

Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.9453, 1.4723,
-49.6873)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(41.9453, 1.4723,
-49.6873) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(41.8153, 1.7254,
-49.9563)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2876C6
RGB	40, 118, 198
RGB Percent	16%, 46%, 78%
CMY	0.8431, 0.5373, 0.2235
CMYK	0.80, 0.40, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	210°, 66%, 47%
HSV	210°, 80%, 78%
XYZ	17.5465, 17.4852, 55.8762
YIQ	103.7980, -72.1680, 8.3440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

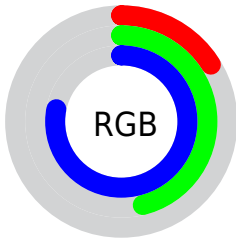
Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 92, 198
Decimal	2651846
CIE _{Lab}	48.87, 5.11, -48.28
CIE _{LCh}	49, 48.554, 276.039
Yxy	17.4857, 0.1930, 0.1923
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280841926 (0xFF2876C6)
YUV	103.7980, 46.4416, -55.9508
Hunter-Lab	41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563

Details

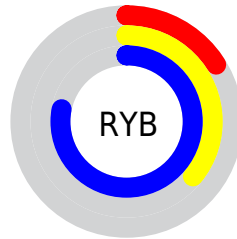
The HunterLab color **41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **50.5918, 18.6882, 29.1475**, and the grayscale version is **36.9813, -1.9732, 2.0093**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.6773, 0.9711, -50.8563**, and **25.2862, 6.7460, -46.1683** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.6627, 5.4984, -58.0105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.2521, -1.2147, -42.1373**.

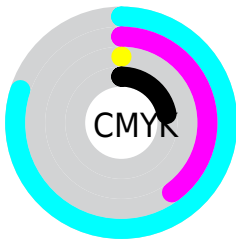
Distribution



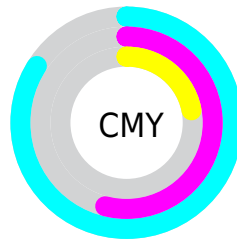
- Red (16%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.8153, 1.7254,
-49.9563

■ 41.8153, 1.7254,
-49.9563

■ 154.2583, -2.1852,
-55.9859

■ 32.5291, 1.9163,
-49.5912

■ 62.5772, 1.1675,
-51.2350

■ 24.0544, 2.0351,
-49.6959

■ 73.9573, 0.8110,
-51.9679

■ 16.4787, 2.0685,
-50.8388

■ 85.9542, 0.4089,
-52.7061

■ 9.9250, 1.9938,
-54.6406

■ 98.5376, -0.0354,
-53.4290

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 111.6814, -0.5191,
-54.1244

0.0000, NaN, -NF

125.3627, -1.0399,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-54.7849

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.5610, -1.5958,
-55.4062

■ 41.8153, 1.7254,
-49.9563

■ 41.8153, 1.7254,
-49.9563

■ 38.6627, 5.4984,
-58.0105

■ 45.2521, -1.2147,
-42.1373

■ 35.7850, 10.0091,
-66.2932

■ 48.9471, -3.3676,
-34.6138

■ 35.7266, 10.1065,
-66.4722

■ 52.8753, -4.8052,
-27.4106

■ 57.0123, -5.6094,
-20.5283

■ 61.3362, -5.8605,
-13.9516

■ 65.8276, -5.6320,
-7.6564

■ 70.4699, -4.9885,
-1.6146

■ 75.2487, -3.9854,
4.2023

■ 80.1515, -2.6700,
9.8214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.8159, -16.2099, -44.2850



41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563



41.8159, 21.8086, -37.3027

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.8159, 1.7262, -49.9553



41.8159, 32.0464, 18.1277



41.8159, -30.9320, 14.1854

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563



50.5918, 18.6882, 29.1475

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.8159, -21.8322, 21.8937



41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563



41.8159, 13.8603, 23.3443

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.8159, 1.7262, -49.9553



41.8159, 41.2342, 5.8085



41.8159, -6.0510, 24.3174



41.8159, -33.0064, -1.5941

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563



41.8159, 33.0491, -22.5134



41.8159, -6.0510, 24.3174



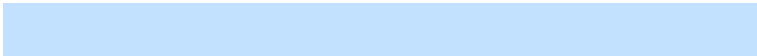
41.8159, -28.6852, 17.5388

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.8159, 1.7262, -49.9553



84.8409, -7.7069, -13.9719



64.9399, -46.5766, 23.2639



38.2560, -3.6032, -7.8737

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.8159, 1.7262, -49.9553



48.5072, 11.8912, -85.5404



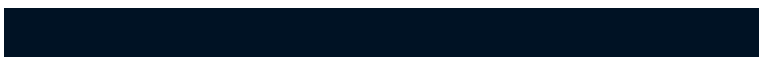
24.5909, 42.8224, -112.9114



33.3731, -2.3399, -0.6489



29.1055, 7.5649, -52.7097



7.3894, -0.2708, -8.6516

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5128, 59.2174, -1.6184



48.0845, 84.5729, 4.6154



72.4897, -18.8398, 42.6951



32.7456, 1.8313, 0.8590



28.9744, 51.6472, 3.0048



6.4198, 11.6553, -0.9770

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

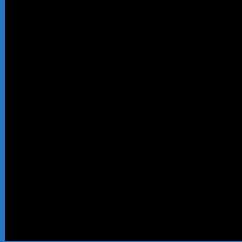
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563

Protanopia

41.7784, 8.1107, -45.7136

Deuteranopia

41.8687, 3.3440, -49.7986



Tritanopia

41.5612, -19.8767, -9.0397

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563

Protanomaly

41.7072, 5.3155, -47.6029

Deuteranomaly

41.7471, 2.9366, -50.1010

Tritanomaly

41.2976, -12.8402, -22.5247

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563

Achromatopsia

37.2064, -1.9852, 2.0215

Achromatomaly

38.1072, -3.6884, -13.9937

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 118, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 118, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 118, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 118, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

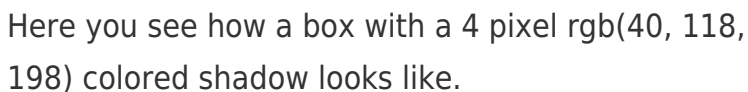
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 118, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 118, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 118, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 118, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 118, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 118, 198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.8153, 1.7254, -49.9563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 118, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 118,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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