

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.4753, -6.1788,  
-37.2523)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.4753, -6.1788,  
-37.2523) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(40.5565, -6.1279,  
-37.4638)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0077B3
RGB	0, 119, 179
RGB Percent	0%, 47%, 70%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5333, 0.2980
CMYK	1.00, 0.34, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	200°, 100%, 35%
HSV	200°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	14.7335, 16.4483, 45.0461
YIQ	90.2590, -90.1840, -6.5680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

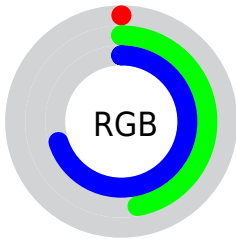
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 71, 179
Decimal	30643
CIELab	47.56, -5.36, -39.44
CIELCh	48, 39.807, 262.260
Yxy	16.4488, 0.1933, 0.2158
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220723 (0xFF0077B3)
YUV	90.2590, 43.7493, -79.1571
Hunter-Lab	40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638

# Details

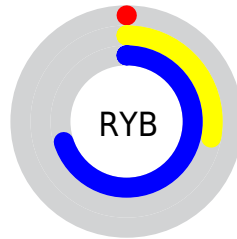
The HunterLab color **40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **35.8037, 38.0926, 22.7273**, and the grayscale version is **31.9423, -1.7044, 1.7355**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1550, -7.8634, -38.6547**, and **24.5211, 0.9041, -32.6009** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.5536, -6.1231, -37.4705**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.4858, -8.3089, -33.4824**.

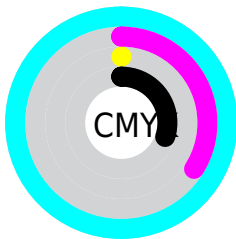
# Distribution



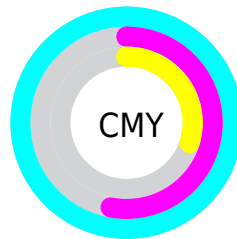
- Red (0%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.5565, -6.1279,  
-37.4638

40.5565, -6.1279,  
-37.4638

152.3075,  
-14.3632, -42.5279

31.3724, -5.2984,  
-36.9105

61.1356, -7.8285,  
-38.7753

23.0098, -4.4786,  
-36.5982

72.4325, -8.7049,  
-39.4313

15.5598, -3.6589,  
-36.8849

84.3505, -9.6000,  
-40.0574

9.1472, -3.0425,  
-38.8688

96.8588, -10.5140,  
-40.6439

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

109.9307,  
-11.4473, -41.1858

0.0000, NaN, -NF

123.5428,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.4000, -41.6808

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.6746,  
-13.3720, -42.1282

■ 40.5565, -6.1279,  
-37.4638

■ 40.5565, -6.1279,  
-37.4638

■ 40.5536, -6.1231,  
-37.4705

■ 42.4858, -8.3089,  
-33.4824

■ 44.5648, -9.9959,  
-29.4543

■ 46.8232, -11.0714,  
-25.3448

■ 49.2594, -11.5373,  
-21.1810

■ 51.8671, -11.4190,  
-16.9913

■ 54.6376, -10.7558,  
-12.8005

■ 57.5609, -9.5932,  
-8.6284

■ 60.6269, -7.9790,  
-4.4894

■ 63.8255, -5.9593,  
-0.3929

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.5571, -18.9407, -27.4583



40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638



40.5571, 9.8328, -34.0710

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5571, -6.1273, -37.4629



40.5571, 29.4930, 11.5970



40.5571, -23.2645, 16.0767

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638



35.8037, 38.0926, 22.7273

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.5571, -12.9144, 20.7314



40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638



40.5571, 17.8739, 18.9102

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5571, -6.1273, -37.4629



40.5571, 32.0394, -1.8262



40.5571, 1.9530, 21.5248



40.5571, -27.8134, 5.8655



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638



40.5571, 20.0401, -25.0955



40.5571, 1.9530, 21.5248



40.5571, -20.4304, 18.1563

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5571, -6.1273, -37.4629



76.8215, -12.9357, -11.8396



57.0645, -46.9114, 29.9446



35.3824, -6.4238, -6.6665



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5571, -6.1273, -37.4629



53.8742, -7.5707, -50.9951



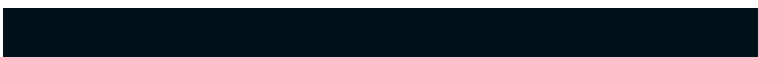
20.4364, 39.3343, -110.4493



30.2357, -2.7442, -0.0582



34.2710, -5.4292, -31.1155



6.8684, -2.1283, -3.9905



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.0400, 60.6076, -9.8993



44.1653, 80.9361, -12.5592



55.7973, -3.7028, 34.3162



29.3212, 1.8127, 0.1863



27.7953, 51.0306, -8.6303



5.0339, 9.4216, -2.9556



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

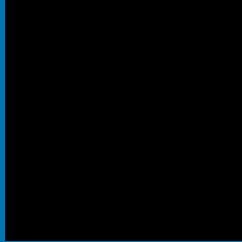
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638

### Protanopia

40.4408, 5.7505, -32.2012

### Deuteranopia

40.6976, 3.3119, -38.5518



## Tritanopia

40.4827, -19.5351, -8.4292

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638

## Protanomaly

39.7554, -0.4810, -35.9974

## Deuteranomaly

40.1716, -1.4464, -39.0019

## Tritanomaly

40.4573, -15.2613, -17.6232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638

## Achromatopsia

31.9753, -1.7061, 1.7373

## Achromatomaly

34.0329, -7.8746, -11.2439

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 119, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 119, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 119, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 119, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 119, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 119, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 119, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 119, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 119, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 119,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.5565, -6.1279, -37.4638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 119, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 119,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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