

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.9523, -19.0469,  
23.2048)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.9523, -19.0469,  
23.2048) contains.

<b>HunterLab(40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(40.8504,  
-18.9478, 23.1530)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F7B1D
RGB	95, 123, 29
RGB Percent	37%, 48%, 11%
CMY	0.6275, 0.5176, 0.8863
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.76, 0.52
HSL	78°, 62%, 30%
HSV	78°, 76%, 48%
XYZ	12.0241, 16.6876, 3.7497
YIQ	103.9120, 13.4860, -35.1700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

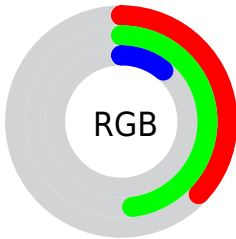
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	29, 123, 57
Decimal	6257437
CIE Lab	47.86, -24.28, 45.04
CIE LCh	48, 51.166, 118.324
Yxy	16.6883, 0.3704, 0.5141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284447517 (0xFF5F7B1D)
YUV	103.9120, -36.9316, -7.8158
Hunter-Lab	40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530

# Details

The HunterLab color  $[40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $336600$ . A complement of this color would be  $[17.8301, 25.8865, -50.8755]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[37.3056, -1.9905, 2.0269]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[61.5839, -23.1765, 30.2352]$ , and  $[23.3569, -13.8899, 14.1492]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[40.5555, -20.2253, 23.8784]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[41.1858, -17.4756, 22.0124]$ .

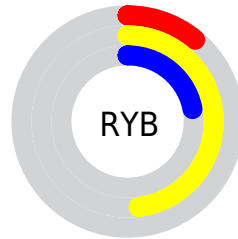
# Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (48%)

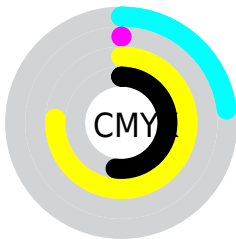
Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (22%)

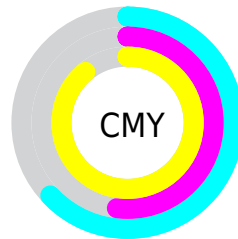


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (76%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.8504, -18.9478,  
23.1530

40.8504, -18.9478,  
23.1530

152.7644,  
-35.5915, 50.5013

31.6425, -16.8305,  
19.3593

61.4728, -22.9162,  
30.0787

23.2535, -14.5708,  
15.7423

72.7893, -24.8104,  
33.2897

15.7738, -12.0974,  
11.0417

84.7259, -26.6642,  
36.3727

9.3311, -11.8352,  
6.5318

97.2518, -28.4871,  
39.3498

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.3406,  
-30.2862, 42.2385

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.9689,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-32.0672, 45.0528

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.1164,  
-33.8345, 47.8040

40.8504, -18.9478,  
23.1530

40.8504, -18.9478,  
23.1530

40.5555, -20.2253,  
23.8784

41.1858, -17.4756,  
22.0124

40.2927, -21.3343,  
24.2686

41.5612, -15.7961,  
20.4237

40.2023, -21.7165,  
24.3923

41.9793, -13.9051,  
18.3652

42.4414, -11.8008,  
15.8226

42.9483, -9.4844,  
12.7890

■ 43.5006, -6.9591,  
9.2631

■ 44.0984, -4.2305,  
5.2489

■ 44.7417, -1.3057,  
0.7549

■ 45.4302, 1.8071,  
-4.2068

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.8513, -1.0456, 24.5457



40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530



40.8513, -30.1435, 17.2013

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.8513, -18.9489, 23.1532



40.8513, -20.5595, -43.0673



40.8513, 44.0702, 1.1339

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530



17.8301, 25.8865, -50.8755

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.8513, 36.1849, -22.1751



40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530



40.8513, -3.3059, -54.2358

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.8513, -18.9489, 23.1532



40.8513, -30.9392, -19.3477



40.8513, 17.8192, -45.1812



40.8513, 37.7079, 16.1036



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530



40.8513, -33.5581, 8.9859



40.8513, 17.8192, -45.1812



40.8513, 42.9725, -5.9379

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.8513, -18.9489, 23.1532



57.6762, -11.7549, 15.8336



26.6330, 18.9885, 14.1553



27.8840, -6.1902, 8.3472



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.8513, -18.9489, 23.1532



53.9925, -28.2323, 32.3630



38.6233, -27.8930, 21.5265



21.3936, -2.4205, 3.0953



40.8851, -22.1013, 24.8063



89.0390, -49.2890, 54.0025



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8301, 25.8865, -50.8755



19.2649, 42.4945, -90.6596



22.7402, 35.2989, -34.2297



19.8647, 0.2769, -1.0161



13.6998, 34.2597, -74.8539



29.2593, 74.2250, -168.0486



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

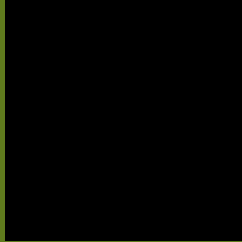
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.8504,

-18.9478, 23.1530.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530

### Protanopia

40.7747, -5.8322, 23.5153

### Deuteranopia

40.7471, 2.4470, 22.7224



## Tritanopia

40.8900, -3.4818, -2.5142

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530

## Protanomaly

40.5602, -10.9474, 23.1954

## Deuteranomaly

40.3485, -5.8561, 22.6457

## Tritanomaly

40.5522, -10.8897, 10.9792

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530

## Achromatopsia

37.2064, -1.9852, 2.0215

## Achromatomaly

38.3033, -9.2873, 12.5716

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 123, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 123, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 123, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 123, 29) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 123, 29) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 123, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 123, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 123, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 123, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 123,  
29) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.8504, -18.9478, 23.1530 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 123, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 123,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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