

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.6590, -1.7510,
2.5822)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.6590, -1.7510, 2.5822)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.6909, -2.0340,
2.7020)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	727170
RGB	114, 113, 112
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.5529, 0.5569, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.55
HSL	30°, 1%, 44%
HSV	30°, 2%, 45%
XYZ	15.7692, 16.5575, 17.6940
YIQ	113.1850, 0.9170, -0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

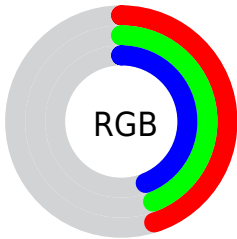
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 114, 112
Decimal	7500144
CIE Lab	47.70, 0.18, 0.68
CIE LCh	48, 0.708, 74.990
Yxy	16.5582, 0.3153, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285690224 (0xFF727170)
YUV	113.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148
Hunter-Lab	40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020

Details

The HunterLab color $40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40.5828, -2.2971, 1.7085$, and the grayscale version is $40.7102, -2.1722, 2.2119$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.3984, -3.1298, 3.8627$, and $23.0413, -1.1034, 1.6973$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38.8463, -1.0797, 5.2829$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42.5884, -2.8593, -0.0784$.

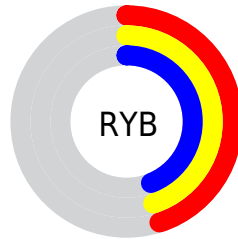
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (44%)

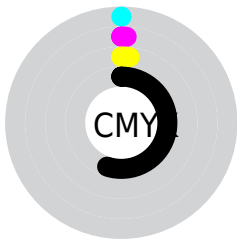
Blue (44%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (44%)

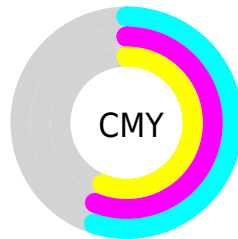


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.6909, -2.0340,
2.7020

■ 40.6909, -2.0340,
2.7020

■ 152.5167, -7.9312,
9.0622

■ 31.4960, -1.5551,
2.1617

■ 61.2900, -3.1149,
3.8960

■ 23.1213, -1.1203,
1.6613

■ 72.5959, -3.7096,
4.5442

■ 15.6577, -0.7356,
1.2050

■ 84.5224, -4.3379,
5.2245

■ 9.2318, -0.4065,
0.8096

■ 97.0387, -4.9981,
5.9354

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 110.1183, -5.6887,
6.6757

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 123.7379, -6.4085,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.4442

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.8768, -7.1563,
8.2400

■ 40.6909, -2.0340,
2.7020

■ 40.6909, -2.0340,
2.7020

■ 38.8463, -1.0797,
5.2829

■ 42.5884, -2.8593,
-0.0784

■ 37.0562, 0.0169,
7.6415

■ 44.5326, -3.5626,
-3.0413

■ 35.3260, 1.2646,
9.7554

■ 46.5211, -4.1544,
-6.1695

■ 33.6604, 2.6727,
11.6000

■ 48.5507, -4.6437,
-9.4481

■ 32.0650, 4.2488,
13.1493

■ 50.6188, -5.0389,
-12.8639

■ 30.5454, 5.9977,
14.3778

■ 52.7231, -5.3475,
-16.4055

■ 29.1076, 7.9195,
15.2620

■ 54.8613, -5.5766,
-20.0625

■ 27.7574, 10.0082,
15.7844

■ 57.0314, -5.7325,
-23.8261

■ 26.5005, 12.2476,
15.9400

■ 59.2317, -5.8211,
-27.6883

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.6918, -1.7950, 2.5725



40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020



40.6918, -2.3114, 2.7027

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6918, -2.0350, 2.7026



40.6918, -2.6880, 2.0833



40.6918, -1.7951, 1.8540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020



40.5828, -2.2971, 1.7085

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6918, -2.0352, 1.7211



40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020



40.6918, -2.5504, 1.8541

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6918, -2.0350, 2.7026



40.6918, -2.6880, 2.3463



40.6918, -2.3116, 1.7212



40.6918, -1.6562, 2.0832

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020



40.6918, -2.4792, 2.6290



40.6918, -2.3116, 1.7212



40.6918, -1.8667, 1.7965

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6918, -2.0350, 2.7026



54.1229, -2.7829, 3.3228



40.4453, -1.4257, 1.9950



26.0375, -1.3429, 1.5839



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6918, -2.0350, 2.7026



53.8683, -2.6625, 3.6883



40.9660, -2.4900, 3.0131



19.7566, -0.9864, 1.3180



26.8691, 15.0510, 16.8201



58.5125, 36.9588, 36.7022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5828, -2.2971, 1.7085



53.6994, -3.0688, 2.1476



40.3091, -1.8417, 1.3899



19.7024, -1.1168, 0.8235



21.3613, 4.2850, -35.9499



45.8322, 13.1756, -85.7286

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

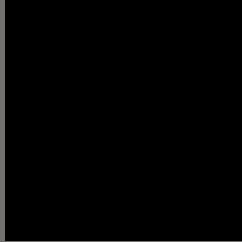
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6909, -2.0340,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020

Protanopia

40.7737, -1.7466, 2.8034

Deuteranopia

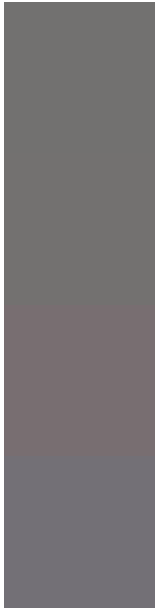
40.5150, 2.9461, 2.1542



Tritanopia

40.7599, 0.1213, -1.1947

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020

Protanomaly

40.7737, -1.7466, 2.8034

Deuteranomaly

40.4193, 1.2606, 2.0116

Tritanomaly

40.6709, -0.3618, 0.0688

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020

Achromatopsia

40.6365, -2.1683, 2.2079

Achromatomaly

40.6365, -2.1683, 2.2079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 113, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 113, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 113, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 113, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 113, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 113, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 113, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 113, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 113, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 113,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.6909, -2.0340, 2.7020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 113, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
113, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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