

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.2227, 1.0863,
-3.7542)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.2227, 1.0863, -3.7542)
contains.

HunterLab(41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(41.3301, 1.1101,
-3.8096)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747180
RGB	116, 113, 128
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5569, 0.4980
CMYK	0.09, 0.12, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	252°, 6%, 47%
HSV	252°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	17.0039, 17.0818, 22.8230
YIQ	115.6070, -3.0270, 5.3010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

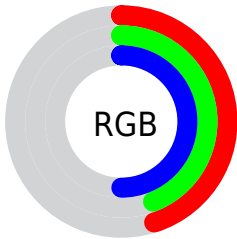
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 113, 128
Decimal	7631232
CIE Lab	48.36, 4.31, -7.83
CIE LCh	48, 8.939, 298.803
Yxy	17.0825, 0.2988, 0.3002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285821312 (0xFF747180)
YUV	115.6070, 6.1097, 0.3447
Hunter-Lab	41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096

Details

The HunterLab color $41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45.8160, -5.5384, 7.9163$, and the grayscale version is $41.6181, -2.2206, 2.2612$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62.1058, 0.3710, -3.4582$, and $23.6094, 1.6688, -3.9991$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37.0962, 4.3156, -9.7065$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45.6989, -1.9627, 1.6291$.

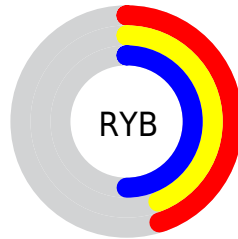
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (44%)

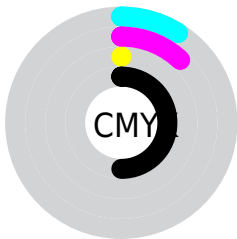
Blue (50%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (50%)

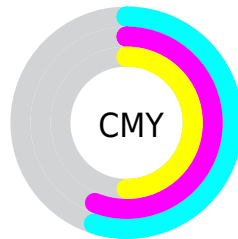


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.3301, 1.1101,
-3.8096

■ 41.3301, 1.1101,
-3.8096

■ 153.5081, -3.1087,
-0.6546

■ 32.0832, 1.3433,
-3.8926

■ 62.0222, 0.4707,
-3.4475

■ 23.6514, 1.5096,
-3.9005

■ 73.3705, 0.0775,
-3.1825

■ 16.1237, 1.5951,
-3.8209

■ 85.3371, -0.3594,
-2.8676

■ 9.6257, 1.5787,
-3.6410

■ 97.8917, -0.8371,
-2.5065

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 111.0079, -1.3529,
-2.1022

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 124.6627, -1.9046,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-1.6573

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.8355, -2.4904,
-1.1741

■ 41.3301, 1.1101,
-3.8096

■ 41.3301, 1.1101,
-3.8096

■ 37.0962, 4.3156,
-9.7065

■ 45.6989, -1.9627,
1.6291

■ 33.0168, 7.6947,
-16.1940

■ 50.1835, -4.9313,
6.7082

■ 29.1226, 11.2910,
-23.4345

■ 54.7716, -7.8212,
11.5060

■ 25.4552, 15.1475,
-31.6170

■ 59.4532, -10.6514,
16.0821

■ 22.0731, 19.2831,
-40.9171

■ 64.2200, -13.4368,
20.4823

■ 19.0585, 23.6353,
-51.3754

■ 69.0653, -16.1891,
24.7424

■ 16.5223, 27.9451,
-62.6152

■ 73.9833, -18.9174,
28.8905

■ 14.5950, 31.6170,
-73.4156

■ 78.9693, -21.6288,
32.9488

■ 13.3146, 34.5067,
-82.1327

■ 84.0191, -24.3290,
36.9348

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.3310, -2.3491, -4.7301



41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096



41.3310, 3.7519, -1.2316

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.3310, 1.1092, -3.8088



41.3310, 1.3625, 7.3941



41.3310, -8.7685, 2.3843

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096



45.8160, -5.5384, 7.9163

Split Complementary

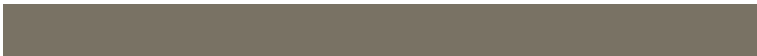
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.3310, -7.8473, 5.4524



41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096



41.3310, -2.0658, 8.1912

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.3310, 1.1092, -3.8088



41.3310, 3.9016, 5.2374



41.3310, -5.4229, 7.5106



41.3310, -7.9812, -0.9790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096



41.3310, 4.6542, 0.9779



41.3310, -5.4229, 7.5106



41.3310, -8.6489, 3.4824

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.3310, 1.1092, -3.8088



59.2462, -1.6501, 0.4955



44.4976, -5.3749, 0.1137



28.4801, -0.6688, 0.0122



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.3310, 1.1092, -3.8088



53.3598, 2.5610, -7.0275



41.9511, 3.2011, -2.9571



20.6154, 0.1418, -1.1375



13.2602, 34.3624, -81.7709

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2858, 4.1335, -1.0766



54.9233, 7.4633, -2.4803



45.2384, -7.6001, 7.2661



20.9717, 1.2816, -0.1336



23.4735, 44.2866, -16.5183

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

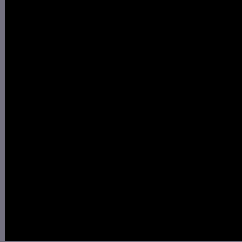
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096.

-3.8096.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096

Protanopia

41.3888, -0.0199, -4.2485

Deuteranopia

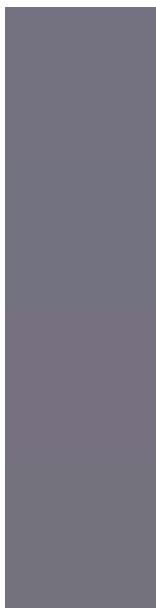
41.4004, 2.7263, -3.6882



Tritanopia

41.3637, -0.4805, -1.3803

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096

Protanomaly

41.4693, 0.2556, -4.1363

Deuteranomaly

41.3144, 2.4372, -3.8072

Tritanomaly

41.4248, -0.1484, -2.2464

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096

Achromatopsia

41.7908, -2.2299, 2.2706

Achromatomaly

41.6300, -1.1464, 0.3248

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 113, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 113, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 113, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 113, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 113, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 113, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 113, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 113, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 113, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 113,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.3301, 1.1101, -3.8096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 113, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
113, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor