3652, -5.3379, 4.4598



40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752



40.3652, -5.8271, 0.6710

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.3652, -6.1025, 2.6758



40.3652, -0.5698, -1.5237



40.3652, 0.3243, 5.1528

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752



37.9570, 2.1168, 1.6970

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.3652, 1.6513, 3.6660



40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752



40.3652, 1.1277, -0.2045

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



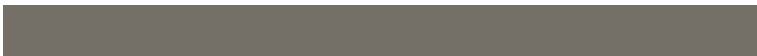
40.3652, -6.1025, 2.6758



40.3652, -2.6610, -1.8222



40.3652, 1.9483, 1.7126



40.3652, -1.6484, 5.8415

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752



40.3652, -5.0880, -0.5153



40.3652, 1.9483, 1.7126



40.3652, 0.8623, 4.7336

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.3652, -6.1025, 2.6758



54.9818, -4.5312, 3.1632



40.4719, -6.1375, 6.0323



26.8074, -2.3893, 1.5632



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.3652, -6.1025, 2.6758



53.6513, -9.5490, 3.7656



39.9712, -4.6786, 0.4880



20.3359, -2.8136, 1.3122



38.2367, -27.1587, 10.8354



84.3109, -60.5496, 25.3279

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.9570, 2.1168, 1.6970



49.5462, 4.4691, 2.1009



38.3237, 0.7040, 3.7746



19.2851, 0.7723, 0.8847



20.7982, 36.3810, 7.5208



45.7549, 79.7327, 18.8992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

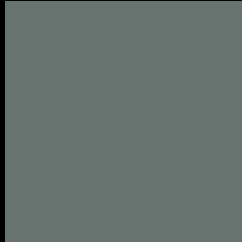
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

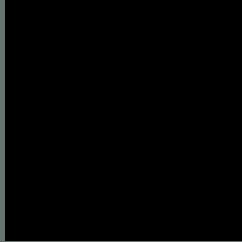
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

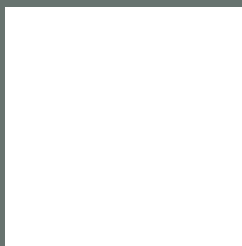
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.3643, -6.1017,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752

Protanopia

40.4194, -1.7322, 3.6533

Deuteranopia

40.3956, 2.4901, 2.4360



Tritanopia

40.2724, -2.9119, -2.3424

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752

Protanomaly

40.3925, -3.1840, 3.1805

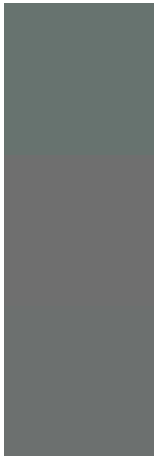
Deuteranomaly

40.3134, -0.5382, 2.2864

Tritanomaly

40.3555, -4.2910, -0.3895

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

39.9051, -3.4183, 2.1851

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 115, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 115, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 115, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 115, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 115, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 115, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 115, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 115, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 115, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 115,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.3643, -6.1017, 2.6752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 115, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
115, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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