

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.4035, -6.5978,  
4.8009)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(41.4035, -6.5978, 4.8009)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(41.4570, -6.6636,  
4.7374)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6B766D
RGB	107, 118, 109
RGB Percent	42%, 46%, 43%
CMY	0.5804, 0.5372, 0.5725
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.08, 0.54
HSL	131°, 5%, 44%
HSV	131°, 9%, 46%
XYZ	15.3022, 17.1868, 16.9789
YIQ	113.6850, -3.6670, -5.1310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

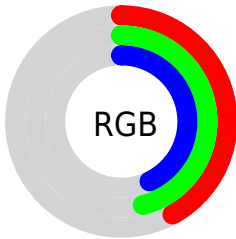
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 116, 118
Decimal	7042669
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.50, -5.99, 3.55
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 6.963, 149.362
Yxy	17.1876, 0.3093, 0.3474
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285232749 (0xFF6B766D)
YUV	113.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627
Hunter-Lab	41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374

# Details

The HunterLab color  $41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $39.5327, 2.5286, -0.3778$ , and the grayscale version is  $40.9100, -2.1829, 2.2227$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $62.0940, -8.5670, 6.3561$ , and  $23.8512, -4.8952, 3.2823$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $40.3840, -11.0556, 7.2327$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $42.6487, -1.9421, 2.1334$ .

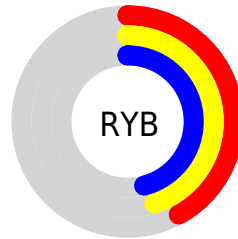
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (46%)

Blue (43%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (46%)

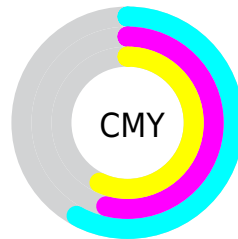


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.4570, -6.6636,  
4.7374

■ 41.4570, -6.6636,  
4.7374

153.7046,  
-15.1846, 12.2796

■ 32.1999, -5.7942,  
4.0201

■ 62.1675, -8.4403,  
6.2458

■ 23.7568, -4.9293,  
3.3244

■ 73.5241, -9.3509,  
7.0365

■ 16.2165, -4.0597,  
2.6470

■ 85.4987, -10.2783,  
7.8515

■ 9.7038, -3.2285,  
2.0516

■ 98.0608, -11.2233,  
8.6906

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.1843,  
-12.1862, 9.5534

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.8460,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.1674, 10.4394

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.0255,  
-14.1669, 11.3483

■ 41.4570, -6.6636,  
4.7374

■ 41.4570, -6.6636,  
4.7374

■ 40.3840, -11.0556,  
7.2327

■ 42.6487, -1.9421,  
2.1334

■ 39.4306, -15.0705,  
9.5920

■ 43.9520, 3.0664,  
-0.5572

■ 38.6001, -18.6670,  
11.7904

■ 45.3629, 8.3174,  
-3.3121

■ 37.8933, -21.8088,  
13.8028

■ 46.8760, 13.7708,  
-6.1124

■ 37.3094, -24.4687,  
15.6071

■ 48.4857, 19.3904,  
-8.9419

■ 36.8454, -26.6318,  
17.1848

■ 50.1864, 25.1445,  
-11.7871

■ 36.4961, -28.2987,  
18.5232

■ 51.9726, 31.0058,  
-14.6372

■ 36.2534, -29.4880,  
19.6160

■ 53.8391, 36.9514,  
-17.4839

■ 36.0847, -30.3288,  
20.4483

■ 55.7808, 42.9624,  
-20.3207

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.4579, -4.7741, 6.4038



41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374



41.4579, -7.3680, 2.3126

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.4579, -6.6645, 4.7380



41.4579, -2.2732, -3.0921



41.4579, 2.4933, 4.6470

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374



39.5327, 2.5286, -0.3778

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.4579, 3.2041, 2.2006



41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374



41.4579, 0.4091, -2.3687

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.4579, -6.6645, 4.7380



41.4579, -4.8735, -2.3065



41.4579, 2.4319, -0.3882



41.4579, 0.5137, 6.3537



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374



41.4579, -7.0838, 0.5550



41.4579, 2.4319, -0.3882



41.4579, 2.8908, 3.8892

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.4579, -6.6645, 4.7380



55.9414, -4.9718, 4.1395



42.1233, -4.3992, 6.3001



26.7696, -2.5977, 2.1024



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.4579, -6.6645, 4.7380



54.6825, -10.0091, 6.9402



41.6005, -5.8696, 2.6992



20.2684, -3.1900, 2.2778



37.5185, -31.6117, 21.3456



82.7659, -70.1402, 47.9624



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.5327, 2.5286, -0.3778



51.6029, 4.6999, -1.2438



39.3799, 1.7076, 1.7970



19.3573, 1.1606, -0.1433



22.5606, 42.7268, -17.1347



49.6868, 93.9096, -36.2607



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

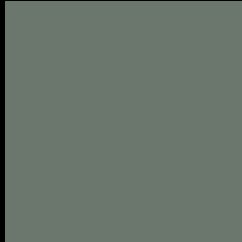
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

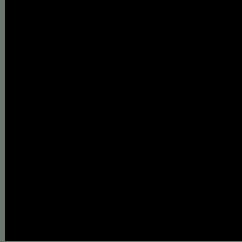
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

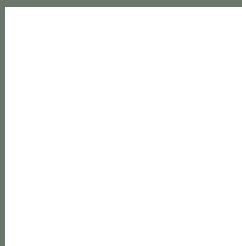
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.4570, -6.6636,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374

### Protanopia

41.5270, -2.2115, 5.6902

### Deuteranopia

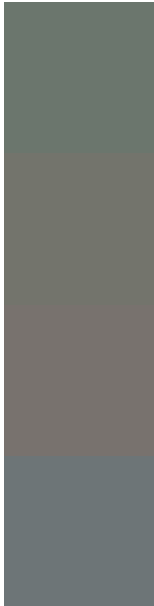
41.3326, 2.8162, 4.3573



## Tritanopia

41.5770, -2.4473, -2.0912

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374

## Protanomaly

41.4950, -3.6923, 5.2328

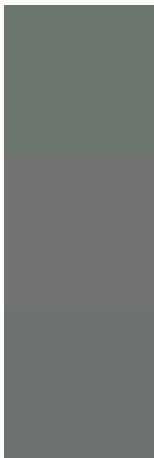
## Deuteranomaly

41.4168, -1.0328, 4.3848

## Tritanomaly

41.6001, -4.1563, 0.6867

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374

## Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

## Achromatomaly

41.0010, -3.7889, 3.0313

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 118, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 118, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 118, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 118, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

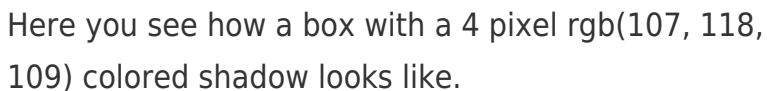
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 118, 109) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 118, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 118, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 118, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 118, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 118,  
109) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.4570, -6.6636, 4.7374 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 118, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
118, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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