

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.9365, -12.6058,
22.6172)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.9365, -12.6058,
22.6172) contains.

HunterLab(40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(40.8663,
-12.6768, 22.5382)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7724
RGB	111, 119, 36
RGB Percent	44%, 47%, 14%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5333, 0.8588
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.70, 0.53
HSL	66°, 54%, 30%
HSV	66°, 70%, 47%
XYZ	13.4708, 16.7005, 4.1826
YIQ	107.1460, 21.8750, -27.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

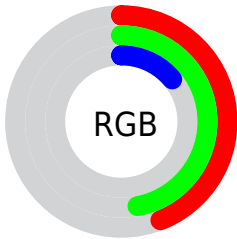
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 119, 44
Decimal	7304996
CIE Lab	47.88, -14.66, 42.66
CIE LCh	48, 45.105, 108.967
Yxy	16.7013, 0.3921, 0.4861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285495076 (0xFF6F7724)
YUV	107.1460, -35.0750, 3.3800
Hunter-Lab	40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382

Details

The HunterLab color $40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666600 . A complement of this color would be $17.6904, 19.4918, -47.2551$, and the grayscale version is $38.5237, -2.0555, 2.0931$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.4793, -15.3772, 29.1235$, and $23.3819, -9.4909, 14.2417$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.7018, -13.4475, 23.5779$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.0627, -11.7424, 21.0747$.

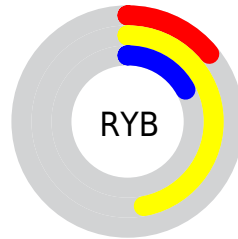
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (47%)

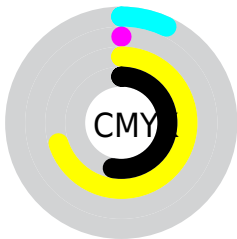
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (17%)

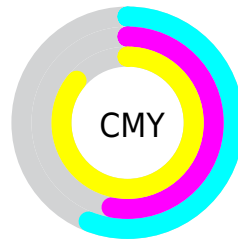


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

40.8663, -12.6768,
22.5382

40.8663, -12.6768,
22.5382

152.7891,
-24.9717, 48.6526

31.6572, -11.2332,
18.9270

61.4911, -15.4669,
29.1307

23.2667, -9.7283,
15.3219

72.8086, -16.8336,
32.1906

15.7854, -8.1258,
11.0498

84.7462, -18.1913,
35.1315

9.3409, -7.3378,
6.5386

97.2731, -19.5447,
37.9745

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.3627,
-20.8970, 40.7361

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.9920,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.2510, 43.4296

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.1403,
-23.6087, 46.0655

■ 40.8663, -12.6768,
22.5382

■ 40.8663, -12.6768,
22.5382

■ 40.7018, -13.4475,
23.5779

■ 41.0627, -11.7424,
21.0747

■ 40.5635, -14.0646,
24.2309

■ 41.2903, -10.6300,
19.1574

■ 40.4420, -14.5889,
24.6521

■ 41.5519, -9.3335,
16.7648

■ 40.4389, -14.6021,
24.6626

■ 41.8489, -7.8477,
13.8815

■ 42.1824, -6.1699,
10.4979

■ 42.5535, -4.2994,
6.6094

■ 42.9627, -2.2372,
2.2162

■ 43.4104, 0.0141,
-2.6776

■ 43.8970, 2.4505,
-8.0637

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.8672, 4.5445, 22.9639



40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382



40.8672, -24.8400, 18.2952

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.8672, -12.6781, 22.5385



40.8672, -22.2322, -30.5561



40.8672, 36.9257, -4.4773

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382



17.6904, 19.4918, -47.2551

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.8672, 26.8263, -25.2877



40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382



40.8672, -8.5012, -44.0900

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.8672, -12.6781, 22.5385



40.8672, -29.6718, -9.7748



40.8672, 9.4918, -41.8325



40.8672, 35.2899, 11.4194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382



40.8672, -29.3709, 12.2316



40.8672, 9.4918, -41.8325



40.8672, 34.7304, -11.2022

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.8672, -12.6781, 22.5385



56.3626, -8.6763, 14.9062



24.0238, 23.2514, 11.0907



27.3893, -4.4702, 7.7571



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.8672, -12.6781, 22.5385



54.3426, -18.5441, 32.1644



38.2698, -22.7367, 20.5975



20.6136, -2.0120, 3.0535



41.6785, -15.0608, 25.4184



91.8945, -33.6691, 56.0355

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6904, 19.4918, -47.2551



18.6493, 35.2108, -87.2522



21.2088, 27.3094, -35.2459



18.9874, -0.0389, -1.0729



12.2140, 32.5022, -81.9151



26.6294, 71.4985, -183.5256

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

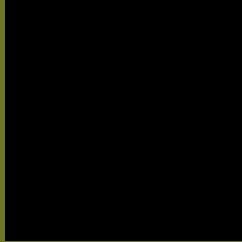
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.8663,

-12.6768, 22.5382.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382

Protanopia

40.8265, -5.5443, 22.7508

Deuteranopia

40.7788, 2.6169, 22.2548



Tritanopia

40.8006, 1.5832, -0.6529

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382

Protanomaly

40.8376, -8.3755, 22.7087

Deuteranomaly

40.6941, -3.1361, 22.2240

Tritanomaly

40.5819, -4.9397, 11.1117

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382

Achromatopsia

38.3441, -2.0459, 2.0833

Achromatomaly

38.9244, -6.8789, 12.0071

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 119, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 119, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 119, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 119, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 119, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 119, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 119, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 119, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 119, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 119,  
36) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.8663, -12.6768, 22.5382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 119, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
119, 36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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