

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.3934, -1.4974,  
4.3427)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(41.3934, -1.4974, 4.3427)  
contains.

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# Color

HunterLab(41.3308, -1.3296,  
4.2827)

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	77726E
RGB	119, 114, 110
RGB Percent	47%, 45%, 43%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5529, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.08, 0.53
HSL	27°, 4%, 45%
HSV	27°, 8%, 47%
XYZ	16.4395, 17.0824, 17.1826
YIQ	115.0390, 4.2640, -0.1840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

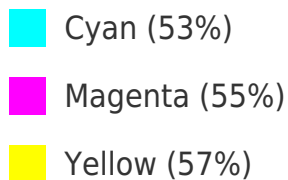
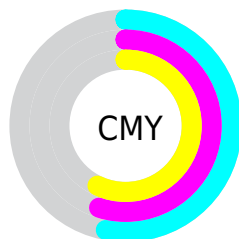
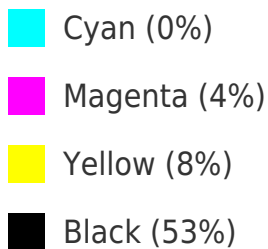
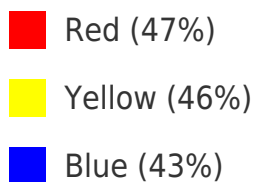
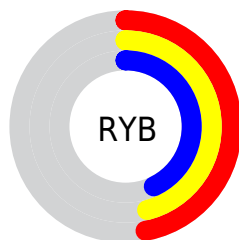
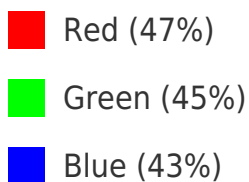
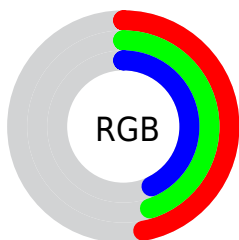
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">119, 117, 110</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7828078</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">48.36, 1.15, 2.89</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">48, 3.115, 68.300</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">17.0831, 0.3242, 0.3369</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286018158</a> (0xFF77726E)
YUV	<a href="#">115.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $41.1195, -2.9766, 0.1201$ , and the grayscale version is  $41.4293, -2.2106, 2.2509$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $62.0798, -2.3892, 5.5651$ , and  $23.6535, -0.3113, 2.7822$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $39.2475, 0.0662, 6.6913$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $43.4800, -2.5849, 1.6834$ .

# Distribution





# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.3308, -1.3296,  
4.2827


 41.3308, -1.3296,  
4.2827


153.5092, -6.8444,  
11.5537


 32.0839, -0.9071,  
3.6063


 62.0231, -2.3098,  
5.7188


 23.6520, -0.5339,  
2.9558

 73.3713, -2.8585,  
6.4767

 16.1242, -0.2182,  
2.3297

 85.3380, -3.4432,  
7.2608

 9.6261, 0.0291,  
1.7743

 97.8927, -4.0618,  
8.0705

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.0090, -4.7126,  
8.9052

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.6637, -5.3942,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

9.7644

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.8366, -6.1052,  
10.6474

■ 41.3308, -1.3296,  
4.2827

■ 41.3308, -1.3296,  
4.2827

■ 39.2475, 0.0662,  
6.6913

■ 43.4800, -2.5849,  
1.6834

■ 37.2331, 1.6175,  
8.8840

■ 45.6872, -3.7081,  
-1.0879

■ 35.2953, 3.3341,  
10.8349

■ 47.9485, -4.7115,  
-4.0127

■ 33.4414, 5.2252,  
12.5152

■ 50.2601, -5.6057,  
-7.0756

■ 31.6793, 7.2968,  
13.8942

■ 52.6181, -6.4004,  
-10.2632

■ 30.0179, 9.5492,  
14.9410

■ 55.0194, -7.1046,  
-13.5640

■ 28.4662, 11.9745,  
15.6283

■ 57.4611, -7.7264,  
-16.9679

■ 27.0334, 14.5527,  
15.9377

■ 59.9408, -8.2730,  
-20.4663

■ 25.7219, 17.2186,  
15.9592

■ 62.4560, -8.7512,  
-24.0518

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.3317, -0.3377, 3.6182



41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827



41.3317, -2.5480, 4.4118

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.3317, -1.3307, 4.2833



41.3317, -4.5188, 1.9241



41.3317, -0.7335, 0.4475

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827



41.1195, -2.9766, 0.1201

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.3317, -1.8661, -0.0357



41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827



41.3317, -4.0448, 0.8329

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.3317, -1.3307, 4.2833



41.3317, -4.3792, 3.0719



41.3317, -3.0772, 0.1074



41.3317, 0.0098, 1.4104



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827



41.3317, -3.3213, 4.1795



41.3317, -3.0772, 0.1074



41.3317, -1.0819, 0.2223

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.3317, -1.3307, 4.2833



56.8833, -2.7284, 3.8441



40.3908, 1.2812, 1.0574



27.7131, -1.3406, 1.8455



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.3317, -1.3307, 4.2833



54.8381, -1.4830, 6.2872



42.5432, -3.3409, 5.5973



19.8597, -0.5500, 2.2496



26.1636, 18.4951, 16.4457



56.3048, 44.4032, 35.4721



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1195, -2.9766, 0.1201



54.4921, -4.1659, -0.4999



39.9111, -0.9629, -1.3512



19.7373, -1.4990, -0.1511



23.5493, 1.2586, -32.1515



50.2944, 5.8208, -75.4290



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

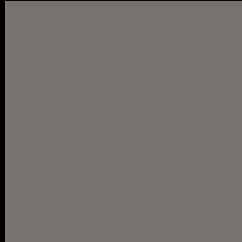
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

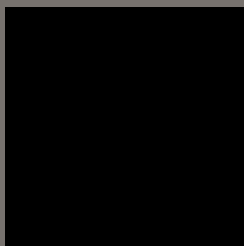
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827.



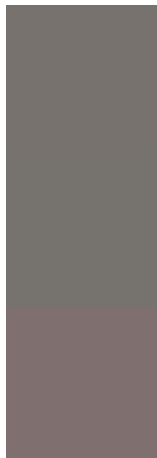
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.3308, -1.3296,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827

### Protanopia

41.2456, -1.6246, 4.1813

### Deuteranopia

41.2657, 2.6446, 3.8663



## Tritanopia

41.2720, 1.8630, -0.5221

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827

## Protanomaly

41.2456, -1.6246, 4.1813

## Deuteranomaly

41.2567, 1.2470, 3.8315

## Tritanomaly

41.3372, 0.4712, 1.3413

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827

## Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

## Achromatomaly

41.4327, -2.2243, 3.1356

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(119, 114, 110) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 114, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 114, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 114, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 114, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 114, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 114, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 114, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 114, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 114,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.3308, -1.3296, 4.2827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 114, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
114, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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