

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.5178, 2.8577,
9.1260)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.5178, 2.8577, 9.1260)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(41.5178, 2.8489,
9.1313)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	856F62
RGB	133, 111, 98
RGB Percent	52%, 44%, 38%
CMY	0.4784, 0.5647, 0.6157
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.26, 0.48
HSL	22°, 15%, 45%
HSV	22°, 26%, 52%
XYZ	17.5619, 17.2373, 13.9568
YIQ	116.0960, 17.2850, 0.6210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

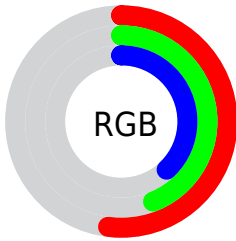
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 119, 98
Decimal	8744802
CIE Lab	48.56, 6.52, 10.47
CIE LCh	49, 12.328, 58.094
Yxy	17.2381, 0.3602, 0.3535
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286934882 (0xFF856F62)
YUV	116.0960, -8.9213, 14.8248
Hunter-Lab	41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313

Details

The HunterLab color **41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **42.0982, -5.8858, -5.4147**, and the grayscale version is **41.8573, -2.2334, 2.2742**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.3932, 2.4310, 11.4694**, and **23.7528, 3.2562, 6.5839** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.0738, 5.2419, 11.2223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.0693, 0.6424, 6.8163**.

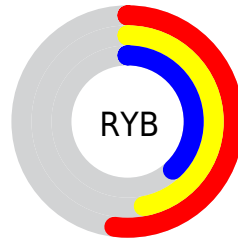
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (44%)

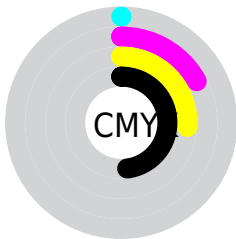
Blue (38%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (38%)

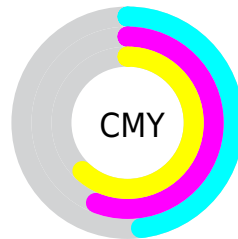


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.5178, 2.8489,
9.1313

■ 41.5178, 2.8489,
9.1313

153.7988, -0.4831,
19.6165

■ 32.2558, 2.9533,
7.9615

■ 62.2372, 2.4408,
11.4342

■ 23.8073, 2.9804,
6.7603

■ 73.5978, 2.1539,
12.5814

■ 16.2610, 2.9125,
5.5020

■ 85.5761, 1.8181,
13.7321

■ 9.7413, 2.7234,
4.9933

■ 98.1419, 1.4371,
14.8893

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.2689, 1.0140,
16.0550

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.9339, 0.5515,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.1166, 0.0519,
18.4176

■ 41.5178, 2.8489,
9.1313

■ 41.5178, 2.8489,
9.1313

■ 39.0738, 5.2419,
11.2223

■ 44.0693, 0.6424,
6.8163

■ 36.7464, 7.8359,
13.0525

■ 46.7149, -1.3867,
4.3057

■ 34.5499, 10.6338,
14.5831

■ 49.4466, -3.2546,
1.6254

■ 32.4993, 13.6298,
15.7720

■ 52.2564, -4.9762,
-1.2031

■ 30.6107, 16.8028,
16.5779

■ 55.1376, -6.5656,
-4.1620

■ 28.9005, 20.1096,
16.9686

■ 58.0841, -8.0361,
-7.2366

■ 27.3813, 23.4650,
16.9783

■ 61.0909, -9.3997,
-10.4144

■ 26.8658, 24.6650,
16.9864

■ 64.1534, -10.6673,
-13.6852

■ 67.2677, -11.8488,
-17.0401

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.5188, 6.3687, 6.2391



41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313



41.5188, -1.9057, 10.2122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.5188, 2.8475, 9.1319



41.5188, -11.1665, 2.5551



41.5188, 2.2839, -6.3895

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313



42.0982, -5.8858, -5.4147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.5188, -2.5285, -7.6629



41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313



41.5188, -10.1582, -2.1566

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.5188, 2.8475, 9.1319



41.5188, -9.8702, 6.6969



41.5188, -7.0509, -6.0337



41.5188, 6.0329, -2.7281

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313



41.5188, -5.0854, 9.8657



41.5188, -7.0509, -6.0337



41.5188, 0.7303, -7.1283

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.5188, 2.8475, 9.1319



61.8442, -1.3658, 6.4072



38.8359, 12.2008, -3.0653



29.1282, -0.4799, 3.2576



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.5188, 2.8475, 9.1319



53.4454, 5.8349, 14.0515



46.2536, -5.1487, 13.5988



22.2513, -0.4036, 2.4347



26.2479, 23.9994, 16.5940



1.9241, 0.5481, 1.1952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0982, -5.8858, -5.4147



54.3971, -8.5749, -9.9437



37.3158, 2.0874, -12.2274



22.3511, -1.8985, -0.0564



27.5822, -2.7739, -28.4873



2.0095, -0.7303, -0.9351

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

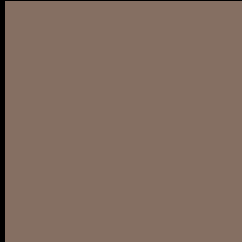
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

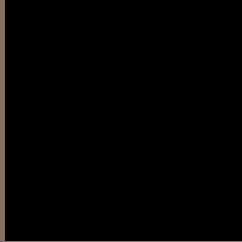
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313.

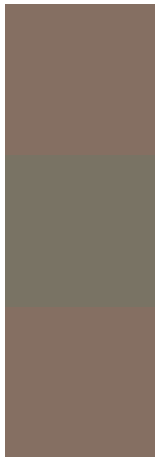


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.5178, 2.8489,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313

Protanopia

41.5289, -2.5454, 8.3324

Deuteranopia

41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313



Tritanopia

41.4251, 7.5029, 1.5698

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313

Protanomaly

41.5878, -0.9848, 8.7800

Deuteranomaly

41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313

Tritanomaly

41.3901, 5.6889, 4.4724

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313

Achromatopsia

41.7908, -2.2299, 2.2706

Achromatomaly

41.5648, -0.5751, 4.9641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 111, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 111, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 111, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 111, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 111, 98) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 111, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 111, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 111, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 111, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 111,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.5178, 2.8489, 9.1313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 111, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
111, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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