

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.3823, 9.9429,
-73.1881)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.3823, 9.9429,
-73.1881) contains.

HunterLab(41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(41.3330, 10.1087,
-73.4845)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0071DE
RGB	0, 113, 222
RGB Percent	0%, 44%, 87%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5569, 0.1294
CMYK	1.00, 0.49, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	209°, 100%, 44%
HSV	209°, 100%, 87%
XYZ	19.0899, 17.0842, 71.3987
YIQ	91.6390, -102.3370, 9.9430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

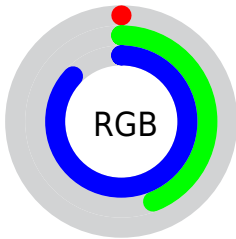
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 222
Decimal	29150
CIELab	48.37, 15.38, -62.78
CIELCh	48, 64.635, 283.762
Yxy	17.0846, 0.1775, 0.1588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219230 (0xFF0071DE)
YUV	91.6390, 64.2680, -80.3674
Hunter-Lab	41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845

Details

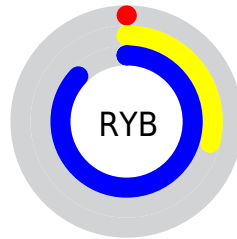
The HunterLab color **41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **51.4577, 33.4383, 32.2915**, and the grayscale version is **32.3839, -1.7279, 1.7595**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.5921, 3.0646, -55.1845**, and **25.7868, 16.0035, -66.7783** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.3258, 10.1231, -73.5065**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.5404, 5.0795, -64.4583**.

Distribution



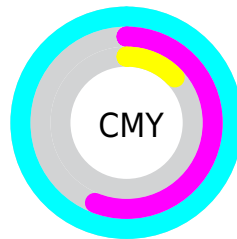
- Red (0%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.3330, 10.1087,
-73.4845

■ 41.3330, 10.1087,
-73.4845

■ 153.5121, 10.2777,
-79.6162

■ 32.0856, 9.7205,
-73.9697

■ 62.0252, 10.6083,
-74.0643

■ 23.6535, 9.2160,
-75.6070

■ 73.3736, 10.7392,
-74.7165

■ 16.1256, 8.5734,
-79.6532

■ 85.3404, 10.8021,
-75.4765

■ 9.6273, 7.7612,
-89.7150

■ 97.8951, 10.8031,
-76.2928

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 111.0115, 10.7473,
-77.1327

0.0000, NaN, -NF

124.6664, 10.6388,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-77.9752

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.8394, 10.4813,
-78.8061

■ 41.3330, 10.1087,
-73.4845

■ 41.3330, 10.1087,
-73.4845

■ 41.3258, 10.1231,
-73.5065

■ 44.5404, 5.0795,
-64.4583

■ 48.0555, 0.8901,
-55.6365

■ 51.8875, -2.3569,
-47.0354

■ 56.0118, -4.7036,
-38.7204

■ 60.4013, -6.2277,
-30.7262

■ 65.0294, -7.0199,
-23.0605

■ 69.8716, -7.1703,
-15.7127

■ 74.9064, -6.7623,
-8.6615

■ 80.1149, -5.8698,
-1.8802

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.3335, -15.0390, -72.2109



41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845



41.3335, 37.4481, -47.5718

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.3335, 10.1101, -73.4834



41.3335, 39.4789, 23.2514



41.3335, -39.5236, 13.2789

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845



51.4577, 33.4383, 32.2915

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.3335, -30.9384, 23.7443



41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845



41.3335, 12.4092, 26.6479

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.3335, 10.1101, -73.4834



41.3335, 56.9814, 11.8756



41.3335, -13.2331, 26.7477



41.3335, -39.8527, -10.4494

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845



41.3335, 51.5807, -24.1249



41.3335, -13.2331, 26.7477



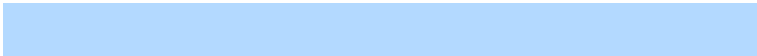
41.3335, -37.6229, 18.0101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.3335, 10.1101, -73.4834



81.6038, -8.3936, -18.6012



73.0149, -57.3848, 32.6178



36.6277, -3.8847, -10.2771

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.3335, 10.1101, -73.4834



48.0865, 12.3679, -86.8028



23.1426, 61.5157, -161.7124



37.9350, -2.7419, -0.7226



32.1984, 7.1228, -55.6212



9.4750, 0.0564, -11.9647

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.8939, 72.9400, 3.8248



47.8178, 85.2468, 4.8735



81.1352, -20.3812, 49.6371



37.1704, 2.1677, 0.8909



31.5510, 56.3468, 2.4438



8.4148, 15.2271, -0.8920

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

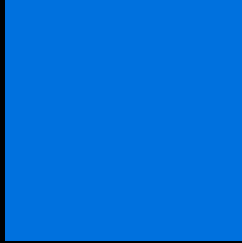
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

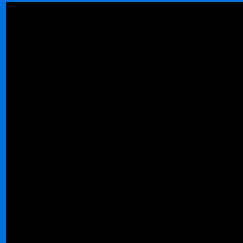
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845

Protanopia

41.4891, 12.9539, -69.9798

Deuteranopia

41.3306, 2.2160, -56.4434



Tritanopia

41.1437, -20.1024, -8.0306

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845

Protanomaly

41.3267, 11.2108, -71.4798

Deuteranomaly

41.4656, 4.9353, -62.4822

Tritanomaly

40.8768, -10.6850, -28.0266

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845

Achromatopsia

32.7144, -1.7456, 1.7774

Achromatomaly

34.5083, -3.3815, -20.7627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 113, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 113, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 113, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 113, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 113, 222) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 113, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 113, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 113, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.3330, 10.1087, -73.4845 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 113, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 113,  
222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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