

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.0084, 8.4355,  
-10.6440)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.0084, 8.4355,  
-10.6440) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.0084, 8.4355,  
-10.6440)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F6E8F
RGB	127, 110, 143
RGB Percent	50%, 43%, 56%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5686, 0.4392
CMYK	0.11, 0.23, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	271°, 13%, 50%
HSV	271°, 23%, 56%
XYZ	19.2863, 17.6471, 28.3763
YIQ	118.8450, -0.4610, 13.8670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

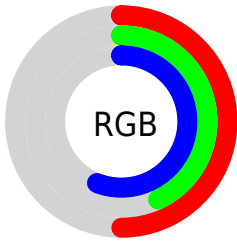
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	127, 110, 143
Decimal	8351375
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.07, 13.36, -15.57
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 20.515, 310.635
Yxy	17.6478, 0.2953, 0.2702
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286541455 (0xFF7F6E8F)
YUV	118.8450, 11.9084, 7.1519
Hunter-Lab	42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440

# Details

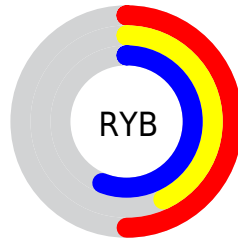
The HunterLab color  $[42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666699$ . A complement of this color would be  $[50.2063, -12.3399, 13.2991]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[42.8468, -2.2862, 2.3279]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[62.9088, 8.5735, -10.8705]$ , and  $[24.1977, 8.1132, -10.3220]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[37.8057, 13.4867, -17.2229]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[46.4085, 3.4985, -4.5420]$ .

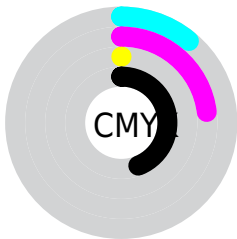
# Distribution



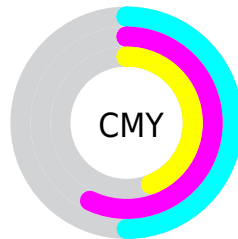
- Red (50%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.0084, 8.4355,  
-10.6440

■ 42.0084, 8.4355,  
-10.6440

■ 154.5569, 7.7853,  
-10.0515

■ 32.7069, 8.1605,  
-10.4026

■ 62.7983, 8.7215,  
-10.9101

■ 24.2152, 7.7797,  
-10.0867

■ 74.1911, 8.7548,  
-10.9462

■ 16.6205, 7.2700,  
-9.7013

■ 86.1999, 8.7245,  
-10.9234

■ 10.0448, 6.5993,  
-9.2884

■ 98.7948, 8.6363,  
-10.8458

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 111.9496, 8.4947,  
-10.7169

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 125.6414, 8.3036,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.5397

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.8498, 8.0662,  
-10.3172

■ 42.0084, 8.4355,  
-10.6440

■ 42.0084, 8.4355,  
-10.6440

■ 37.8057, 13.4867,  
-17.2229

■ 46.4085, 3.4985,  
-4.5420

■ 33.8345, 18.6470,  
-24.3631

■ 50.9753, -1.3306,  
1.1619

■ 30.1433, 23.8701,  
-32.1224

■ 55.6879, -6.0678,  
6.5406

■ 26.7940, 29.0364,  
-40.4854

■ 60.5289, -10.7295,  
11.6549

■ 23.8627, 33.8981,  
-49.2701

■ 65.4849, -15.3311,  
16.5546

■ 21.4358, 38.0281,  
-58.0037

■ 70.5446, -19.8859,  
21.2802

■ 19.5899, 40.8514,  
-65.8645

■ 75.6991, -24.4057,  
25.8644

■ 18.5089, 42.4115,  
-71.0968

■ 80.9407, -28.9000,  
30.3337

■ 86.2631, -33.3769,  
34.7094

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0093, 0.6818, -15.1212



42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440



42.0093, 13.5532, -2.9518

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0093, 8.4346, -10.6431



42.0093, 3.0690, 14.0406



42.0093, -16.5366, -0.5528

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440



50.2063, -12.3399, 13.2991

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0093, -16.0042, 6.9269



42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440



42.0093, -5.0914, 14.4385

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0093, 8.4346, -10.6431



42.0093, 10.2961, 10.8677



42.0093, -11.9517, 12.0828



42.0093, -13.4659, -8.6021



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440



42.0093, 14.5671, 2.4513



42.0093, -11.9517, 12.0828



42.0093, -16.7669, 2.1214

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0093, 8.4346, -10.6431



65.7021, 0.8352, -1.4962



45.1096, -4.0988, -6.4314



31.3165, 0.5544, -0.8983



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0093, 8.4346, -10.6431



53.0791, 14.9978, -19.0139



43.5607, 13.3533, -8.2947



23.2013, 0.7728, -1.0962



17.4400, 39.9207, -66.6687



2.0541, 4.3339, -4.9991



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.0100, 10.5175, -0.5244



54.7991, 18.4319, -1.5471



49.0776, -16.5339, 12.1295



23.3772, 1.1699, 0.6677



23.5609, 41.9947, 2.4654



2.3978, 4.4453, -1.0784



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

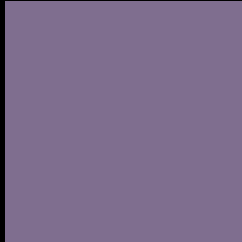
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

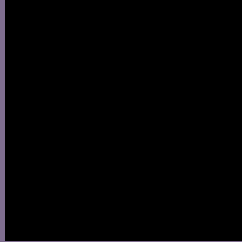
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440.

-10.6440.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440

### Protanopia

41.9753, 1.8289, -13.0932

### Deuteranopia

41.9910, 2.9047, -10.2084



## Tritanopia

42.1305, 2.1307, -0.3732

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440

## Protanomaly

41.9507, 4.4353, -12.5067

## Deuteranomaly

42.0538, 4.4863, -10.0882

## Tritanomaly

42.1686, 4.0576, -3.6387

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440

## Achromatopsia

42.9506, -2.2917, 2.3336

## Achromatomaly

42.6461, 1.4124, -2.0894

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 110, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 110, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 110, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 110, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 110, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 110, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 110, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 110, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 110, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 110,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.0084, 8.4355, -10.6440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 110, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
110, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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