

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.6019, -7.5634,
0.2375)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.6019, -7.5634, 0.2375)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.6796, -7.5556,
0.4054)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	617575
RGB	97, 117, 117
RGB Percent	38%, 46%, 46%
CMY	0.6196, 0.5412, 0.5412
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	180°, 9%, 42%
HSV	180°, 17%, 46%
XYZ	14.5019, 16.5483, 19.2594
YIQ	111.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

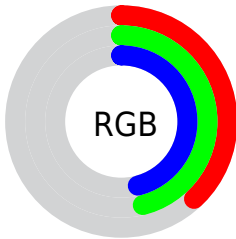
Format	Color
R _Y B	97, 107, 117
Decimal	6387061
CIE Lab	47.69, -7.33, -2.46
CIE LCh	48, 7.735, 198.580
Yxy	16.5490, 0.2883, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284577141 (0xFF617575)
YUV	111.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955
Hunter-Lab	40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054

Details

The HunterLab color $40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $36.3247, 4.0932, 3.9943$, and the grayscale version is $39.8706, -2.1274, 2.1662$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.2670, -9.4346, 1.2623$, and $23.1604, -5.7122, -0.2419$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.9411, -10.2519, -0.5503$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.5209, -4.5537, 1.4726$.

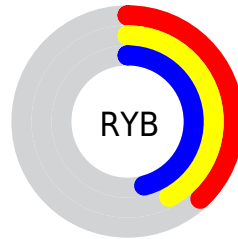
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (46%)

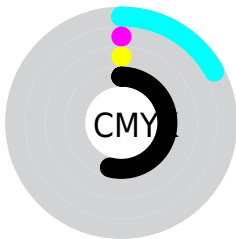
Blue (46%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (46%)

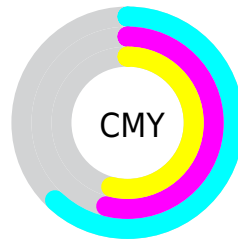


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.6796, -7.5556,
0.4054

■ 40.6796, -7.5556,
0.4054

152.4991,
-16.6407, 5.5283

■ 31.4856, -6.5997,
0.0467

■ 61.2770, -9.4839,
1.2736

■ 23.1119, -5.6384,
-0.2550

■ 72.5821, -10.4627,
1.7732

■ 15.6495, -4.6580,
-0.4896

■ 84.5079, -11.4544,
2.3124

■ 9.2247, -3.9559,
-0.6461

■ 97.0236, -12.4605,
2.8888

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.1025,
-13.4816, 3.5002

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.7215,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.5185, 4.1450

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.8598,
-15.5714, 4.8214

■ 40.6796, -7.5556,
0.4054

■ 40.6796, -7.5556,
0.4054

■ 39.9411, -10.2519,
-0.5503

■ 41.5209, -4.5537,
1.4726

■ 39.3033, -12.6204,
-1.3897

■ 42.4611, -1.2684,
2.6411

■ 38.7664, -14.6469,
-2.1071

■ 43.4987, 2.2734,
3.9026

■ 38.3284, -16.3234,
-2.7001

■ 44.6308, 6.0443,
5.2478

■ 37.9856, -17.6501,
-3.1690

■ 45.8542, 10.0171,
6.6672

■ 37.7328, -18.6370,
-3.5174

■ 47.1649, 14.1657,
8.1519

■ 37.5630, -19.3045,
-3.7529

■ 48.5591, 18.4657,
9.6934

■ 37.4557, -19.7279,
-3.9020

■ 50.0327, 22.8948,
11.2840

■ 37.4264, -19.8437,
-3.9428

■ 51.5817, 27.4330,
12.9165

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.6804, -7.7348, 3.2979



40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054



40.6804, -5.9608, -2.1710

Triad

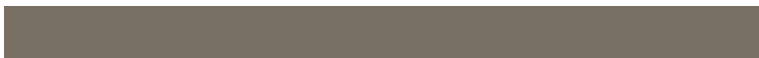
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6804, -7.5563, 0.4060



40.6804, 2.2951, -1.6309



40.6804, -1.0113, 7.2872

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054



36.3247, 4.0932, 3.9943

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6804, 1.7592, 6.1600



40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054



40.6804, 3.7051, 1.1002

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6804, -7.5563, 0.4060



40.6804, -0.2971, -3.4051



40.6804, 3.5061, 3.9433



40.6804, -4.0151, 7.1314

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054



40.6804, -4.2815, -3.2982



40.6804, 3.5061, 3.9433



40.6804, -0.0203, 7.0493

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6804, -7.5563, 0.4060



55.7978, -5.2583, 2.2674



40.1822, -10.4156, 7.8901



26.7228, -2.6339, 1.0472



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6804, -7.5563, 0.4060



53.9795, -11.7683, -0.0447



37.9622, -3.2683, -2.9511



20.3845, -2.5438, 0.6197



39.2840, -20.8287, -4.1385



86.7200, -45.9799, -9.1351

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.3247, 4.0932, 3.9943



46.6828, 7.7863, 5.9796



38.8479, -0.3597, 6.6708



19.2376, 0.5164, 1.5621



20.4129, 34.9578, 13.1894



45.0617, 77.1697, 29.1170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

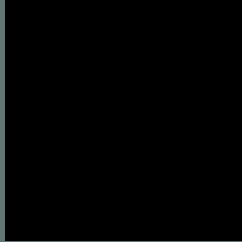
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6796, -7.5556,

0.4054.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054

Protanopia

40.4730, -1.2728, 1.5960

Deuteranopia

40.6801, 2.4863, -0.3264



Tritanopia

40.7727, -5.2775, -3.1821

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054

Protanomaly

40.5716, -3.7030, 1.2324

Deuteranomaly

40.6977, -1.6711, 0.0789

Tritanomaly

40.6111, -6.0391, -1.9624

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

40.0833, -4.1060, 1.5185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 117, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 117, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 117, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 117, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 117, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 117, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 117, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 117, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 117, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 117,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.6796, -7.5556, 0.4054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 117, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 117,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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