

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.1491, 3.8964,
1.4851)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.1491, 3.8964, 1.4851)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(41.1398, 3.8517,
1.6049)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F6E74
RGB	127, 110, 116
RGB Percent	50%, 43%, 45%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5686, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.09, 0.50
HSL	339°, 7%, 46%
HSV	339°, 13%, 50%
XYZ	17.4807, 16.9248, 18.8685
YIQ	115.7670, 8.2060, 5.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

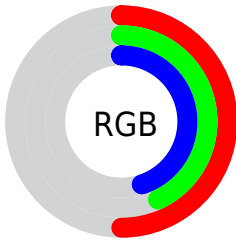
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 110, 116
Decimal	8351348
CIE Lab	48.17, 7.77, -0.87
CIE LCh	48, 7.817, 353.587
Yxy	16.9256, 0.3281, 0.3177
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286541428 (0xFF7F6E74)
YUV	115.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513
Hunter-Lab	41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049

Details

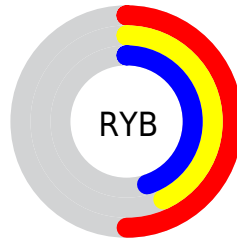
The HunterLab color $41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44.5810, -8.0612, 3.2707$, and the grayscale version is $41.6991, -2.2250, 2.2656$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.9444, 3.4345, 2.7717$, and $23.4143, 4.0640, 0.6507$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37.6771, 8.6846, 1.1383$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44.7943, -0.8813, 2.2505$.

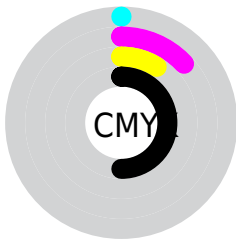
Distribution



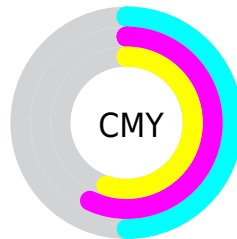
- Red (50%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.1398, 3.8517,
1.6049

■ 41.1398, 3.8517,
1.6049

153.2133, 1.0397,
7.3619

■ 31.9084, 3.8810,
1.1537

■ 61.8043, 3.5799,
2.6397

■ 23.4935, 3.8263,
0.7511

■ 73.1400, 3.3553,
3.2154

■ 15.9848, 3.6681,
0.4044

■ 85.0948, 3.0787,
3.8269

■ 9.5088, 3.3772,
0.1235

■ 97.6380, 2.7543,
4.4722

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.7434, 2.3855,
5.1498

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.3877, 1.9752,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.8581

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.5504, 1.5259,
6.5958

■ 41.1398, 3.8517,
1.6049

■ 41.1398, 3.8517,
1.6049

■ 37.6771, 8.6846,
1.1383

■ 44.7943, -0.8813,
2.2505

■ 34.4360, 13.5968,
0.8893

■ 48.6114, -5.5066,
3.0404

■ 31.4572, 18.5284,
0.9062

■ 52.5711, -10.0316,
3.9492

■ 28.7878, 23.3649,
1.2408

■ 56.6560, -14.4669,
4.9567

■ 26.4808, 27.9150,
1.9392

■ 60.8524, -18.8245,
6.0470

■ 24.5894, 31.9030,
3.0243

■ 65.1488, -23.1167,
7.2075

■ 23.1570, 35.0026,
4.4718

■ 69.5358, -27.3544,
8.4284

■ 22.1967, 36.9478,
6.1879

■ 74.0055, -31.5477,
9.7018

■ 21.6797, 37.9944,
7.2860

■ 78.5513, -35.7051,
11.0212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.1407, 2.6745, -1.2446



41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049



41.1407, 3.3681, 4.4290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1407, 3.8505, 1.6056



41.1407, -4.5388, 7.0720



41.1407, -5.6518, -2.5538

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049



44.5810, -8.0612, 3.2707

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1407, -7.4818, -0.0776



41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049



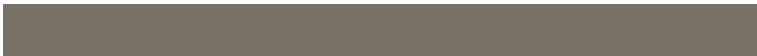
41.1407, -6.8526, 5.4431

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1407, 3.8505, 1.6056



41.1407, -1.5343, 7.4504



41.1407, -7.9149, 2.8633



41.1407, -2.8563, -3.7572

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049



41.1407, 2.1777, 5.9349



41.1407, -7.9149, 2.8633



41.1407, -6.3969, -1.8343

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1407, 3.8505, 1.6056



59.5878, -0.7335, 2.9434



40.9061, 3.7300, -3.8312



28.6726, -0.1534, 1.3938



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1407, 3.8505, 1.6056



53.6365, 7.0780, 1.9340



41.5762, 1.9070, 4.6142



20.8983, 0.8869, 0.9117



21.7713, 38.1539, 7.3252

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1407, 3.8505, 1.6056



53.6365, 7.0780, 1.9340



44.0994, -6.0902, 0.0719



20.8983, 0.8869, 0.9117



21.7713, 38.1539, 7.3252

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

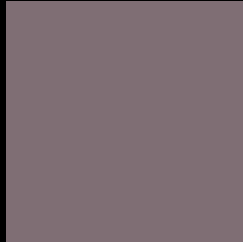
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

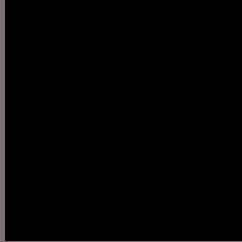
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.1398, 3.8517,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049

Protanopia

41.2159, -1.2855, 0.7189

Deuteranopia

41.2187, 2.7612, 1.6800



Tritanopia

41.1970, 4.1562, 0.7912

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049

Protanomaly

41.2511, 0.1769, 1.2327

Deuteranomaly

41.3104, 3.0686, 1.7946

Tritanomaly

41.1682, 4.0033, 1.1999

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049

Achromatopsia

41.7908, -2.2299, 2.2706

Achromatomaly

41.5796, -0.1469, 2.0578

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 110, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 110, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 110, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 110, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 110, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 110, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 110, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 110, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 110, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 110,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.1398, 3.8517, 1.6049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 110, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
110, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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