

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.8453, -9.4532,
-0.2956)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.8453, -9.4532,
-0.2956) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.9264, -9.5093,
-0.2316)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B7777
RGB	91, 119, 119
RGB Percent	36%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5333, 0.5333
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	180°, 13%, 41%
HSV	180°, 24%, 47%
XYZ	14.2410, 16.7497, 19.9352
YIQ	110.6280, -16.6880, -5.9360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

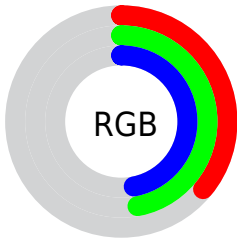
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 105, 119
Decimal	5994359
CIE Lab	47.94, -10.05, -3.32
CIE LCh	48, 10.586, 198.271
Yxy	16.7504, 0.2796, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284184439 (0xFF5B7777)
YUV	110.6280, 4.1274, -17.2138
Hunter-Lab	40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316

Details

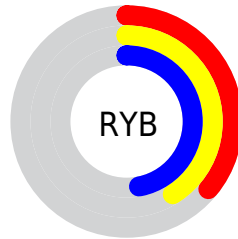
The HunterLab color $40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $34.8711, 6.7378, 4.7758$, and the grayscale version is $39.7176, -2.1192, 2.1579$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.4954, -11.6293, 0.5433$, and $23.4454, -7.3075, -0.7560$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.2402, -12.0454, -1.1301$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.7180, -6.6468, 0.7854$.

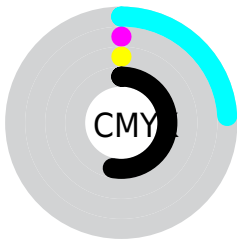
Distribution



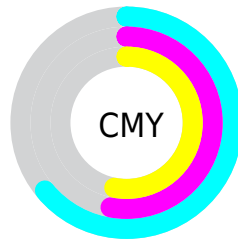
- Red (36%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.9264, -9.5093,
-0.2316

■ 40.9264, -9.5093,
-0.2316

152.8822,
-19.7765, 4.5729

■ 31.7123, -8.3748,
-0.5446

■ 61.5598, -11.7535,
0.5537

■ 23.3164, -7.2154,
-0.7969

■ 72.8813, -12.8750,
1.0152

■ 15.8291, -6.0094,
-0.9774

■ 84.8227, -14.0016,
1.5181

■ 9.3779, -5.1719,
-1.0703

■ 97.3532, -15.1356,
2.0598

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.4463,
-16.2790, 2.6379

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.0788,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.4330, 3.2505

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.2303,
-18.5986, 3.8960

■ 40.9264, -9.5093,
-0.2316

■ 40.9264, -9.5093,
-0.2316

■ 40.2402, -12.0454,
-1.1301

■ 41.7180, -6.6468,
0.7854

■ 39.6567, -14.2360,
-1.9060

■ 42.6118, -3.4783,
1.9115

■ 39.1751, -16.0709,
-2.5554

■ 43.6067, -0.0302,
3.1387

■ 38.7923, -17.5471,
-3.0775

■ 44.7002, 3.6700,
4.4576

■ 38.5035, -18.6714,
-3.4748

■ 45.8891, 7.5944,
5.8584

■ 38.3023, -19.4607,
-3.7535

■ 47.1698, 11.7153,
7.3318

■ 38.1782, -19.9496,
-3.9260

■ 48.5385, 16.0065,
8.8686

■ 38.1130, -20.2071,
-4.0167

■ 49.9909, 20.4440,
10.4605

■ 51.5230, 25.0055,
12.0997

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.9272, -9.7290, 3.7450



40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316



40.9272, -7.3765, -3.8692

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.9272, -9.5099, -0.2310



40.9272, 3.9580, -3.1690



40.9272, -0.5468, 9.0013

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316



34.8711, 6.7378, 4.7758

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.9272, 3.2769, 7.5107



40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316



40.9272, 5.9463, 0.6502

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.9272, -9.5099, -0.2310



40.9272, 0.3528, -5.6787



40.9272, 5.6922, 4.5429



40.9272, -4.6643, 8.8163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316



40.9272, -5.1062, -5.4920



40.9272, 5.6922, 4.5429



40.9272, 0.8185, 8.6862

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.9272, -9.5099, -0.2310



56.5688, -6.2465, 1.9919



40.2462, -13.4555, 9.9826



27.5140, -3.1280, 0.9387



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.9272, -9.5099, -0.2310



54.2731, -14.5401, -0.9526



37.0878, -3.5686, -5.1110



20.3845, -2.5437, 0.6197



39.2841, -20.8280, -4.1401



86.7203, -45.9782, -9.1391

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.8711, 6.7378, 4.7758



44.4751, 11.8362, 7.1777



38.3226, 0.4779, 8.3093



19.2376, 0.5164, 1.5622



20.4129, 34.9577, 13.1897



45.0617, 77.1696, 29.1173

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

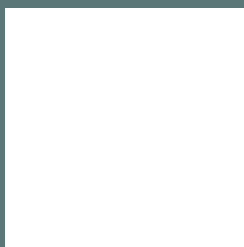
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316.

-0.2316.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316

Protanopia

40.8569, -1.2920, 1.6159

Deuteranopia

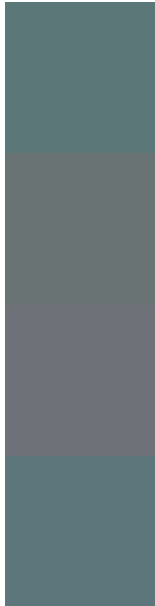
40.7398, 2.8060, -1.1730



Tritanopia

41.0077, -7.2396, -3.8882

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316

Protanomaly

40.7266, -4.5336, 0.9620

Deuteranomaly

40.5972, -1.9014, -0.9686

Tritanomaly

40.8502, -7.9966, -2.6447

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

40.2400, -4.9309, 1.2533

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 119, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 119, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 119, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 119, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 119, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 119, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 119, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 119, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 119, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 119,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.9264, -9.5093, -0.2316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 119, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 119,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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