

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.7551, 37.1176,  
18.7099)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(41.7551, 37.1176,  
18.7099) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(41.8236, 37.3666,  
18.6729)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C15044
RGB	193, 80, 68
RGB Percent	76%, 31%, 27%
CMY	0.2431, 0.6862, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.65, 0.24
HSL	6°, 50%, 51%
HSV	6°, 65%, 76%
XYZ	25.9044, 17.4921, 7.4799
YIQ	112.4190, 71.2000, 20.2240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

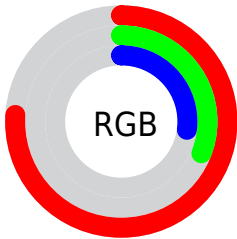
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	193, 81, 68
Decimal	12668996
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.88, 44.54, 29.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 53.671, 33.910
Yxy	17.4931, 0.5092, 0.3438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290859076 (0xFFC15044)
YUV	112.4190, -21.8986, 70.6695
Hunter-Lab	41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729

# Details

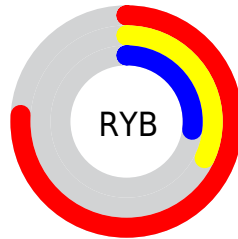
The HunterLab color **41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **61.7449, -25.5693, -10.8467**, and the grayscale version is **40.4768, -2.1597, 2.1992**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.5355, 40.1695, 23.5718**, and **23.9745, 33.8790, 13.2290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.8113, 43.8105, 20.2938**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.4575, 30.5613, 16.7009**.

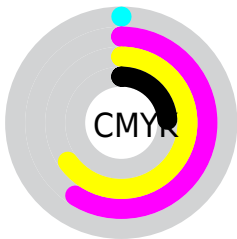
# Distribution



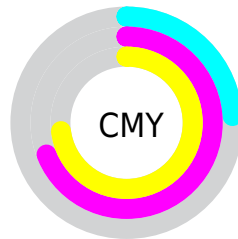
- Red (76%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41.8236, 37.3666,  
18.6729

41.8236, 37.3666,  
18.6729

154.2719, 47.7260,  
38.2838

32.5372, 35.6900,  
16.0681

62.5873, 40.3563,  
23.4798

24.0617, 33.9097,  
13.2650

73.9680, 41.6844,  
25.7413

16.4851, 32.0759,  
10.8854

85.9654, 42.9096,  
27.9354

9.9305, 30.3974,  
6.9513

98.5494, 44.0392,  
30.0759

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.6937, 45.0799,  
32.1734

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.3754, 46.0378,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

34.2364

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.5742, 46.9182,  
36.2715

■ 41.8236, 37.3666,  
18.6729

■ 41.8236, 37.3666,  
18.6729

■ 38.8113, 43.8105,  
20.2938

■ 45.4575, 30.5613,  
16.7009

■ 36.4878, 49.4543,  
21.4181

■ 49.6277, 23.7322,  
14.5089

■ 34.8918, 53.8147,  
21.9494

■ 54.2564, 17.0731,  
12.1982

■ 34.3331, 55.4262,  
22.1262

■ 59.2741, 10.6796,  
9.8349

■ 64.6224, 4.5824,  
7.4585

■ 70.2536, -1.2244,  
5.0903

■ 76.1290, -6.7646,  
2.7403

■ 82.2175, -12.0686,  
0.4119

■ 88.4939, -17.1679,  
-1.8952

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.8248, 46.8331, 4.8410



41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729



41.8248, 17.2945, 24.3016

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.8248, 37.3633, 18.6736



41.8248, -32.9669, 16.0167



41.8248, 0.5885, -58.0255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729



61.7449, -25.5693, -10.8467

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.8248, -18.7288, -49.8336



41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729



41.8248, -35.6897, -0.4611

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.8248, 37.3633, 18.6736



41.8248, -22.6745, 23.3932



41.8248, -31.0284, -25.7292



41.8248, 23.0881, -44.5305



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729



41.8248, 2.1899, 25.4175



41.8248, -31.0284, -25.7292



41.8248, -6.4812, -57.7439

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.8248, 37.3633, 18.6736



83.1898, 9.7807, 11.4227



43.4434, 57.7697, -33.0499



37.5806, 5.6253, 5.7157



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.8248, 37.3633, 18.6736



50.4369, 62.1689, 27.9217



55.4797, 7.6309, 28.4753



31.9844, 0.6689, 2.9222



28.0975, 44.8804, 18.0992



6.2844, 7.9355, 4.0113



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.7449, -25.5693, -10.8467



80.5971, -35.9792, -17.4385



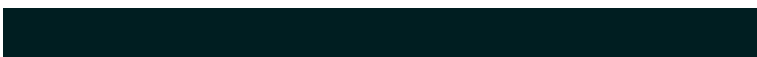
43.0491, 2.3517, -42.9175



33.5525, -4.0101, 0.6635



47.8318, -21.9023, -12.5048

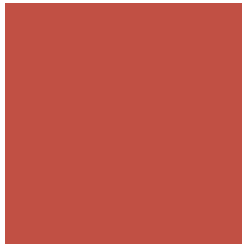


10.1856, -4.8560, -2.2484



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.8236, 37.3666,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729

### Protanopia

42.1514, -3.9406, 14.6761

### Deuteranopia

41.9003, 2.8524, 19.4198



## Tritanopia

41.8839, 39.7845, 14.9206

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729

## Protanomaly

41.1345, 9.8888, 15.3999

## Deuteranomaly

41.3057, 14.9241, 18.7513

## Tritanomaly

41.9659, 38.9328, 16.3576

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729

## Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

## Achromatomaly

39.5242, 10.5576, 7.9389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 80, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 80, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 80, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 80, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 80, 68) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 80, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 80, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 80, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 80, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 80,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.8236, 37.3666, 18.6729 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 80, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193, 80,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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