

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.4535, -8.6881,  
0.8847)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.4535, -8.6881, 0.8847)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(40.4228, -8.6010,  
0.9677)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E7573
RGB	94, 117, 115
RGB Percent	37%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.6314, 0.5412, 0.5490
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.02, 0.54
HSL	175°, 11%, 41%
HSV	175°, 20%, 46%
XYZ	14.0719, 16.3400, 18.6319
YIQ	109.8950, -13.0660, -5.4980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

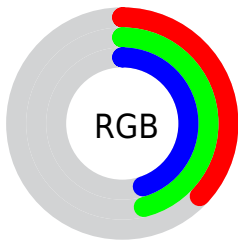
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	94, 106, 117
Decimal	6190451
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.42, -8.84, -1.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 9.003, 190.847
Yxy	16.3407, 0.2869, 0.3332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284380531 (0xFF5E7573)
YUV	109.8950, 2.5168, -13.9399
Hunter-Lab	40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677

# Details

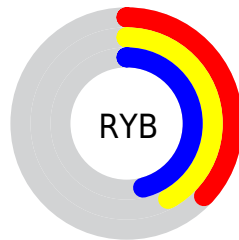
The HunterLab color  $40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $35.5419, 5.3543, 3.5328$ , and the grayscale version is  $39.4424, -2.1045, 2.1430$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $60.9801, -10.5861, 1.8443$ , and  $22.9474, -6.6044, 0.3043$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $39.6800, -11.3926, 0.4718$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $41.2680, -5.5063, 1.5857$ .

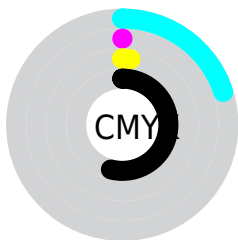
# Distribution



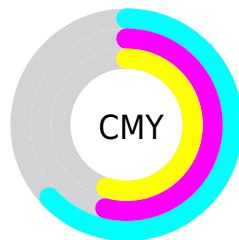
- Red (37%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.4228, -8.6010,  
0.9677

■ 40.4228, -8.6010,  
0.9677

152.0999,  
-18.3378, 6.3802

■ 31.2499, -7.5458,  
0.5670

■ 60.9825, -10.7042,  
1.9116

■ 22.8993, -6.4740,  
0.2198

■ 72.2705, -11.7618,  
2.4459

■ 15.4629, -5.3667,  
-0.0651

■ 84.1801, -12.8278,  
3.0182

■ 9.0623, -4.7359,  
-0.2870

■ 96.6803, -13.9044,  
3.6261

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.7445,  
-14.9928, 4.2678

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.3492,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.0941, 4.9416

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.4738,  
-17.2089, 5.6462

■ 40.4228, -8.6010,  
0.9677

■ 40.4228, -8.6010,  
0.9677

■ 39.6800, -11.3926,  
0.4718

■ 41.2680, -5.5063,  
1.5857

■ 39.0373, -13.8584,  
0.1001

■ 42.2116, -2.1310,  
2.3184

■ 38.4949, -15.9839,  
-0.1454

■ 43.2522, 1.4975,  
3.1596

■ 38.0504, -17.7610,  
-0.2656

■ 44.3872, 5.3516,  
4.1015

■ 37.7003, -19.1900,  
-0.2645

■ 45.6129, 9.4037,  
5.1357

■ 37.4388, -20.2813,  
-0.1492

■ 46.9259, 13.6276,  
6.2541

■ 37.2586, -21.0568,  
0.0696

■ 48.3221, 17.9989,  
7.4484

■ 37.1271, -21.6406,  
0.3490

■ 49.7975, 22.4951,  
8.7106

■ 37.1226, -21.6604,  
0.3585

■ 51.3480, 27.0963,  
10.0336

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.4236, -8.3635, 4.2587



40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677



40.4236, -7.1586, -2.2470

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.4236, -8.6017, 0.9683



40.4236, 2.3693, -2.9861



40.4236, 0.0884, 7.8286

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677



35.5419, 5.3543, 3.5328

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.4236, 3.0960, 6.1936



40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677



40.4236, 4.4437, 0.0277

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.4236, -8.6017, 0.9683



40.4236, -0.8758, -4.6567



40.4236, 4.7141, 3.3948



40.4236, -3.4265, 8.0334



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677



40.4236, -5.4076, -3.8440



40.4236, 4.7141, 3.3948



40.4236, 1.1954, 7.4351

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.4236, -8.6017, 0.9683



55.6499, -5.8266, 2.4483



40.0431, -11.0660, 8.8005



26.6560, -2.8941, 1.1525



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.4236, -8.6017, 0.9683



53.5821, -13.4159, 0.9455



37.8781, -4.2284, -3.0779



20.3717, -2.6150, 0.8025



38.9638, -22.7441, 0.3967



85.9762, -50.4304, 1.4019



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5419, 5.3543, 3.5328



45.4655, 9.8434, 5.2327



37.8562, 0.8360, 6.7556



19.2498, 0.5823, 1.3878



20.4700, 35.1696, 12.3425



45.1248, 77.4038, 28.1802



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

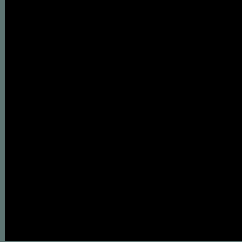
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

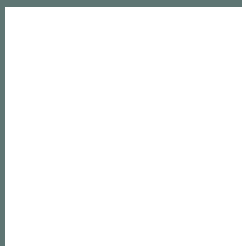
Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.4228, -8.6010,

0.9677.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677

### Protanopia

40.4173, -1.5769, 2.3902

### Deuteranopia

40.3566, 2.6425, 0.1886



## Tritanopia

40.5688, -6.0042, -3.4623

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677

## Protanomaly

40.4384, -4.2847, 1.9372

## Deuteranomaly

40.2850, -1.8100, 0.4738

## Tritanomaly

40.3784, -6.9341, -1.8018

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677

## Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

## Achromatomaly

39.9038, -4.7965, 1.7281

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 117, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 117, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 117, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 117, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 117, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 117, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 117, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 117, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 117, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 117,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.4228, -8.6010, 0.9677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 117, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 117,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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