

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.6254, 2.2881,
-1.9884)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.6254, 2.2881, -1.9884)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.5943, 2.3776,
-1.8366)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 776E7A |
| RGB | 119, 110, 122 |
| RGB Percent | 47%, 43%, 48% |
| CMY | 0.5333, 0.5686, 0.5216 |
| CMYK | 0.02, 0.10, 0.00, 0.52 |
| HSL | 285°, 5%, 45% |
| HSV | 285°, 10%, 48% |
| XYZ | 16.6966, 16.4790, 20.7132 |
| YIQ | 114.0590, 1.5120, 5.6400 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

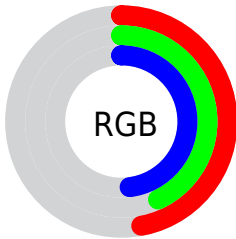
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 119, 110, 122 |
| Decimal | 7827066 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 47.60, 5.90, -5.37 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 48, 7.982, 317.677 |
| Yxy | 16.4797, 0.3098, 0.3058 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286017146 (0xFF776E7A) |
| YUV | 114.0590, 3.9149, 4.3333 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 |

Details

The HunterLab color $40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43.0767, -6.6611, 6.1217$, and the grayscale version is $41.0292, -2.1892, 2.2292$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.2818, 1.5632, -0.9539$, and $22.9475, 2.8091, -2.0967$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37.1663, 7.2791, -6.3440$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44.1763, -2.4328, 2.4666$.

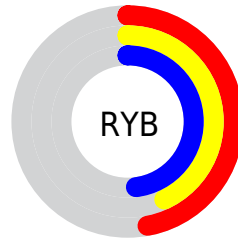
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (43%)

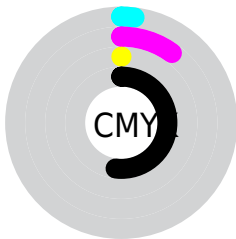
Blue (48%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (48%)

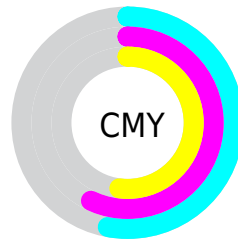


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.5943, 2.3776,
-1.8366

■ 40.5943, 2.3776,
-1.8366

■ 152.3666, -1.1631,
2.1826

■ 31.4074, 2.5114,
-2.0378

■ 61.1792, 1.9165,
-1.2548

■ 23.0413, 2.5693,
-2.1700

■ 72.4787, 1.6047,
-0.8872

■ 15.5875, 2.5342,
-2.2204

■ 84.3991, 1.2450,
-0.4738

■ 9.1712, 2.3950,
-2.1783

■ 96.9096, 0.8411,
-0.0178

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.9837, 0.3960,
0.4779

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.5979, -0.0878,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.0111

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.7317, -0.6081,
1.5799

■ 40.5943, 2.3776,
-1.8366

■ 40.5943, 2.3776,
-1.8366

■ 37.1663, 7.2791,
-6.3440

■ 44.1763, -2.4328,
2.4666

■ 33.9140, 12.2647,
-11.0775

■ 47.8902, -7.1519,
6.5889

■ 30.8686, 17.3006,
-16.0416

■ 51.7208, -11.7889,
10.5565

■ 28.0672, 22.3134,
-21.2099

■ 55.6555, -16.3544,
14.3933

■ 25.5539, 27.1663,
-26.4991

■ 59.6837, -20.8593,
18.1205

■ 23.3781, 31.6352,
-31.7377

■ 63.7967, -25.3141,
21.7561

■ 21.5886, 35.4039,
-36.6453

■ 67.9873, -29.7280,
25.3158

■ 20.2221, 38.1124,
-40.8567

■ 72.2494, -34.1093,
28.8126

■ 19.1353, 40.0539,
-44.5587

■ 76.5777, -38.4651,
32.2575

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.5952, -0.3251, -3.6304



40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366



40.5952, 3.8785, 0.9691

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5952, 2.3766, -1.8359



40.5952, -0.8762, 7.4130



40.5952, -7.7431, 0.4331

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366



43.0767, -6.6611, 6.1217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.5952, -7.8805, 3.4123



40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366



40.5952, -3.9791, 7.2934

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5952, 2.3766, -1.8359



40.5952, 1.9627, 6.2177



40.5952, -6.5215, 5.8775



40.5952, -6.1403, -2.2538

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366



40.5952, 3.9681, 2.9669



40.5952, -6.5215, 5.8775



40.5952, -7.9604, 1.4377

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5952, 2.3766, -1.8359



57.0360, -1.1748, 1.4517



40.7134, -1.6633, -1.7556



27.1097, -0.3441, 0.5002



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5952, 2.3766, -1.8359



52.7081, 4.7374, -3.8765



40.7761, 2.8166, -0.2939



20.0735, 0.9855, -0.7371



19.6053, 41.1203, -45.8243



42.3293, 89.1610, -101.8771

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5986, 1.8639, 2.2326



52.7174, 3.8915, 2.9350



42.9212, -7.0746, 4.8236



20.0748, 0.7529, 1.1007



21.1102, 36.6266, 9.9612



45.9780, 79.5223, 23.6364

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

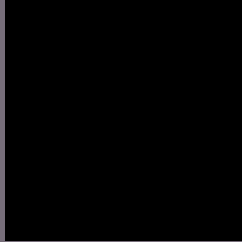
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366.

-1.8366.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366

Protanopia

40.5748, -0.3912, -2.3871

Deuteranopia

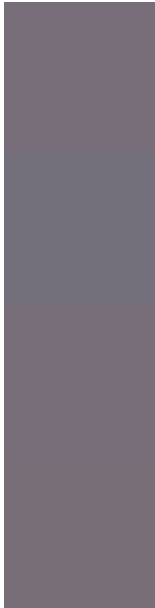
40.6818, 2.6719, -1.7196



Tritanopia

40.5040, 1.8925, -0.5560

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366

Protanomaly

40.5509, 0.9177, -2.3950

Deuteranomaly

40.6818, 2.6719, -1.7196

Tritanomaly

40.5338, 2.0527, -0.9790

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366

Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

Achromatomaly

40.9971, -0.6948, 0.9110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 110, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 110, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 110, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 110, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 110, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 110, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 110, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 110, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 110, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 110,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.5943, 2.3776, -1.8366 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 110, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
110, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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