

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.0741, 2.1929,  
3.1684)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.0741, 2.1929, 3.1684)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(41.9967, 2.5940,  
3.0251)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	807173
RGB	128, 113, 115
RGB Percent	50%, 44%, 45%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5569, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.10, 0.50
HSL	352°, 6%, 47%
HSV	352°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	17.9017, 17.6372, 18.6804
YIQ	117.7130, 8.2980, 3.8020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

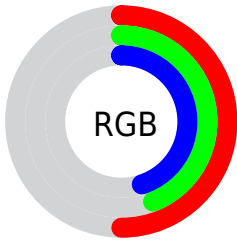
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 113, 115
Decimal	8417651
CIE Lab	49.05, 6.21, 1.03
CIE LCh	49, 6.290, 9.420
Yxy	17.6380, 0.3302, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286607731 (0xFF807173)
YUV	117.7130, -1.3375, 9.0217
Hunter-Lab	41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251

# Details

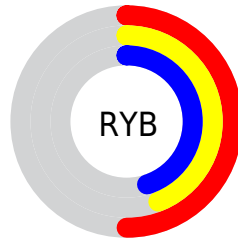
The HunterLab color  $[41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $[45.2281, -6.9420, 1.8709]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[42.4559, -2.2653, 2.3067]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[62.8682, 2.0930, 4.2973]$ , and  $[24.1829, 2.9114, 1.9331]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[38.3929, 7.0745, 3.5950]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[45.7925, -1.7477, 2.5878]$ .

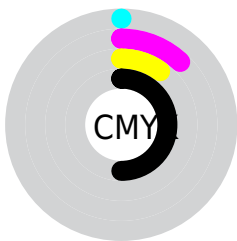
# Distribution



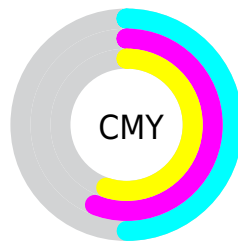
- Red (50%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41.9967, 2.5940,  
3.0251

41.9967, 2.5940,  
3.0251

154.5389, -0.8829,  
9.5602

32.6962, 2.7202,  
2.4591

62.7850, 2.1476,  
4.2652

24.2055, 2.7710,  
1.9307

74.1770, 1.8433,  
4.9345

16.6120, 2.7298,  
1.4430

86.1851, 1.4909,  
5.6347

10.0376, 2.5715,  
0.9987

98.7793, 1.0941,  
6.3646

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.9334, 0.6560,  
7.1230

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.6246, 0.1791,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.9091

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.8324, -0.3345,  
8.7217

■ 41.9967, 2.5940,  
3.0251

■ 41.9967, 2.5940,  
3.0251

■ 38.3929, 7.0745,  
3.5950

■ 45.7925, -1.7477,  
2.5878

■ 35.0115, 11.6895,  
4.3158

■ 49.7508, -5.9543,  
2.2615

■ 31.8945, 16.4006,  
5.2065

■ 53.8514, -10.0411,  
2.0297

■ 29.0915, 21.1198,  
6.2764

■ 58.0771, -14.0240,  
1.8780

■ 26.6596, 25.6822,  
7.5156

■ 62.4141, -17.9190,  
1.7940

■ 24.6582, 29.8287,  
8.8805

■ 66.8512, -21.7404,  
1.7679

■ 23.1384, 33.2261,  
10.2836

■ 71.3789, -25.5010,  
1.7912

■ 22.1251, 35.5565,  
11.5993

■ 75.9896, -29.2119,  
1.8572

■ 21.5171, 37.0375,  
12.4403

■ 80.6766, -32.8825,  
1.9602

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.9976, 2.3409, 0.6508



41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251



41.9976, 1.5257, 5.0807

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.9976, 2.5928, 3.0258



41.9976, -5.2449, 5.6594



41.9976, -3.9154, -2.2125

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251



45.2281, -6.9420, 1.8709

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.9976, -5.8836, -0.7149



41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251



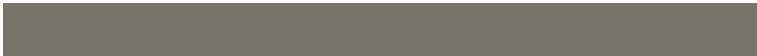
41.9976, -6.6387, 3.8581

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.9976, 2.5928, 3.0258



41.9976, -3.0251, 6.5416



41.9976, -6.8697, 1.5326



41.9976, -1.4554, -2.4675



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251



41.9976, 0.2243, 6.0266



41.9976, -6.8697, 1.5326



41.9976, -4.6549, -1.8337

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.9976, 2.5928, 3.0258



59.5447, -0.9676, 3.5574



42.1962, 4.0190, -2.6240



28.6484, -0.2847, 1.7388



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.9976, 2.5928, 3.0258



54.4542, 4.9716, 4.1938



43.4247, -0.2736, 5.4214



20.8635, 0.6997, 1.4074



21.4265, 36.8821, 12.3831

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.9976, 2.5928, 3.0258



54.4542, 4.9716, 4.1938



43.7173, -4.1206, -0.8308



20.8635, 0.6997, 1.4074



21.4265, 36.8821, 12.3831

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

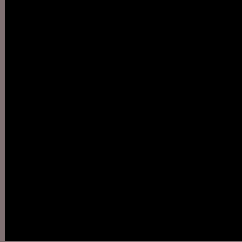
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 41.9967, 2.5940,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251

### Protanopia

42.0679, -1.2137, 2.1813

### Deuteranopia

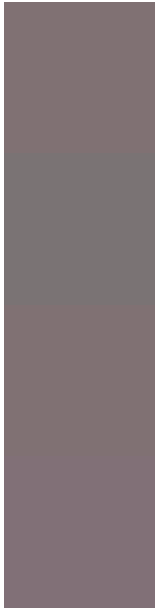
41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251



## Tritanopia

41.9952, 4.2865, 0.4135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251

## Protanomaly

42.0238, -0.0194, 2.5828

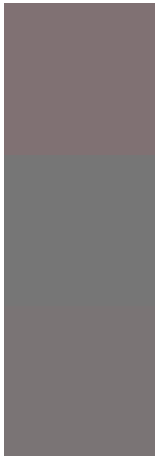
## Deuteranomaly

41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251

## Tritanomaly

41.9373, 3.9783, 1.2369

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251

## Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

## Achromatomaly

42.3234, -0.3339, 2.4974

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 113, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 113, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 113, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 113, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 113, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 113, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 113, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 113, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 113, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 113,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 41.9967, 2.5940, 3.0251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 113, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
113, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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