

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.3120, -9.1449,
4.3676)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.3120, -9.1449, 4.3676)
contains.

HunterLab(41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(41.1709, -9.1712,
4.3735)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63776D
RGB	99, 119, 109
RGB Percent	39%, 47%, 43%
CMY	0.6118, 0.5333, 0.5725
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.08, 0.53
HSL	150°, 9%, 43%
HSV	150°, 17%, 47%
XYZ	14.5027, 16.9504, 16.9754
YIQ	111.8800, -8.7100, -7.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

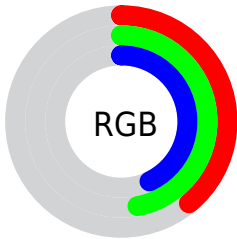
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 112, 119
Decimal	6518637
CIE _{Lab}	48.20, -9.53, 3.04
CIE _{LCh}	48, 10.007, 162.291
Yxy	16.9511, 0.2995, 0.3500
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284708717 (0xFF63776D)
YUV	111.8800, -1.4198, -11.2958
Hunter-Lab	41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735

Details

The HunterLab color $41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $37.3500, 5.5145, 0.1434$, and the grayscale version is $40.2153, -2.1458, 2.1850$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61.7640, -11.3121, 5.9351$, and $23.6312, -7.0696, 3.0032$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.2563, -12.8596, 5.6620$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42.1949, -5.1737, 3.1392$.

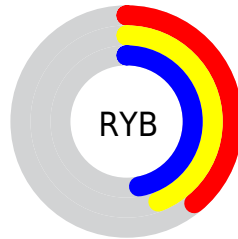
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (47%)

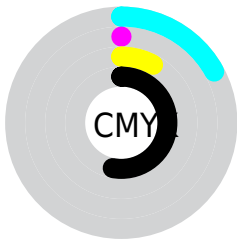
Blue (43%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (47%)

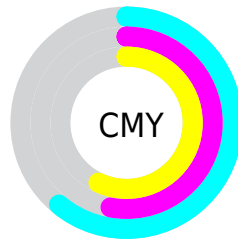


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.1709, -9.1712,
4.3735

■ 41.1709, -9.1712,
4.3735

153.2614,
-19.2139, 11.7020

■ 31.9369, -8.0716,
3.6882

■ 61.8399, -11.3548,
5.8250

■ 23.5192, -6.9512,
3.0279

■ 73.1776, -12.4491,
6.5899

■ 16.0074, -5.7903,
2.3905

■ 85.1343, -13.5500,
7.3806

■ 9.5278, -4.8716,
1.8441

■ 97.6794, -14.6598,
8.1965

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.7866,
-15.7801, 9.0371

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.4326,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.9120, 9.9020

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.5970,
-18.0564, 10.7904

■ 41.1709, -9.1712,
4.3735

■ 41.1709, -9.1712,
4.3735

■ 40.2563, -12.8596,
5.6620

■ 42.1949, -5.1737,
3.1392

■ 39.4502, -16.2038,
6.9920

■ 43.3229, -0.8996,
1.9664

■ 38.7542, -19.1762,
8.3507

■ 44.5522, 3.6152,
0.8622

■ 38.1675, -21.7550,
9.7230

■ 45.8788, 8.3365,
-0.1689

■ 37.6876, -23.9272,
11.0925

■ 47.2984, 13.2325,
-1.1244

■ 37.3102, -25.6911,
12.4419

■ 48.8063, 18.2740,
-2.0035

■ 37.0287, -27.0586,
13.7532

■ 50.3979, 23.4351,
-2.8066

■ 36.8239, -28.0976,
15.0003

■ 52.0686, 28.6934,
-3.5353

■ 36.7631, -28.4078,
15.3737

■ 53.8140, 34.0294,
-4.1920

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.1718, -7.1751, 7.2249



41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735



41.1718, -9.3447, 0.6768

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1718, -9.1720, 4.3741



41.1718, -0.5734, -5.4428



41.1718, 3.5579, 6.8026

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735



37.3500, 5.5145, 0.1434

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1718, 5.4698, 3.7463



41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735



41.1718, 3.0252, -3.4559

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1718, -9.1720, 4.3741



41.1718, -4.4788, -5.2343



41.1718, 5.2713, -0.0125



41.1718, 0.1315, 8.5337

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735



41.1718, -8.4111, -1.7989



41.1718, 5.2713, -0.0125



41.1718, 4.4047, 5.9091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1718, -9.1720, 4.3741



56.7070, -5.9864, 3.9309



41.6745, -7.8374, 8.7481



27.5654, -3.0693, 1.9580



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1718, -9.1720, 4.3741



54.6236, -14.1503, 6.4833



41.4379, -7.6741, 0.5765



20.3123, -2.9451, 1.6496



37.8900, -29.2965, 15.8835



83.5393, -65.3142, 36.5778

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3500, 5.5145, 0.1434



48.4172, 9.7219, -0.3763



37.0854, 4.1135, 3.9174



19.3095, 0.9036, 0.5371



21.2273, 37.9501, 1.3319



46.6747, 83.1019, 5.5854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

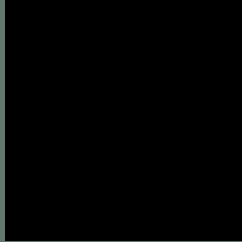
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735

Protanopia

41.1422, -2.1903, 5.6629

Deuteranopia

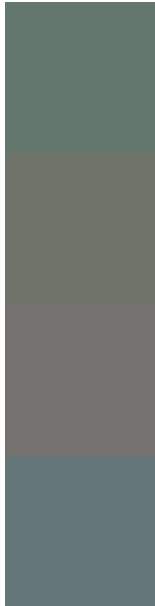
40.9087, 2.8027, 3.4605



Tritanopia

41.2961, -4.8094, -2.9770

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735

Protanomaly

41.1483, -4.9672, 5.2258

Deuteranomaly

40.8032, -1.7522, 3.6766

Tritanomaly

41.3275, -6.5190, -0.1408

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735

Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Achromatomaly

40.6632, -5.0366, 3.0404

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 119, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 119, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 119, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 119, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 119, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 119, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 119, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 119, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 119, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 119,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.1709, -9.1712, 4.3735 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 119, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 119,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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