

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.3909, -28.1718,
17.4412)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.3909, -28.1718,
17.4412) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.3867,
-28.1909, 17.4888)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 2B803F |
| RGB | 43, 128, 63 |
| RGB Percent | 17%, 50%, 25% |
| CMY | 0.8314, 0.4980, 0.7529 |
| CMYK | 0.66, 0.00, 0.51, 0.50 |
| HSL | 134°, 50%, 34% |
| HSV | 134°, 66%, 50% |
| XYZ | 9.6127, 16.3109, 7.3443 |
| YIQ | 95.1750, -29.7950, -38.2350 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

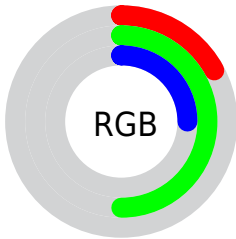
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 43, 112, 128 |
| Decimal | 2850879 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 47.38, -40.23, 27.86 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 47, 48.940, 145.297 |
| Yxy | 16.3115, 0.2889, 0.4903 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281040959 (0xFF2B803F) |
| YUV | 95.1750, -15.8623, -45.7575 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 |

Details

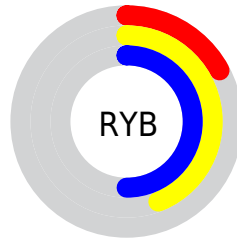
The HunterLab color $40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006633 . A complement of this color would be $27.2029, 34.2419, -13.5614$, and the grayscale version is $33.9594, -1.8120, 1.8451$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.0560, -34.3495, 22.1353$, and $23.4291, -19.4738, 12.7540$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.9713, -30.1678, 19.0677$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $40.9296, -25.6822, 15.6928$.

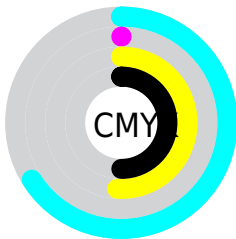
Distribution



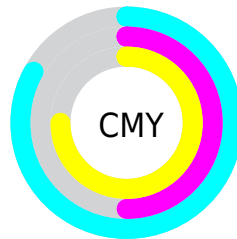
- Red (17%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

40.3867, -28.1909,
17.4888

40.3867, -28.1909,
17.4888

152.0438,
-52.4081, 36.1469

31.2168, -24.8755,
15.0202

60.9411, -34.2363,
22.0449

22.8695, -21.2649,
12.3611

72.2267, -37.0537,
24.1914

15.4367, -17.2239,
10.2407

84.1340, -39.7721,
26.2764

9.0392, -15.8186,
6.3275

96.6320, -42.4104,
28.3129

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.6941,
-44.9830, 30.3112

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.2968,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-47.5012, 32.2791

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.4195,
-49.9738, 34.2226

■ 40.3867, -28.1909,
17.4888

■ 40.3867, -28.1909,
17.4888

■ 39.9713, -30.1678,
19.0677

■ 40.9296, -25.6822,
15.6928

■ 39.6730, -31.6257,
20.4156

■ 41.6026, -22.6444,
13.6972

■ 39.4742, -32.6302,
21.5205

■ 42.4091, -19.0978,
11.5245

■ 39.4124, -32.9415,
21.8493

■ 43.3495, -15.0747,
9.1998

■ 44.4225, -10.6158,
6.7492

■ 45.6251, -5.7673,
4.1990

■ 46.9533, -0.5776,
1.5736

■ 48.4022, 4.9053,
-1.1045

■ 49.9663, 10.6358,
-3.8155

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.3875, -16.7188, 22.7765



40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888



40.3875, -32.6953, 4.9664

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.3875, -28.1914, 17.4891



40.3875, -5.1323, -50.6151



40.3875, 36.8195, 14.4853

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888



27.2029, 34.2419, -13.5614

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.3875, 41.4858, -0.7805



40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888



40.3875, 14.8136, -44.0270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.3875, -28.1914, 17.4891



40.3875, -21.0567, -38.5050



40.3875, 32.7943, -23.2623



40.3875, 21.0188, 21.6953

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888



40.3875, -31.8930, -8.1783



40.3875, 32.7943, -23.2623



40.3875, 39.8539, 10.3912

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.3875, -28.1914, 17.4891



58.3446, -16.5503, 10.2915



43.3730, -16.8027, 23.3077



28.0686, -8.6841, 5.3516



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.3875, -28.1914, 17.4891



52.8030, -41.1631, 26.3111



41.2061, -23.2346, 5.6241



21.9865, -3.4500, 2.3754



39.2453, -32.8002, 21.7529

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.2029, 34.2419, -13.5614



33.0343, 53.3019, -19.5532



25.8973, 28.7065, 4.7771



20.9658, 1.2497, -0.0492



23.2872, 43.6262, -13.9925

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.3867,

-28.1909, 17.4888.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888

Protanopia

40.1182, -4.7966, 18.9159

Deuteranopia

40.1044, 2.3344, 16.6679



Tritanopia

40.4267, -13.7152, -6.3027

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888

Protanomaly

39.5630, -15.6174, 17.9043

Deuteranomaly

39.3441, -11.7164, 16.2713

Tritanomaly

40.3691, -20.0615, 4.4974

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

35.6040, -13.1772, 8.0804

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 128, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 128, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 128, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 128, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 128, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 128, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 128, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 128, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 128, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 128,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.3867, -28.1909, 17.4888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 128, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 128,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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