

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.6633, -19.2432,
-5.0580)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.6633, -19.2432,
-5.0580) contains.

HunterLab(40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(40.6606,
-19.2418, -5.0609)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	207D80
RGB	32, 125, 128
RGB Percent	13%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.8745, 0.5098, 0.4980
CMYK	0.75, 0.02, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	182°, 60%, 31%
HSV	182°, 75%, 50%
XYZ	11.8256, 16.5328, 22.9900
YIQ	97.5350, -56.3910, -18.7830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

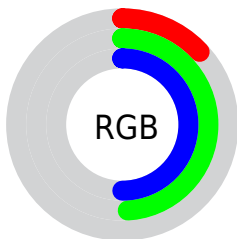
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 79, 128
Decimal	2129280
CIE _{Lab}	47.67, -24.81, -9.32
CIE _{LCh}	48, 26.505, 200.597
Yxy	16.5335, 0.2303, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280319360 (0xFF207D80)
YUV	97.5350, 15.0192, -57.4742
Hunter-Lab	40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609

Details

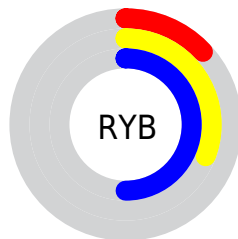
The HunterLab color $40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006666 . A complement of this color would be $24.2816, 29.2865, 12.1372$, and the grayscale version is $34.7362, -1.8534, 1.8873$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.2406, -23.2994, -4.9953$, and $23.9445, -12.1158, -3.7740$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.3308, -19.8923, -5.5194$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.0868, -18.2277, -4.4721$.

Distribution



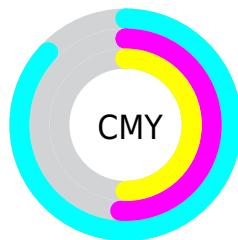
- Red (13%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

40.6606, -19.2418,
-5.0609

40.6606, -19.2418,
-5.0609

152.4694,
-36.1370, -2.4631

31.4681, -17.0827,
-5.0683

61.2551, -23.2791,
-4.8404

23.0961, -14.7764,
-4.9971

72.5590, -25.2042,
-4.6416

15.6356, -12.2476,
-4.8365

84.4836, -27.0868,
-4.3902

9.2128, -12.2270,
-4.5850

96.9981, -28.9368,
-4.0902

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.0759,
-30.7616, -3.7448

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.6938,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-32.5670, -3.3570

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.8311,
-34.3576, -2.9290

■ 40.6606, -19.2418,
-5.0609

■ 40.6606, -19.2418,
-5.0609

■ 40.3308, -19.8923,
-5.5194

■ 41.0868, -18.2277,
-4.4721

■ 40.0823, -20.2241,
-5.8645

■ 41.6142, -16.8309,
-3.7492

■ 39.9680, -20.3514,
-6.0236

■ 42.2483, -15.0451,
-2.8905

■ 42.9918, -12.8739,
-1.8986

■ 43.8461, -10.3299,
-0.7789

■ 44.8109, -7.4324,
0.4609

■ 45.8847, -4.2057,
1.8114

■ 47.0651, -0.6775,
3.2624

■ 48.3491, 3.1231,
4.8033

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.6614, -20.0724, 5.1988



40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609



40.6614, -14.0978, -15.3911

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6614, -19.2419, -5.0603



40.6614, 14.4548, -11.8009



40.6614, 1.1455, 16.8585

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609



24.2816, 29.2865, 12.1372

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6614, 11.3100, 14.3351



40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609



40.6614, 19.4869, -1.0172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6614, -19.2419, -5.0603



40.6614, 5.1018, -19.9118



40.6614, 18.2816, 8.3505



40.6614, -8.9675, 16.2925

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609



40.6614, -8.6012, -20.1160



40.6614, 18.2816, 8.3505



40.6614, 4.6838, 16.3735

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6614, -19.2419, -5.0603



58.4838, -12.7922, -0.6384



39.8234, -31.1511, 21.7846



28.1665, -6.5852, -0.4797



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6614, -19.2419, -5.0603



53.2732, -26.7372, -7.6586



27.1515, 0.1176, -27.8633



22.0558, -2.7024, 0.6044



39.7993, -20.2659, -5.9975

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6521, 41.2337, -26.0183



33.2328, 61.6651, -38.6724



32.6627, 9.2421, 17.8072



21.0004, 1.4352, -0.5404



24.4817, 47.8199, -29.8711

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6606,

-19.2418, -5.0609.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609

Protanopia

40.4835, -0.8879, -1.0938

Deuteranopia

40.4573, 2.4931, -6.4949



Tritanopia

40.6345, -17.3497, -8.1740

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609

Protanomaly

39.9895, -9.7056, -3.3115

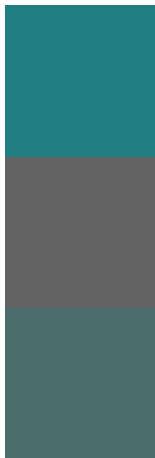
Deuteranomaly

39.6963, -7.3424, -7.2111

Tritanomaly

40.5445, -17.8330, -7.2515

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609

Achromatopsia

34.9484, -1.8648, 1.8988

Achromatomaly

36.4487, -10.1750, -1.2532

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 125, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 125, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 125, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 125, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 125, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 125, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 125, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 125, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 125, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 125,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.6606, -19.2418, -5.0609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 125, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 125,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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