

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.8779, 0.9347,
-46.3128)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.8779, 0.9347,
-46.3128) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.9202, 0.8197,
-46.1883)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A74BF
RGB	42, 116, 191
RGB Percent	16%, 45%, 75%
CMY	0.8352, 0.5451, 0.2510
CMYK	0.78, 0.39, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	210°, 64%, 46%
HSV	210°, 78%, 75%
XYZ	16.6042, 16.7446, 51.6471
YIQ	102.4240, -68.1790, 7.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

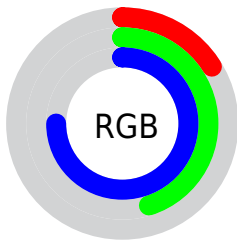
Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 91, 191
Decimal	2782399
CIE _{Lab}	47.94, 3.92, -45.74
CIE _{LCh}	48, 45.908, 274.900
Yxy	16.7452, 0.1954, 0.1970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280972479 (0xFF2A74BF)
YUV	102.4240, 43.6680, -52.9918
Hunter-Lab	40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883

Details

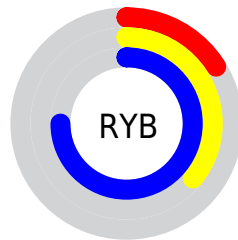
The HunterLab color **40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **48.9581, 17.3833, 27.8180**, and the grayscale version is **36.4716, -1.9460, 1.9816**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6715, -0.1026, -47.3776**, and **24.6219, 5.0745, -41.7296** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.8558, 4.2423, -53.7984**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.2504, -1.8143, -38.8082**.

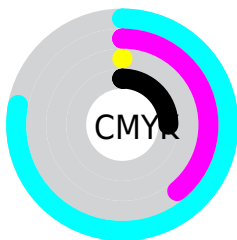
Distribution



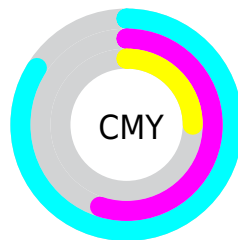
- Red (16%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.9202, 0.8197,
-46.1883

■ 40.9202, 0.8197,
-46.1883

152.8723, -3.5392,
-52.0009

■ 31.7064, 1.0748,
-45.7676

■ 61.5525, 0.1451,
-47.4895

■ 23.3111, 1.2630,
-45.7624

■ 72.8736, -0.2651,
-48.2079

■ 15.8245, 1.3724,
-46.7037

■ 84.8145, -0.7182,
-48.9214

■ 9.3739, 1.3828,
-50.1477

■ 97.3446, -1.2113,
-49.6124

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 110.4374, -1.7420,
-50.2705

0.0000, NaN, -NF

124.0696, -2.3080,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-50.8898

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.2207, -2.9076,
-51.4672

■ 40.9202, 0.8197,
-46.1883

■ 40.9202, 0.8197,
-46.1883

■ 37.8558, 4.2423,
-53.7984

■ 44.2504, -1.8143,
-38.8082

■ 35.0620, 8.4153,
-61.5982

■ 47.8213, -3.7098,
-31.7094

■ 34.5247, 9.2918,
-63.2112

■ 51.6096, -4.9377,
-24.9108

■ 55.5927, -5.5755,
-18.4104

■ 59.7505, -5.6985,
-12.1926

■ 64.0650, -5.3749,
-6.2344

■ 68.5208, -4.6642,
-0.5098

■ 73.1048, -3.6179,
5.0074

■ 77.8054, -2.2796,
10.3425

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.9208, -15.8875, -40.3483



40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883



40.9208, 19.6169, -35.1386

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.9208, 0.8204, -46.1873



40.9208, 30.3337, 16.9687



40.9208, -29.1030, 13.9000

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883



48.9581, 17.3833, 27.8180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.9208, -20.2044, 21.1031



40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883



40.9208, 13.5961, 22.2606

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.9208, 0.8204, -46.1873



40.9208, 38.4369, 4.9476



40.9208, -5.1073, 23.3538



40.9208, -31.3337, -0.6933

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883



40.9208, 30.2442, -21.6570



40.9208, -5.1073, 23.3538



40.9208, -26.8783, 17.0233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.9208, 0.8204, -46.1873



82.6174, -7.4945, -12.5759



62.4717, -44.2701, 21.8913



37.7324, -3.5655, -7.2726



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.9208, 0.8204, -46.1873



47.8376, 9.7945, -79.7645



24.3123, 39.5936, -104.5299



31.6020, -2.2242, -0.5885



28.2740, 6.9685, -50.3831



6.6637, -0.5264, -7.1926

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4088, 56.0523, -2.1557



46.6851, 81.5634, 3.2363



69.6460, -17.9905, 40.7348



31.0052, 1.7134, 0.8083



27.9941, 49.9321, 2.6530



5.6585, 10.3098, -1.1454

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

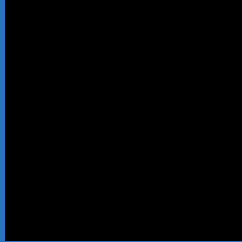
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883.

-46.1883.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883

Protanopia

40.9305, 7.3706, -41.9414

Deuteranopia

40.8241, 3.3639, -46.3711



Tritanopia

40.8301, -19.7170, -8.4707

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883

Protanomaly

40.8290, 4.4722, -43.8522

Deuteranomaly

40.9306, 2.2950, -46.1380

Tritanomaly

40.4811, -13.1973, -20.7056

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883

Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Achromatomaly

37.3391, -3.8229, -12.8722

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 116, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 116, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 116, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 116, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 116, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 116, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 116, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 116, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 116, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 116,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.9202, 0.8197, -46.1883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 116, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 116,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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