

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.9453, 3.6104,  
-60.7065)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(41.9453, 3.6104,  
-60.7065) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(41.9643, 3.6010,  
-60.2252)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0076D2
RGB	0, 118, 210
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 82%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5373, 0.1765
CMYK	1.00, 0.44, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	206°, 100%, 41%
HSV	206°, 100%, 82%
XYZ	18.1113, 17.6100, 63.4173
YIQ	93.2060, -99.8600, 3.5960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

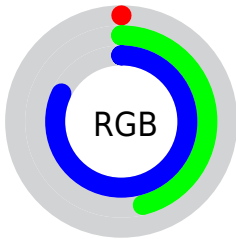
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 76, 210
Decimal	30418
CIELab	49.02, 7.47, -54.92
CIElCh	49, 55.426, 277.742
Yxy	17.6105, 0.1827, 0.1776
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220498 (0xFF0076D2)
YUV	93.2060, 57.5794, -81.7417
Hunter-Lab	41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252

# Details

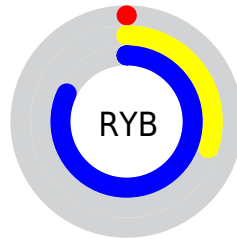
The HunterLab color **41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **46.2220, 36.5497, 29.1198**, and the grayscale version is **32.9869, -1.7601, 1.7922**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.1923, -0.6892, -51.8823**, and **26.2165, 9.7457, -53.8065** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9584, 3.6119, -60.2413**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.7709, -0.3687, -53.1654**.

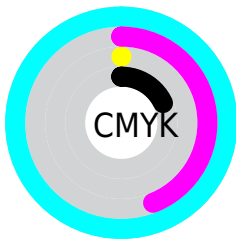
# Distribution



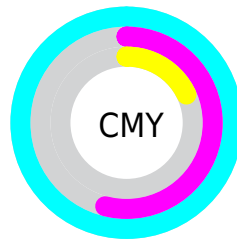
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.9643, 3.6010,  
-60.2252

■ 41.9643, 3.6010,  
-60.2252

■ 154.4884, 0.6339,  
-66.5690

■ 32.6661, 3.6565,  
-60.1462

■ 62.7476, 3.2892,  
-61.3037

■ 24.1783, 3.6283,  
-60.7866

■ 74.1374, 3.0456,  
-62.0370

■ 16.5879, 3.5003,  
-62.9563

■ 86.1435, 2.7511,  
-62.8142

■ 10.0173, 3.2450,  
-68.9440

■ 98.7358, 2.4096,  
-63.6029

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 111.8880, 2.0246,  
-64.3832

0.0000, NaN, -NF

125.5774, 1.5988,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-65.1425

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.7836, 1.1345,  
-65.8728

■ 41.9643, 3.6010,  
-60.2252

■ 41.9643, 3.6010,  
-60.2252

■ 41.9584, 3.6119,  
-60.2413

■ 44.7709, -0.3687,  
-53.1654

■ 47.8216, -3.6189,  
-46.1914

■ 51.1356, -6.0434,  
-39.2927

■ 54.6988, -7.6679,  
-32.5201

■ 58.4932, -8.5495,  
-25.9102

■ 62.4994, -8.7588,  
-19.4836

■ 66.6989, -8.3692,  
-13.2473

■ 71.0741, -7.4511,  
-7.1987

■ 75.6095, -6.0686,  
-1.3288

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.9649, -17.0727, -54.5167



41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252



41.9649, 26.8711, -43.5335

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.9649, 3.6021, -60.2242



41.9649, 36.6579, 20.1877



41.9649, -34.6163, 14.8321

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252



46.2220, 36.5497, 29.1198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.9649, -25.0939, 23.2555



41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252



41.9649, 14.9869, 25.0518

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.9649, 3.6021, -60.2242



41.9649, 48.3527, 7.3450



41.9649, -7.7817, 25.7798



41.9649, -36.4310, -3.4976



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252



41.9649, 39.7872, -25.3198



41.9649, -7.7817, 25.7798



41.9649, -32.3218, 18.5694

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.9649, 3.6021, -60.2242



82.8914, -10.4543, -16.7761



68.4468, -54.7498, 32.6391



37.3062, -4.9671, -9.2818

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.9649, 3.6021, -60.2242



51.9066, 5.1473, -75.9903



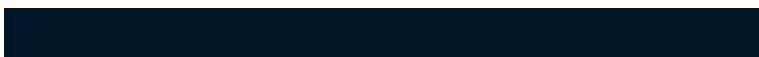
22.2909, 55.4124, -147.4730



35.3606, -2.7856, -0.4657



33.0790, 2.2673, -46.2402



8.7657, -1.0532, -8.6829



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.7438, 69.7188, -1.1348



48.2193, 86.7061, -0.8493



72.9270, -14.2479, 44.6867



34.5223, 2.0613, 0.6157



30.2917, 54.5761, -1.3609



7.2723, 13.3003, -1.8612



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

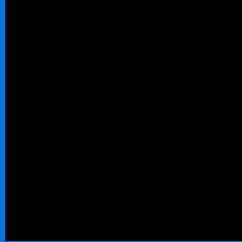
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252

### Protanopia

41.9935, 10.1315, -55.4937

### Deuteranopia

41.9050, 3.2844, -59.4678



## Tritanopia

41.8754, -20.2644, -8.5955

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252

## Protanomaly

41.6501, 6.4833, -58.2548

## Deuteranomaly

41.9050, 3.2844, -59.4678

## Tritanomaly

41.6504, -12.7411, -24.5549

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252

## Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976

## Achromatomaly

34.9430, -4.9641, -18.0772

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 118, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 118, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 118, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 118, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 118, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 118, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 118, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 118, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 118, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 118,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.9643, 3.6010, -60.2252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 118, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 118,  
210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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