

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.4217, -4.1345,
0.0852)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.4217, -4.1345, 0.0852)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(41.5533, -4.2632,
0.1764)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7578
RGB	108, 117, 120
RGB Percent	42%, 46%, 47%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5412, 0.5294
CMYK	0.10, 0.02, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	195°, 5%, 45%
HSV	195°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	15.9358, 17.2668, 20.2622
YIQ	114.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

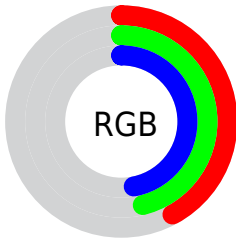
Format	Color
RYB	108, 113, 120
Decimal	7107960
CIELab	48.60, -2.72, -2.81
CIELCh	49, 3.912, 225.989
Yxy	17.2675, 0.2981, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285298040 (0xFF6C7578)
YUV	114.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329
Hunter-Lab	41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764

Details

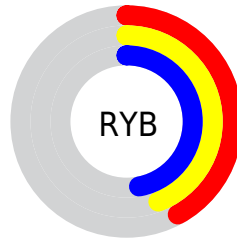
The HunterLab color $41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40.5518, 0.0657, 4.2456$, and the grayscale version is $41.2638, -2.2017, 2.2419$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62.2298, -5.8334, 1.0576$, and $23.9086, -2.8509, -0.5213$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.8480, -5.9813, -1.9900$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.3386, -2.3124, 2.3547$.

Distribution



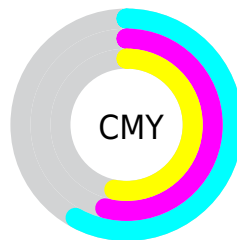
- Red (42%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.5533, -4.2632,
0.1764

■ 41.5533, -4.2632,
0.1764

153.8536,
-11.3986, 5.1962

■ 32.2884, -3.6008,
-0.1679

■ 62.2777, -5.6715,
1.0182

■ 23.8367, -2.9645,
-0.4543

■ 73.6406, -6.4151,
1.5055

■ 16.2869, -2.3535,
-0.6726

■ 85.6212, -7.1846,
2.0330

■ 9.7632, -1.7631,
-0.8081

■ 98.1891, -7.9793,
2.5981

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.3181, -8.7986,
3.1986

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.9850, -9.6420,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.1696,
-10.5088, 4.4992

■ 41.5533, -4.2632,
0.1764

■ 41.5533, -4.2632,
0.1764

■ 39.8480, -5.9813,
-1.9900

■ 43.3386, -2.3124,
2.3547

■ 38.2247, -7.4397,
-4.1386

■ 45.1966, -0.1496,
4.5368

■ 36.6889, -8.6144,
-6.2592

■ 47.1237, 2.2026,
6.7187

■ 35.2449, -9.4814,
-8.3407

■ 49.1155, 4.7247,
8.8969

■ 33.8964, -10.0192,
-10.3703

■ 51.1681, 7.3988,
11.0690

■ 32.6459, -10.2116,
-12.3347

■ 53.2776, 10.2093,
13.2333

■ 31.4944, -10.0501,
-14.2214

■ 55.4406, 13.1420,
15.3890

■ 30.4403, -9.5387,
-16.0203

■ 57.6539, 16.1848,
17.5356

■ 29.4479, -8.8116,
-17.7855

■ 59.9144, 19.3268,
19.6730

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.5542, -5.0377, 1.4757



41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764



41.5542, -2.9365, -0.5753

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.5542, -4.2640, 0.1771



41.5542, 0.7032, 1.5717



41.5542, -3.0348, 4.8886

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764



40.5518, 0.0657, 4.2456

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.5542, -1.4975, 4.9122



41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764



41.5542, 0.6759, 3.0330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.5542, -4.2640, 0.1771



41.5542, -0.0606, 0.2495



41.5542, -0.1346, 4.2440



41.5542, -4.3351, 4.1784

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764



41.5542, -1.9090, -0.6488



41.5542, -0.1346, 4.2440



41.5542, -2.5290, 4.9762

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.5542, -4.2640, 0.1771



56.7375, -3.8934, 2.2342



42.1481, -7.0175, 4.7740



27.5372, -1.9879, 0.9862



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.5542, -4.2640, 0.1771



54.5805, -6.2061, -0.4261



39.9463, -1.6226, -1.7880



20.8589, -2.0478, 0.1878



30.7203, -9.1506, -18.6441



66.0417, -18.4837, -42.6453

Inverse Universe

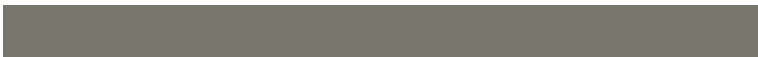
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.0036, 2.8131, -0.2454



52.0693, 5.3092, -1.1055



42.1332, -2.5979, 5.9519



20.1525, 1.1705, -0.0052



22.7147, 42.4362, -12.7377



49.4673, 92.1747, -25.8673

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

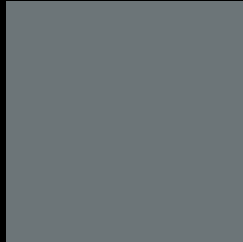
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

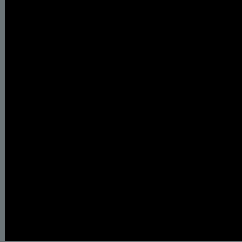
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

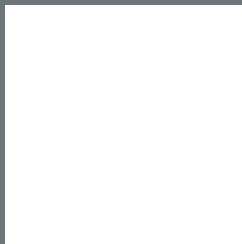
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764.

0.1764.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764

Protanopia

41.6009, -1.3047, 0.7376

Deuteranopia

41.5378, 2.7586, -0.1763



Tritanopia

41.5002, -2.7150, -2.1944

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764

Protanomaly

41.6334, -2.6081, 0.7542

Deuteranomaly

41.5532, 0.0499, -0.2047

Tritanomaly

41.4392, -3.0503, -1.3298

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764

Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

Achromatomaly

41.4968, -3.1998, 1.4683

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 117, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 117, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 117, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 117, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

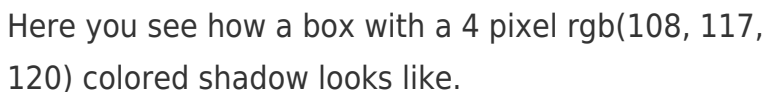
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 117, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 117, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 117, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 117, 120); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 117, 120); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 117, 120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.5533, -4.2632, 0.1764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 117, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
117, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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