

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(41.9483, 83.7424,  
-65.2281)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(41.9483, 83.7424,  
-65.2281) contains.

<b>HunterLab(41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(41.9122, 83.7285,  
-65.5720)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CA00D9
RGB	202, 0, 217
RGB Percent	79%, 0%, 85%
CMY	0.2078, 0.9999, 0.1490
CMYK	0.07, 1.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	296°, 100%, 43%
HSV	296°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	36.8815, 17.5663, 67.0924
YIQ	85.1360, 50.7350, 110.3110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

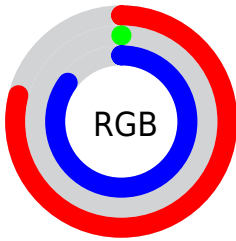
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	202, 0, 217
Decimal	13238489
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.97, 84.67, -58.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 102.728, 325.505
Yxy	17.5671, 0.3035, 0.1445
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291428569 (0xFFCA00D9)
YUV	85.1360, 65.0090, 102.4897
Hunter-Lab	41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720

# Details

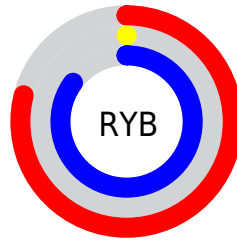
The HunterLab color  $41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC00CC`. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be  $70.5179, -60.0980, 42.4001$ , and the grayscale version is  $29.9519, -1.5982, 1.6273$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $60.2567, 81.7827, -54.5283$ , and  $29.0049, 58.5432, -50.0270$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $41.9122, 83.7286, -65.5723$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $42.8254, 81.6570, -63.0656$ .

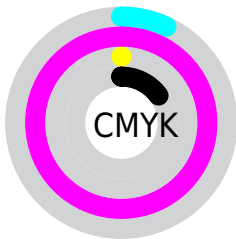
# Distribution



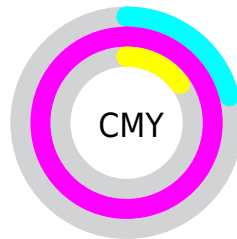
- Red (79%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41.9122, 83.7285,  
-65.5720

41.9122, 83.7285,  
-65.5720

154.4084,  
104.5282, -71.9191

32.6185, 81.3116,  
-65.6845

62.6883, 88.7797,  
-66.4874

24.1352, 79.2242,  
-66.6684

74.0748, 91.2667,  
-67.2001

16.5499, 77.9935,  
-69.4812

86.0777, 93.6860,  
-67.9800

9.9852, 79.1578,  
-76.8322

98.6669, 96.0255,  
-68.7875

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

111.8162, 98.2800,  
-69.5984

0.0000, NaN, -NF

125.5028,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.4480, -70.3968

139.7062,  
102.5302, -71.1726

■ 41.9122, 83.7285,  
-65.5720

■ 41.9122, 83.7285,  
-65.5720

■ 41.9122, 83.7286,  
-65.5723

■ 42.8254, 81.6570,  
-63.0656

■ 44.4387, 77.2041,  
-58.8502

■ 46.9025, 70.2087,  
-52.8536

■ 50.2075, 61.2132,  
-45.5119

■ 54.2904, 50.9050,  
-37.3465

■ 59.0627, 39.8977,  
-28.8059

■ 64.4310, 28.6383,  
-20.2045

■ 70.3089, 17.4060,  
-11.7290

■ 76.6217, 6.3522,  
-3.4718

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.9131, 37.0617, -135.8718



41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720



41.9131, 107.7907, -3.9827

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.9131, 83.7267, -65.5698



41.9131, 4.0730, 29.3392



41.9131, -52.0659, -44.0987

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720



70.5179, -60.0980, 42.4001

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.9131, -55.2024, 7.7068



41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720



41.9131, -30.8933, 29.3392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



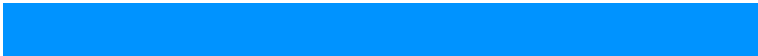
41.9131, 83.7267, -65.5698



41.9131, 51.9281, 29.3392



41.9131, -49.2019, 26.3356



41.9131, -37.9892, -117.1365



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720



41.9131, 102.9710, 17.7019



41.9131, -49.2019, 26.3356



41.9131, -54.1331, -22.8969

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.9131, 83.7267, -65.5698



77.1563, 34.7661, -24.5484



23.3366, 56.6294, -151.4115



34.3938, 18.7502, -13.3865

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.9131, 83.7267, -65.5698



50.2880, 100.4765, -78.7972



40.3411, 72.8540, -3.1729



36.3685, 2.7171, -1.4291



32.6386, 65.1858, -50.9344



8.3916, 16.7120, -12.7262



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.4537, 65.9394, 24.1512



46.1546, 79.1331, 29.1108



70.9730, -57.1086, 34.5722



36.1470, 1.3951, 2.7533



29.9273, 51.3400, 18.6516



7.6516, 13.1945, 4.2399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

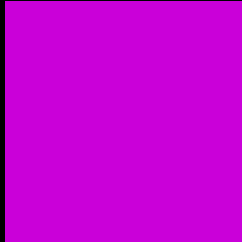
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

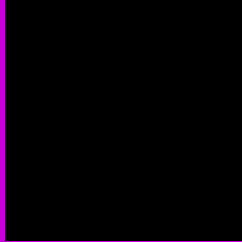
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720.

-65.5720.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720

### Protanopia

42.8783, 16.1085, -88.3678

### Deuteranopia

42.6982, 3.9187, -52.9461



## Tritanopia

42.2103, 34.5181, 12.7117

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720



## Protanomaly

34.6522, 40.8148, -108.5576



## Deuteranomaly

35.7430, 36.9239, -77.3897



## Tritanomaly

39.5613, 55.1757, -10.1259

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720



## Achromatopsia

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376



## Achromatomaly

29.8680, 34.1176, -25.0474

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 0, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 0, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 0, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 0, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 0, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 0, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 0, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 0, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 0, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 0,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.9122, 83.7285, -65.5720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 0, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202, 0,  
217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

[@ConvertingColor](#)