

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.0317, -1.5141,  
-29.8952)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.0317, -1.5141,  
-29.8952) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.0317, -1.5141,  
-29.8952)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4A77AD
RGB	74, 119, 173
RGB Percent	29%, 47%, 68%
CMY	0.7098, 0.5333, 0.3216
CMYK	0.57, 0.31, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	213°, 40%, 48%
HSV	213°, 57%, 68%
XYZ	16.9637, 17.6666, 42.0511
YIQ	111.7010, -44.1540, 7.2540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

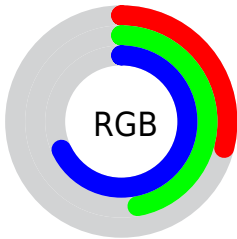
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	74, 105, 173
Decimal	4880301
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.09, 0.96, -33.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 33.437, 271.637
Yxy	17.6673, 0.2212, 0.2304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283070381 (0xFF4A77AD)
YUV	111.7010, 30.2204, -33.0638
Hunter-Lab	42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952

# Details

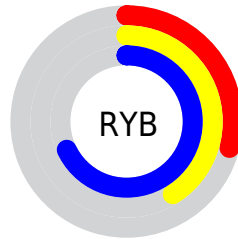
The HunterLab color  $42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $336699$ . A complement of this color would be  $49.8179, 6.6576, 23.1027$ , and the grayscale version is  $40.0393, -2.1364, 2.1754$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $62.8719, -2.3906, -31.2060$ , and  $24.2127, -0.7681, -28.6057$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $38.6479, 0.4566, -36.8291$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $45.6177, -2.8872, -23.3260$ .

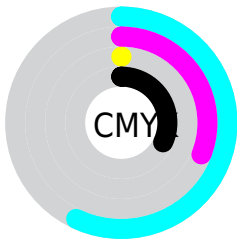
# Distribution



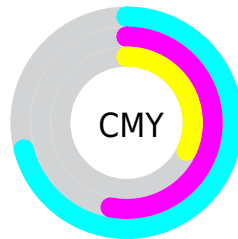
- Red (29%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.0317, -1.5141,  
-29.8952

■ 42.0317, -1.5141,  
-29.8952

■ 154.5926, -7.1307,  
-33.8818

■ 32.7282, -1.0751,  
-29.2925

■ 62.8248, -2.5203,  
-31.0955

■ 24.2345, -0.6850,  
-28.7787

■ 74.2191, -3.0814,  
-31.6440

■ 16.6375, -0.3503,  
-28.5410

■ 86.2294, -3.6779,  
-32.1447

■ 10.0592, -0.0809,  
-29.1305

■ 98.8256, -4.3077,  
-32.5944

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 111.9817, -4.9692,  
-32.9923

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.6747, -5.6611,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-33.3388

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.8844, -6.3819,  
-33.6348

■ 42.0317, -1.5141,  
-29.8952

■ 42.0317, -1.5141,  
-29.8952

■ 38.6479, 0.4566,  
-36.8291

■ 45.6177, -2.8872,  
-23.3260

■ 35.4901, 3.0984,  
-44.1254

■ 49.3806, -3.7402,  
-17.1066

■ 32.5860, 6.4670,  
-51.7420

■ 53.3011, -4.1448,  
-11.2064

■ 29.9517, 10.5446,  
-59.6209

■ 57.3620, -4.1643,  
-5.5911

■ 29.2515, 11.7397,  
-61.9045

■ 61.5489, -3.8533,  
-0.2259

■ 65.8495, -3.2576,  
4.9219

■ 70.2535, -2.4159,  
9.8818

■ 74.7521, -1.3603,  
14.6803

■ 79.3377, -0.1175,  
19.3400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0324, -13.6845, -25.1399



42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952



42.0324, 11.9827, -24.0432

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0324, -1.5139, -29.8943



42.0324, 21.7398, 13.1257



42.0324, -22.4105, 12.2561

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952



49.8179, 6.6576, 23.1027

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0324, -14.8005, 18.1425



42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952



42.0324, 10.5660, 18.5242

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0324, -1.5139, -29.8943



42.0324, 26.3983, 2.9751



42.0324, -2.9711, 20.0286



42.0324, -24.8158, 1.5889



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952



42.0324, 19.6736, -15.7205



42.0324, -2.9711, 20.0286



42.0324, -20.4271, 14.7291

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0324, -1.5139, -29.8943



76.7242, -5.5744, -7.5369



57.3329, -33.1267, 14.0539



35.2740, -2.6130, -4.1743



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0324, -1.5139, -29.8943



50.4269, 1.5676, -52.1505



30.8316, 21.7556, -56.6488



28.8693, -1.8763, -0.6302



25.2931, 9.5964, -52.3302



5.3681, -0.5024, -5.6251



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8774, 37.6244, -2.0025



47.0415, 60.9470, -1.1891



62.3656, -15.5676, 31.9969



28.4141, 1.4801, 0.8898



26.3607, 46.7446, 4.6225

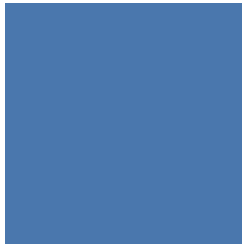


4.5214, 8.2488, -0.9984



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

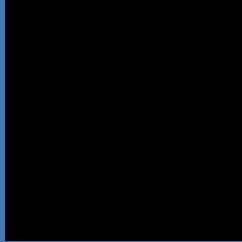
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952.



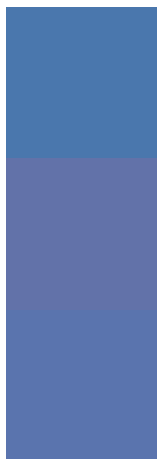
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952

### Protanopia

41.8281, 4.5360, -27.3526

### Deuteranopia

42.0956, 3.0906, -30.4077



## Tritanopia

41.9870, -15.1985, -7.2854

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952

## Protanomaly

41.8532, 1.9084, -28.0511

## Deuteranomaly

42.0278, 1.4457, -30.5692

## Tritanomaly

41.7443, -10.5277, -14.8466

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952

## Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

## Achromatomaly

40.7178, -3.4346, -7.8118

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 119, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(74, 119, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 119, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 119, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 119, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 119, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 119,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.0317, -1.5141, -29.8952 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 119,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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