

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.8625, -1.3978,
0.9366)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.8625, -1.3978, 0.9366)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.8314, -1.2663,
0.7002)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	727175
RGB	114, 113, 117
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.5529, 0.5569, 0.5412
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	255°, 2%, 45%
HSV	255°, 3%, 46%
XYZ	16.0555, 16.6720, 19.2014
YIQ	113.7550, -0.6880, 1.4560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

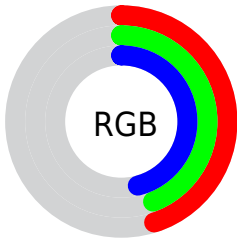
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 113, 117
Decimal	7500149
CIE Lab	47.85, 1.20, -2.08
CIE LCh	48, 2.402, 300.091
Yxy	16.6727, 0.3092, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285690229 (0xFF727175)
YUV	113.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149
Hunter-Lab	40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002

Details

The HunterLab color $40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41.9860, -3.1360, 3.7540$, and the grayscale version is $40.9215, -2.1835, 2.2233$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.5482, -2.3103, 1.7264$, and $23.1701, -0.4007, -0.1369$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36.9694, 1.6731, -4.1814$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44.8009, -4.1188, 5.2612$.

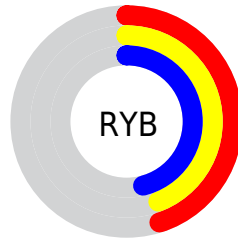
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (44%)

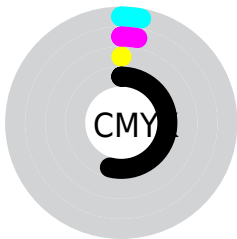
Blue (46%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (46%)

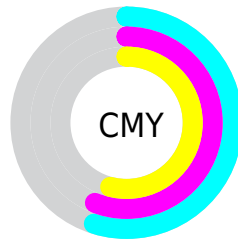


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.8314, -1.2663,
0.7002

■ 40.8314, -1.2663,
0.7002

■ 152.7349, -6.7431,
5.9774

■ 31.6251, -0.8494,
0.3191

■ 61.4510, -2.2362,
1.6089

■ 23.2377, -0.4825,
-0.0070

■ 72.7662, -2.7804,
2.1270

■ 15.7600, -0.1740,
-0.2686

■ 84.7016, -3.3607,
2.6838

■ 9.3193, 0.0667,
-0.4531

■ 97.2264, -3.9753,
3.2770

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 110.3141, -4.6222,
3.9045

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 123.9414, -5.3000,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.5647

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.0878, -6.0073,
5.2561

■ 40.8314, -1.2663,
0.7002

■ 40.8314, -1.2663,
0.7002

■ 36.9694, 1.6731,
-4.1814

■ 44.8009, -4.1188,
5.2612

■ 33.2277, 4.7276,
-9.4730

■ 48.8636, -6.9023,
9.5677

■ 29.6272, 7.9265,
-15.2851

■ 53.0107, -9.6342,
13.6729

■ 26.1952, 11.3022,
-21.7534

■ 57.2349, -12.3273,
17.6179

■ 22.9691, 14.8802,
-29.0289

■ 61.5298, -14.9919,
21.4347

■ 20.0008, 18.6566,
-37.2390

■ 65.8903, -17.6361,
25.1486

■ 17.3621, 22.5451,
-46.3794

■ 70.3120, -20.2662,
28.7795

■ 15.1468, 26.2830,
-56.0848

■ 74.7911, -22.8874,
32.3435

■ 13.4490, 29.3863,
-65.3931

■ 79.3244, -25.5036,
35.8536

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.8323, -2.1780, 0.4587



40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002



40.8323, -0.5962, 1.3526

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.8323, -1.2672, 0.7009



40.8323, -1.2723, 3.6906



40.8323, -3.9795, 2.2199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002



41.9860, -3.1360, 3.7540

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.8323, -3.7417, 3.0739



40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002



40.8323, -2.1838, 3.9112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.8323, -1.2672, 0.7009



40.8323, -0.5992, 3.0785



40.8323, -3.0866, 3.6879



40.8323, -3.7389, 1.3478

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002



40.8323, -0.3782, 1.9245



40.8323, -3.0866, 3.6879



40.8323, -3.9529, 2.5185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.8323, -1.2672, 0.7009



55.8980, -2.6179, 2.4325



41.5953, -2.9520, 1.5899



26.8229, -1.2699, 1.1900



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.8323, -1.2672, 0.7009



54.2808, -1.4299, 0.5044



40.9924, -0.7148, 0.9047



19.9172, -0.4674, 0.0888



13.0369, 33.1801, -75.7150



28.1652, 72.7166, -171.5876

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.0535, -0.5617, 1.4232



54.6371, -0.2959, 1.6720



41.8296, -3.6846, 3.5654



20.0620, -0.0072, 0.5642



22.2188, 41.5154, -12.5030



48.9031, 91.1289, -25.6152

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

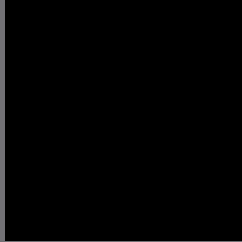
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.8314, -1.2663,

0.7002.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002

Protanopia

40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002

Deuteranopia

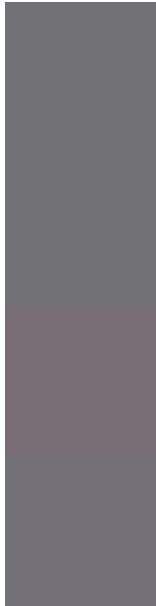
40.8299, 2.9308, 0.3218



Tritanopia

40.7599, 0.1213, -1.1947

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002

Protanomaly

40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002

Deuteranomaly

40.8289, 1.5612, 0.2965

Tritanomaly

40.7299, -0.0412, -0.7697

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002

Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

Achromatomaly

41.0486, -2.0359, 1.8308

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 113, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 113, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 113, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 113, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 113, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 113, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 113, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 113, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 113, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 113,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.8314, -1.2663, 0.7002 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 113, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
113, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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