

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.3900, -25.8658,  
6.7432)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.3900, -25.8658,  
6.7432) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(40.2497,  
-25.7047, 6.5917)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0F7F64
RGB	15, 127, 100
RGB Percent	6%, 50%, 39%
CMY	0.9411, 0.5020, 0.6078
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 0.21, 0.50
HSL	166°, 79%, 28%
HSV	166°, 88%, 50%
XYZ	10.0866, 16.2004, 14.6519
YIQ	90.4340, -58.0850, -32.1410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

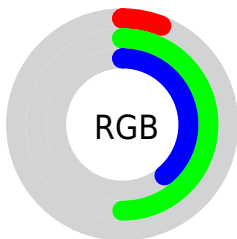
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	15, 79, 127
Decimal	1015652
CIE Lab	47.24, -35.85, 6.54
CIE LCh	47, 36.440, 169.661
Yxy	16.2010, 0.2464, 0.3957
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279205732 (0xFF0F7F64)
YUV	90.4340, 4.7160, -66.1556
Hunter-Lab	40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917

# Details

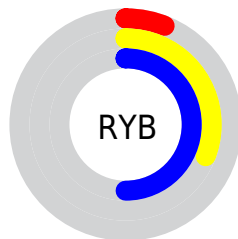
The HunterLab color **40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **22.4082, 35.2001, 8.6261**, and the grayscale version is **32.1353, -1.7147, 1.7460**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.9271, -31.3955, 8.5019**, and **23.5898, -16.3383, 5.7845** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.0701, -26.5853, 7.5137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.5001, -24.5450, 5.7167**.

# Distribution



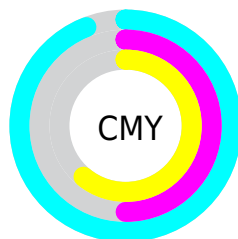
- Red (6%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.2497, -25.7047,  
6.5917

40.2497, -25.7047,  
6.5917

151.8305,  
-47.8160, 15.3649

31.0910, -22.7211,  
5.6843

60.7839, -31.1725,  
8.4326

22.7561, -19.4837,  
4.7759

72.0603, -33.7332,  
9.3725

15.3373, -15.8725,  
3.8527

83.9589, -36.2112,  
10.3279

8.9509, -15.6641,  
3.5160

96.4487, -38.6227,  
11.3000

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.5028,  
-40.9802, 12.2894

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.0980,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-43.2934, 13.2966

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.2134,  
-45.5700, 14.3217

■ 40.2497, -25.7047,  
6.5917

■ 40.2497, -25.7047,  
6.5917

■ 40.0701, -26.5853,  
7.5137

■ 40.5001, -24.5450,  
5.7167

■ 40.0386, -26.7399,  
7.6790

■ 40.8434, -23.0145,  
4.9210

■ 41.2883, -21.0935,  
4.2206

■ 41.8405, -18.7755,  
3.6279

■ 42.5035, -16.0657,  
3.1528

■ 43.2793, -12.9786,  
2.8018

■ 44.1679, -9.5362,  
2.5787

■ 45.1686, -5.7658,  
2.4847

■ 46.2791, -1.6985,  
2.5186

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.2505, -20.9706, 15.6702



40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917



40.2505, -24.8305, -7.5973

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2505, -25.7050, 6.5921



40.2505, 7.4855, -30.8757



40.2505, 17.1573, 17.4201

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917



22.4082, 35.2001, 8.6261

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.2505, 27.0248, 10.0078



40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917



40.2505, 20.9255, -18.5856

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2505, -25.7050, 6.5921



40.2505, -6.9484, -32.7901



40.2505, 28.4923, -2.7712



40.2505, 2.8846, 20.3179



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917



40.2505, -21.1387, -18.2366



40.2505, 28.4923, -2.7712



40.2505, 21.1789, 15.5245

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2505, -25.7050, 6.5921



58.0912, -16.6776, 3.6912



39.6579, -30.3668, 23.2293



27.9526, -8.6816, 1.8395



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2505, -25.7050, 6.5921



53.5561, -35.9194, 10.5992



32.4936, -10.2238, -16.7948



22.0674, -2.9989, 1.2181



40.2080, -26.8549, 7.7156

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.4082, 35.2001, 8.6261



28.6931, 49.6708, 14.4091



25.0498, 25.3053, 14.8082



20.8805, 0.7911, 1.1654



21.5594, 37.3736, 10.4234

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

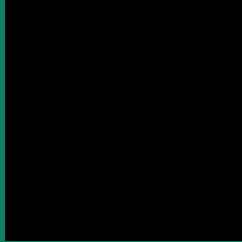
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917.

-25.7047, 6.5917.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917

### Protanopia

39.9914, -2.6429, 9.5849

### Deuteranopia

40.1056, 2.4457, 5.3942



## Tritanopia

40.4114, -16.6945, -7.9477

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917

## Protanomaly

39.1128, -14.5034, 7.4357

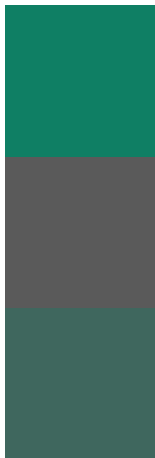
## Deuteranomaly

38.9513, -11.6826, 4.2648

## Tritanomaly

40.1284, -20.1621, -2.3529

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917

## Achromatopsia

31.9753, -1.7061, 1.7373

## Achromatomaly

34.0080, -12.6921, 2.2711

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 127, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(15, 127, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 127, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 127, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 127, 100) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 127, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 127, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 127, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 127, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 127,  
100) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.2497, -25.7047, 6.5917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 127, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 127,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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