

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.8019, -20.2672,  
-7.2478)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.8019, -20.2672,  
-7.2478) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(40.7617,  
-20.1215, -7.5120)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007E85
RGB	0, 126, 133
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 52%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5059, 0.4784
CMYK	1.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	183°, 100%, 26%
HSV	183°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	11.6945, 16.6152, 24.7810
YIQ	89.1240, -77.3430, -24.5350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

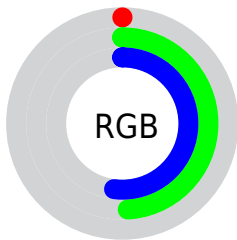
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 65, 133
Decimal	32389
CIELab	47.77, -26.19, -12.16
CIELCh	48, 28.875, 204.901
Yxy	16.6158, 0.2203, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222469 (0xFF007E85)
YUV	89.1240, 21.6309, -78.1617
Hunter-Lab	40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120

# Details

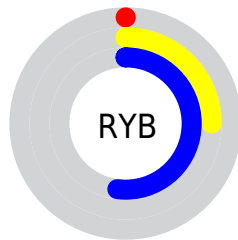
The HunterLab color **40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **22.6693, 37.0951, 14.6168**, and the grayscale version is **31.5982, -1.6860, 1.7168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.3387, -24.2593, -7.5309**, and **24.1018, -11.1861, -5.9775** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.7620, -20.1217, -7.5120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.0893, -19.9700, -7.0506**.

# Distribution



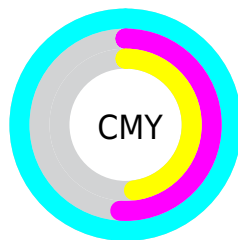
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.7617, -20.1215,  
-7.5120

40.7617, -20.1215,  
-7.5120

152.6265,  
-37.6512, -5.8785

31.5609, -17.8638,  
-7.3950

61.3710, -24.3310,  
-7.5302

23.1799, -15.4473,  
-7.1981

72.6816, -26.3332,  
-7.4451

15.7091, -12.7916,  
-6.9162

84.6125, -28.2882,  
-7.3036

9.2759, -12.7989,  
-6.5647

97.1331, -30.2066,  
-7.1100

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.2168,  
-32.0966, -6.8679

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.8403,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-33.9642, -6.5802

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.9830,  
-35.8145, -6.2496

■ 40.7617, -20.1215,  
-7.5120

■ 40.7617, -20.1215,  
-7.5120

■ 40.7620, -20.1217,  
-7.5120

■ 41.0893, -19.9700,  
-7.0506

■ 41.4778, -19.5796,  
-6.5045

■ 41.9617, -18.8215,  
-5.8272

■ 42.5496, -17.6701,  
-5.0116

■ 43.2468, -16.1139,  
-4.0562

■ 44.0569, -14.1534,  
-2.9634

■ 44.9812, -11.7990,  
-1.7389

■ 46.0197, -9.0687,  
-0.3912

■ 47.1709, -5.9862,  
1.0700

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.7624, -21.6929, 4.0187



40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120



40.7624, -13.9668, -18.6490

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.7624, -20.1215, -7.5114



40.7624, 17.2303, -11.5925



40.7624, -0.2221, 17.9383

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120



22.6693, 37.0951, 14.6168

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.7624, 11.1263, 15.7975



40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120



40.7624, 21.8812, 0.3330

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.7624, -20.1215, -7.5114



40.7624, 7.4112, -21.4209



40.7624, 19.5342, 10.0185



40.7624, -10.9538, 16.8999



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120



40.7624, -7.7002, -23.3017



40.7624, 19.5342, 10.0185



40.7624, 3.6566, 17.5890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.7624, -20.1215, -7.5114



60.1028, -16.0252, -2.4465



40.9756, -35.0085, 24.3591



28.3113, -8.1628, -1.4464



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.7624, -20.1215, -7.5114



54.4809, -26.8452, -10.1453



22.1601, 8.2810, -45.5716



22.8867, -2.7618, 0.5814



39.7869, -19.6437, -7.3251



2.4090, -1.2375, -0.3395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.4822, 49.5464, -29.3585



34.0883, 66.2690, -39.1483



31.2612, 14.1897, 19.5104



21.8145, 1.4907, -0.5202



24.8696, 48.3608, -28.6638



1.4748, 2.8845, -1.8297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

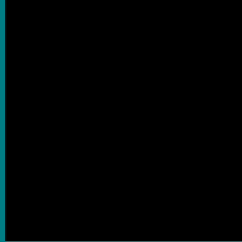
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.7617,

-20.1215, -7.5120.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120

### Protanopia

40.6058, -0.2227, -2.8258

### Deuteranopia

40.7323, 2.3865, -8.7639



## Tritanopia

40.9788, -19.0679, -8.7836

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120

## Protanomaly

39.4898, -11.2919, -6.0103

## Deuteranomaly

39.4711, -9.3027, -10.2719

## Tritanomaly

40.9012, -19.4396, -8.3643

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120

## Achromatopsia

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

## Achromatomaly

33.7528, -11.5321, -2.8798

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 126, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 126, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 126, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 126, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 126, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 126, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 126, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 126, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.7617, -20.1215, -7.5120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 126, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 126,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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