

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.0716, 8.8861,
-36.4193)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.0716, 8.8861,
-36.4193) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(41.1015, 8.5746,
-36.0440)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	606EB3
RGB	96, 110, 179
RGB Percent	38%, 43%, 70%
CMY	0.6235, 0.5686, 0.2980
CMYK	0.46, 0.39, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	230°, 35%, 54%
HSV	230°, 46%, 70%
XYZ	18.5365, 16.8933, 44.9316
YIQ	113.6800, -30.4930, 18.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

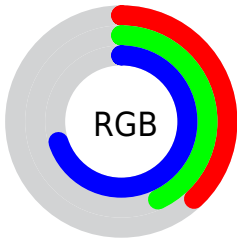
Format	Color
R _Y B	96, 108, 179
Decimal	6319795
CIE Lab	48.13, 13.55, -38.34
CIE LCh	48, 40.663, 289.471
Yxy	16.8939, 0.2307, 0.2102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284509875 (0xFF606EB3)
YUV	113.6800, 32.2028, -15.5054
Hunter-Lab	41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440

Details

The HunterLab color $41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $61.1061, -7.1562, 26.7897$, and the grayscale version is $40.7871, -2.1763, 2.2160$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.6214, 8.9525, -37.4961$, and $23.5219, 7.8433, -35.1225$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36.1731, 12.6416, -47.3920$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.3284, 5.1632, -25.9424$.

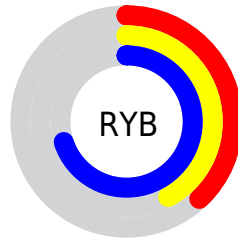
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (43%)

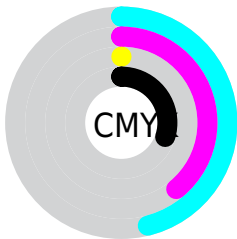
Blue (70%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (70%)

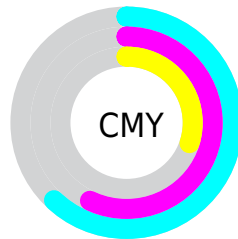


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.1015, 8.5746,
-36.0440

■ 41.1015, 8.5746,
-36.0440

■ 153.1537, 8.0508,
-40.9269

■ 31.8730, 8.2807,
-35.4690

■ 61.7603, 8.8961,
-37.3463

■ 23.4615, 7.8776,
-35.0964

■ 73.0934, 8.9447,
-37.9852

■ 15.9567, 7.3422,
-35.2376

■ 85.0457, 8.9288,
-38.5899

■ 9.4851, 6.6416,
-36.8128

■ 97.5867, 8.8541,
-39.1522

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 110.6898, 8.7253,
-39.6681

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 124.3320, 8.5464,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-40.1360

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.4927, 8.3206,
-40.5555

■ 41.1015, 8.5746,
-36.0440

■ 41.1015, 8.5746,
-36.0440

■ 36.1731, 12.6416,
-47.3920

■ 46.3284, 5.1632,
-25.9424

■ 31.6136, 17.5068,
-60.1983

■ 51.7993, 2.2739,
-16.8573

■ 27.5232, 23.2716,
-74.5050

■ 57.4764, -0.2027,
-8.5808

■ 24.0336, 29.8671,
-89.8795

■ 63.3310, -2.3527,
-0.9438

■ 21.2935, 36.8147,
-104.9850

■ 69.3413, -4.2424,
6.1873

■ 20.4766, 39.1857,
-110.1846

■ 75.4901, -5.9229,
12.9171

■ 81.7640, -7.4335,
19.3267

■ 88.1518, -8.8048,
25.4799

■ 94.4324, -10.8112,
31.2226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.1022, -7.6694, -38.2093



41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440



41.1022, 23.9105, -21.6971

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1022, 8.5747, -36.0429



41.1022, 19.7773, 18.8490



41.1022, -28.2882, 7.2357

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440



61.1061, -7.1562, 26.7897

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1022, -23.0696, 17.0777



41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440



41.1022, 3.5812, 21.8676

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1022, 8.5747, -36.0429



41.1022, 31.0319, 10.8486



41.1022, -11.9592, 21.3749



41.1022, -27.3733, -8.7668

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440



41.1022, 30.7800, -9.4107



41.1022, -11.9592, 21.3749



41.1022, -27.2289, 11.2370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1022, 8.5747, -36.0429



78.5692, -0.9175, -9.2410



61.1556, -26.3882, 3.2701



36.2023, -0.1266, -5.4088



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1022, 8.5747, -36.0429



48.0414, 17.2639, -64.3601



39.7235, 22.0920, -38.7910



29.0760, -0.8251, -1.4826



17.4071, 32.2419, -91.3583



4.0710, 2.8551, -11.2517

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.6761, 28.1439, 7.3795



53.0497, 47.4593, 12.2010



63.1110, -21.8731, 28.1086



29.2025, 1.1751, 1.8765



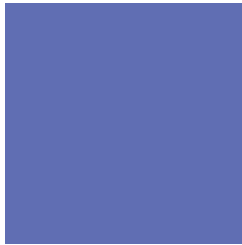
26.1649, 45.0899, 14.7234



4.7171, 8.2780, 1.4993

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

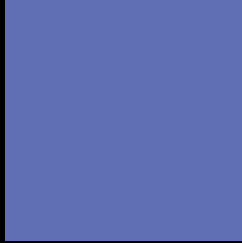
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

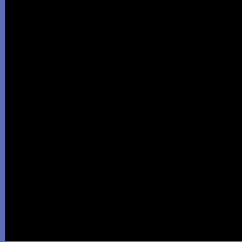
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440.

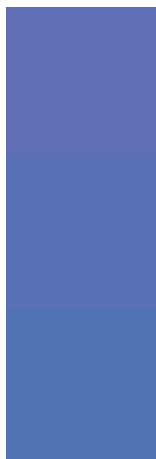


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440

Protanopia

41.2301, 6.4648, -37.3458

Deuteranopia

41.1758, 3.2056, -35.2204



Tritanopia

41.0347, -9.9306, -5.4029

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440

Protanomaly

41.0954, 7.2966, -36.8470

Deuteranomaly

41.2347, 4.8012, -35.0694

Tritanomaly

40.8107, -3.5314, -15.6177

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440

Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

Achromatomaly

40.9525, 0.4960, -9.5680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 110, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 110, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 110, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 110, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 110, 179) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 110, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 110, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 110, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 110, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 110,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.1015, 8.5746, -36.0440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 110, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 110,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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