

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.9017, -0.5124,
-2.8426)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.9017, -0.5124,
-2.8426) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.0644, -0.5741,
-2.8752)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	737480
RGB	115, 116, 128
RGB Percent	45%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5451, 0.4980
CMYK	0.10, 0.09, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	235°, 5%, 48%
HSV	235°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	17.2119, 17.6941, 22.9302
YIQ	117.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

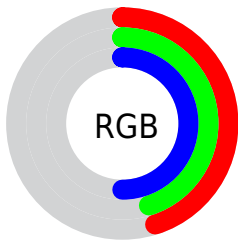
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 116, 128
Decimal	7566464
CIE Lab	49.12, 2.17, -6.71
CIE LCh	49, 7.052, 287.963
Yxy	17.6949, 0.2976, 0.3059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285756544 (0xFF737480)
YUV	117.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145
Hunter-Lab	42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752

Details

The HunterLab color $42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45.8319, -3.9246, 7.1898$, and the grayscale version is $42.1854, -2.2509, 2.2920$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62.8943, -1.4243, -2.4806$, and $24.2735, 0.1223, -3.1087$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37.8600, 1.4863, -8.6269$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.3927, -2.4510, 2.4443$.

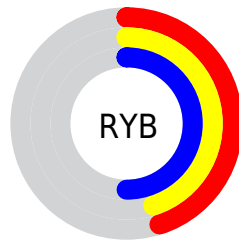
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (45%)

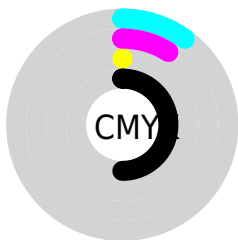
Blue (50%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (50%)

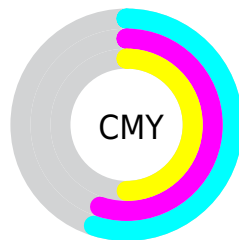


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.0644, -0.5741,
-2.8752

■ 42.0644, -0.5741,
-2.8752

■ 154.6433, -5.6910,
0.7152

■ 32.7584, -0.2094,
-3.0187

■ 62.8623, -1.4497,
-2.4015

■ 24.2618, 0.1005,
-3.0906

■ 74.2587, -1.9507,
-2.0846

■ 16.6616, 0.3460,
-3.0784

■ 86.2711, -2.4900,
-1.7201

■ 10.0796, 0.5128,
-2.9671

■ 98.8693, -3.0654,
-1.3113

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.0272, -3.6748,
-0.8611

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 125.7220, -4.3165,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.3719

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.9334, -4.9890,
0.1541

■ 42.0644, -0.5741,
-2.8752

■ 42.0644, -0.5741,
-2.8752

■ 37.8600, 1.4863,
-8.6269

■ 46.3927, -2.4510,
2.4443

■ 33.7961, 3.7853,
-14.9366

■ 50.8278, -4.1819,
7.4242

■ 29.8993, 6.3901,
-21.9616

■ 55.3592, -5.7980,
12.1381

■ 26.2053, 9.3857,
-29.8942

■ 59.9778, -7.3226,
16.6416

■ 22.7643, 12.8673,
-38.9380

■ 64.6763, -8.7738,
20.9780

■ 19.6479, 16.9103,
-49.2240

■ 69.4486, -10.1654,
25.1808

■ 16.9563, 21.4838,
-60.5851

■ 74.2896, -11.5086,
29.2765

■ 14.8180, 26.2743,
-72.1236

■ 79.1951, -12.8120,
33.2860

■ 13.3141, 30.3731,
-82.2084

■ 84.1612, -14.0827,
37.2260

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0653, -3.3627, -3.0285



42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752



42.0653, 1.8234, -1.2828

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0653, -0.5750, -2.8745



42.0653, 1.4161, 5.9156



42.0653, -7.3794, 3.3429

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752



45.8319, -3.9246, 7.1898

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0653, -6.1678, 5.5740



42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752



42.0653, -1.1191, 6.9931

Square

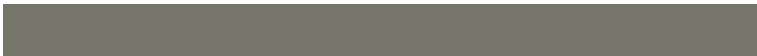
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0653, -0.5750, -2.8745



42.0653, 2.9934, 3.8374



42.0653, -3.8928, 6.8723



42.0653, -7.2423, 0.6809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752



42.0653, 2.8564, 0.3242



42.0653, -3.8928, 6.8723



42.0653, -7.1176, 4.1648

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0653, -0.5750, -2.8745



59.8698, -2.5491, 1.2388



45.4022, -6.2684, 1.6833



28.7638, -1.1462, 0.3516



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0653, -0.5750, -2.8745



54.6186, -0.2056, -5.3793



42.2413, 1.4266, -2.6110



20.6419, -0.3797, -1.1124



13.2615, 30.2301, -81.8337

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.5582, 1.7983, 3.2354



55.4198, 3.5972, 4.5078



45.6692, -5.9602, 6.9792



20.8548, 0.6526, 1.5323



21.3823, 36.7186, 13.0362

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

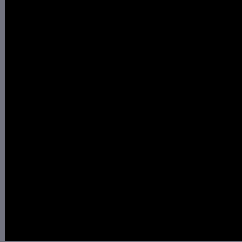
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

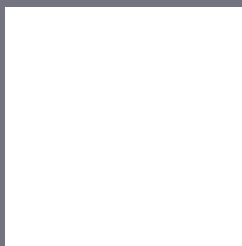
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752.



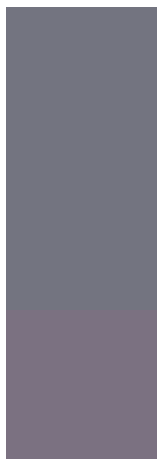
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752.

-2.8752.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752

Protanopia

42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752

Deuteranopia

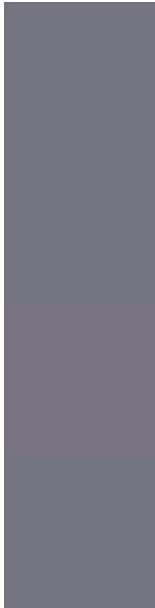
41.9597, 3.2969, -3.4338



Tritanopia

42.0024, -0.9117, -1.9972

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752

Protanomaly

42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752

Deuteranomaly

41.9675, 1.9487, -3.4472

Tritanomaly

42.0332, -0.7436, -2.4343

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752

Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Achromatomaly

42.2091, -1.9106, 0.5662

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 116, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 116, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 116, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 116, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

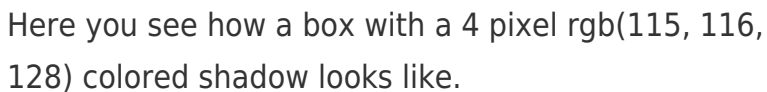
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 116, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 116, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 116, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 116, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 116, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 116, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.0644, -0.5741, -2.8752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 116, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
116, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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