

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.4480, 72.0741,  
-112.4934)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.4480, 72.0741,  
-112.4934) contains.

<b>HunterLab(40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(40.4474, 72.0732,  
-112.4957)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9933FF
RGB	153, 51, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 20%, 100%
CMY	0.4000, 0.8000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.80, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	270°, 100%, 60%
HSV	270°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	32.3706, 16.3599, 96.0593
YIQ	104.7540, -4.6920, 85.0680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

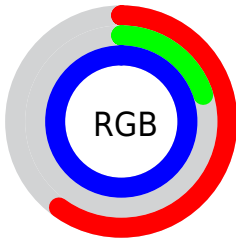
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	153, 51, 255
Decimal	10040319
CIE Lab	47.44, 75.71, -82.43
CIE LCh	47, 111.926, 312.567
Yxy	16.3604, 0.2236, 0.1130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288230399 (0xFF9933FF)
YUV	104.7540, 74.0713, 42.3117
Hunter-Lab	40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957

# Details

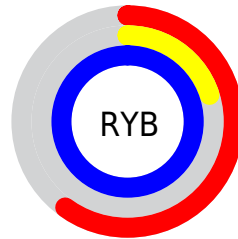
The HunterLab color **40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9933FF**. The color can be described as light washed purple. A complement of this color would be **88.6177, -55.3874, 51.5407**, and the grayscale version is **37.2220, -1.9861, 2.0223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.1559, 60.3684, -61.8641**, and **24.9096, 58.8413, -109.3512** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.7892, 77.6197, -128.4430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.3194, 63.8371, -94.7293**.

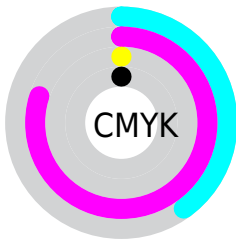
# Distribution



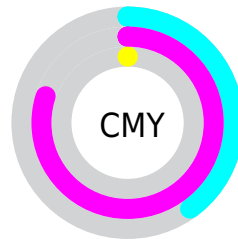
- Red (60%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.4474, 72.0732,  
-112.4957

40.4474, 72.0732,  
-112.4957

152.1378, 91.0499,  
-115.1027

31.2722, 69.7200,  
-115.4038

61.0104, 76.8339,  
-110.5803

22.9195, 67.5816,  
-121.0847

72.3001, 79.1291,  
-110.6165

15.4806, 66.0959,  
-132.4896

84.2112, 81.3405,  
-111.0031

9.0779, 66.6899,  
-158.4704

96.7129, 83.4618,  
-111.6173

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

109.7784, 85.4917,  
-112.3796

0.0000, NaN, -NF

123.3845, 87.4313,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-113.2371

137.5105, 89.2830,  
-114.1532

■ 40.4474, 72.0732,  
-112.4957

■ 40.4474, 72.0732,  
-112.4957

■ 36.7892, 77.6197,  
-128.4430

■ 45.3194, 63.8371,  
-94.7293

■ 34.3088, 79.7984,  
-140.9563

■ 51.2322, 54.1590,  
-76.9705

■ 34.3088, 79.7984,  
-140.9564

■ 57.9978, 43.9366,  
-60.2085

■ 65.4524, 33.6629,  
-44.7796

■ 73.4669, 23.5582,  
-30.6689

■ 81.9429, 13.6939,  
-17.7212

■ 90.8060, 4.0717,  
-5.7467

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.4480, 17.8535, -180.1767



40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957



40.4480, 113.7068, -29.9263

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.4480, 72.0740, -112.4936



40.4480, 26.3058, 28.3136



40.4480, -55.9229, -19.4085

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957



88.6177, -55.3874, 51.5407

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.4480, -55.2450, 19.6064



40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957



40.4480, -18.9091, 28.3136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.4480, 72.0740, -112.4936



40.4480, 80.4826, 27.6897



40.4480, -44.8339, 28.3136



40.4480, -47.3907, -98.2059



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957



40.4480, 121.1240, 5.6291



40.4480, -44.8339, 28.3136



40.4480, -56.6095, -1.5546

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.4480, 72.0740, -112.4936



78.5023, 17.6097, -22.7728



55.4133, 2.2622, -67.0416



34.9266, 9.7763, -12.6828

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.4480, 72.0740, -112.4936



35.2078, 79.1843, -136.2384



55.5407, 97.1583, -65.0695



42.2184, 1.6659, -2.3944



24.9787, 57.8796, -100.9343



8.2002, 18.5224, -29.4245



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.9190, 79.7664, -2.3168



48.1287, 84.7347, 3.9842



85.1251, -69.8675, 49.0491



42.5894, 2.5367, 1.0495



34.5635, 61.6143, 3.5500

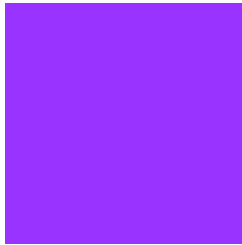


10.8868, 19.5955, -0.3416



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

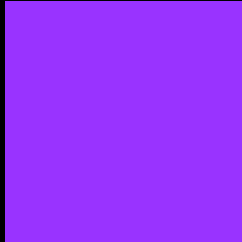
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

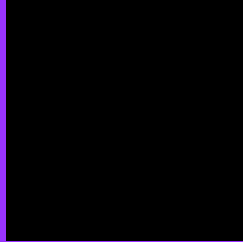
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957.

-112.4957.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957

### Protanopia

40.7363, 14.6461, -82.5336

### Deuteranopia

40.3642, 1.0417, -52.7004



## Tritanopia

40.2455, 3.5654, 0.5197

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957



## Protanomaly

37.4075, 32.6119, -104.5856



## Deuteranomaly

36.8198, 23.3755, -83.7115



## Tritanomaly

38.3076, 27.1553, -32.5035

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957



## Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421



## Achromatomaly

36.2941, 23.1416, -31.5603

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 51, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 51, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 51, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 51, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 51, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 51, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 51, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 51, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 51, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 51,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.4474, 72.0732, -112.4957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 51, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 51,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor