

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.1503, -3.0090,
4.1071)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.1503, -3.0090, 4.1071)
contains.

HunterLab(42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(42.0675, -2.8502,
3.8531)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757571
RGB	117, 117, 113
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 44%
CMY	0.5412, 0.5412, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.54
HSL	60°, 2%, 45%
HSV	60°, 3%, 46%
XYZ	16.6780, 17.6967, 18.1596
YIQ	116.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

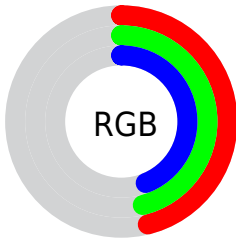
Format	Color
R _Y B	113, 117, 113
Decimal	7697777
CIE Lab	49.13, -0.79, 2.20
CIE LCh	49, 2.337, 109.873
Yxy	17.6975, 0.3175, 0.3369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285887857 (0xFF757571)
YUV	116.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999
Hunter-Lab	42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531

Details

The HunterLab color $42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40.7502, -1.5482, 0.5952$, and the grayscale version is $42.0077, -2.2414, 2.2824$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62.8709, -4.0056, 5.1009$, and $24.2963, -1.8430, 2.7351$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41.7735, -4.4758, 8.0779$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42.4014, -1.0307, -0.8807$.

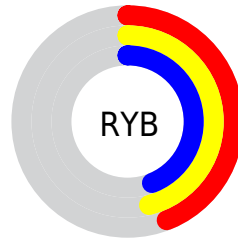
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (46%)

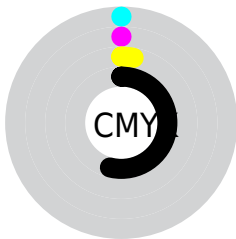
Blue (44%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (44%)

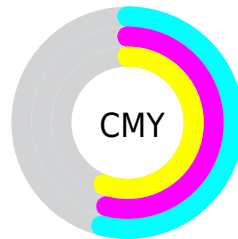


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.0675, -2.8502,
3.8531

■ 42.0675, -2.8502,
3.8531

154.6481, -9.1941,
10.8592

■ 32.7613, -2.3055,
3.2169

■ 62.8659, -4.0491,
5.2182

■ 24.2644, -1.7984,
2.6112

■ 74.2625, -4.6974,
5.9441

■ 16.6639, -1.3328,
2.0364

■ 86.2751, -5.3766,
6.6980

■ 10.0816, -0.9121,
1.4906

■ 98.8734, -6.0854,
7.4790

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.0315, -6.8225,
8.2864

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.7265, -7.5869,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.9381, -8.3777,
9.9771

■ 42.0675, -2.8502,
3.8531

■ 42.0675, -2.8502,
3.8531

■ 41.7735, -4.4758,
8.0779

■ 42.4014, -1.0307,
-0.8807

■ 41.5158, -5.9044,
11.7914

■ 42.7729, 0.9839,
-6.1212

■ 41.2945, -7.1387,
14.9988

■ 43.1834, 3.1897,
-11.8596

■ 41.1084, -8.1820,
17.7090

■ 43.6329, 5.5820,
-18.0844

■ 40.9559, -9.0401,
19.9367

■ 44.1216, 8.1553,
-24.7813

■ 40.8353, -9.7205,
21.7020

■ 44.6492, 10.9032,
-31.9334

■ 40.7446, -10.2335,
23.0312

■ 45.2155, 13.8184,
-39.5221

■ 40.6813, -10.5920,
23.9581

■ 45.8200, 16.8931,
-47.5269

■ 40.6420, -10.8146,
24.5316

■ 46.4624, 20.1190,
-55.9264

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0684, -1.9330, 3.9254



42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531



42.0684, -3.6014, 3.3683

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0684, -2.8512, 3.8537



42.0684, -3.3897, 0.9725



42.0684, -0.4775, 1.9906

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531



40.7502, -1.5482, 0.5952

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0684, -0.8751, 1.1822



42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531



42.0684, -2.5599, 0.5860

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0684, -2.8512, 3.8537



42.0684, -3.9104, 1.7093



42.0684, -1.6392, 0.6636



42.0684, -0.5572, 2.8623

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531



42.0684, -3.9077, 2.8693



42.0684, -1.6392, 0.6636



42.0684, -0.5599, 1.7022

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0684, -2.8512, 3.8537



56.3953, -3.2558, 3.7018



40.9693, -1.0165, 2.6179



27.0430, -1.5521, 1.7515



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0684, -2.8512, 3.8537



56.2648, -3.9721, 5.5646



41.9053, -3.4221, 3.6575



20.7218, -1.4983, 2.1408



42.6368, -11.4771, 26.0716



94.1205, -25.3386, 57.5530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.7502, -1.5482, 0.5952



54.1501, -1.8815, 0.3365



40.9144, -0.9809, 0.8045



19.8642, -0.6504, 0.0205



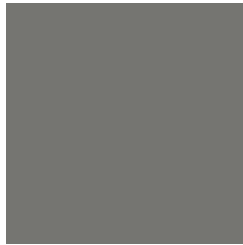
11.8977, 32.2685, -84.5072



26.2618, 71.2315, -186.5725

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

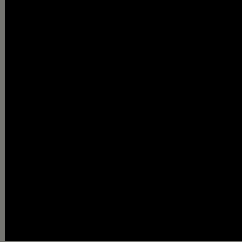
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531

Protanopia

42.0430, -1.5189, 3.8485

Deuteranopia

42.0622, 2.7596, 3.5269



Tritanopia

41.9984, 0.3561, -1.0344

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531

Protanomaly

41.9583, -1.8123, 3.7467

Deuteranomaly

41.9637, 1.0541, 3.3837

Tritanomaly

42.0695, -1.0378, 0.8619

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531

Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Achromatomaly

42.1491, -2.4025, 2.6875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 117, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 117, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 117, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 117, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 117, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 117, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 117, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 117, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 117, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 117,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.0675, -2.8502, 3.8531 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 117, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
117, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor