

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.5079, -2.5949,
-9.1772)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.5079, -2.5949,
-9.1772) contains.

HunterLab(40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(40.5079, -2.5949,
-9.1772)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	627288
RGB	98, 114, 136
RGB Percent	38%, 45%, 53%
CMY	0.6157, 0.5529, 0.4667
CMYK	0.28, 0.16, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	215°, 16%, 46%
HSV	215°, 28%, 53%
XYZ	15.4983, 16.4089, 25.6430
YIQ	111.7240, -16.5980, 3.4500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

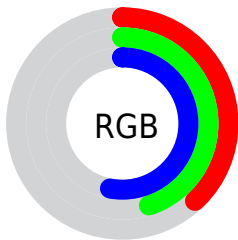
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 109, 136
Decimal	6451848
CIE _{Lab}	47.51, -0.57, -14.01
CIE _{LCh}	48, 14.026, 267.653
Yxy	16.4096, 0.2693, 0.2851
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284641928 (0xFF627288)
YUV	111.7240, 11.9681, -12.0359
Hunter-Lab	40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772

Details

The HunterLab color $40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44.2145, -0.3682, 11.7425$, and the grayscale version is $40.1081, -2.1401, 2.1791$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.1033, -4.0550, -9.1348$, and $22.9051, -1.5604, -8.7028$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37.4376, -2.0851, -13.8567$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.6863, -2.8227, -4.7427$.

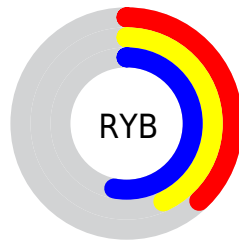
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (45%)

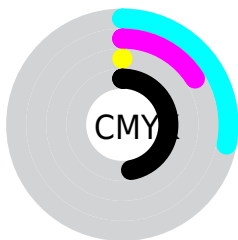
Blue (53%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (53%)

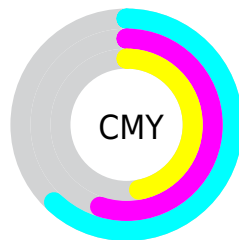


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.5079, -2.5949,
-9.1772

■ 40.5079, -2.5949,
-9.1772

■ 152.2322, -8.8030,
-8.1664

■ 31.3280, -2.0695,
-8.9828

■ 61.0801, -3.7578,
-9.3469

■ 22.9697, -1.5839,
-8.7103

■ 72.3738, -4.3899,
-9.3348

■ 15.5247, -1.1422,
-8.3612

■ 84.2887, -5.0537,
-9.2644

■ 9.1165, -0.7615,
-7.9824

■ 96.7940, -5.7477,
-9.1399

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 109.8631, -6.4707,
-8.9649

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 123.4726, -7.2216,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.7425

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.6018, -7.9993,
-8.4756

■ 40.5079, -2.5949,
-9.1772

■ 40.5079, -2.5949,
-9.1772

■ 37.4376, -2.0851,
-13.8567

■ 43.6863, -2.8227,
-4.7427

■ 34.4862, -1.2430,
-18.8175

■ 46.9589, -2.8081,
-0.5227

■ 31.6708, -0.0133,
-24.0908

■ 50.3174, -2.5864,
3.5136

■ 29.0102, 1.6649,
-29.7000

■ 53.7537, -2.1862,
7.3926

■ 26.5264, 3.8515,
-35.6498

■ 57.2612, -1.6314,
11.1373

■ 24.2434, 6.5933,
-41.9114

■ 60.8341, -0.9418,
14.7676

■ 22.1634, 9.8373,
-48.4822

■ 64.4677, -0.1339,
18.3003

■ 21.7493, 10.5280,
-49.9117

■ 68.1577, 0.7784,
21.7498

■ 71.9005, 1.7836,
25.1284

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.5087, -7.6627, -7.2373



40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772



40.5087, 2.8570, -7.7452

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5087, -2.5954, -9.1764



40.5087, 7.6254, 6.5974



40.5087, -10.7080, 7.2220

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772



44.2145, -0.3682, 11.7425

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.5087, -6.9511, 10.1350



40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772



40.5087, 3.6454, 9.8096

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5087, -2.5954, -9.1764



40.5087, 8.9418, 1.7912



40.5087, -1.7300, 11.0160



40.5087, -12.1882, 2.6145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772



40.5087, 5.9438, -5.1658



40.5087, -1.7300, 11.0160



40.5087, -9.6797, 8.4074

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5087, -2.5954, -9.1764



62.2356, -3.7316, -0.8216



46.4221, -15.0888, 5.8348



29.6626, -1.8048, -0.7550



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5087, -2.5954, -9.1764



50.9880, -3.0296, -16.3665



36.4050, 5.5572, -15.4053



22.8382, -1.3843, -0.5047



21.2009, 10.1503, -48.4108



2.4041, -0.4018, -2.1375

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9679, 12.2373, 0.0032



48.6589, 21.1737, -0.5018



48.4924, -8.4597, 15.6039



22.5416, 1.0525, 0.8088



22.8866, 40.4345, 5.1728



1.9395, 3.5641, -0.6277

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

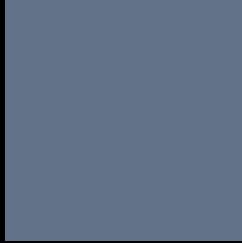
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

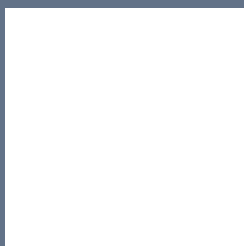
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772.



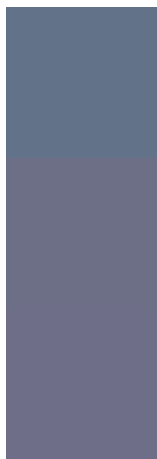
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772.

-9.1772.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772

Protanopia

40.3463, 0.9414, -8.2664

Deuteranopia

40.4197, 2.7807, -9.7609



Tritanopia

40.5688, -6.0042, -3.4623

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772

Protanomaly

40.3493, -0.3768, -8.8251

Deuteranomaly

40.2979, 0.9872, -9.9723

Tritanomaly

40.4819, -4.6014, -5.5540

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772

Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Achromatomaly

40.3937, -2.5492, -1.7055

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 114, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 114, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 114, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 114, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 114, 136) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 114, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 114, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 114, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 114, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 114,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.5079, -2.5949, -9.1772 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 114, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 114,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor