

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.1633, 2.3339,
0.2613)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.1633, 2.3339, 0.2613)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.1897, 2.2715,
0.1617)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D727A
RGB	125, 114, 122
RGB Percent	49%, 45%, 48%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5529, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.02, 0.51
HSL	316°, 5%, 47%
HSV	316°, 9%, 49%
XYZ	17.9876, 17.7997, 20.8999
YIQ	118.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

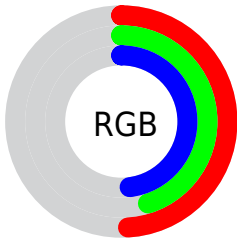
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 114, 122
Decimal	8221306
CIE Lab	49.25, 5.80, -2.86
CIE LCh	49, 6.473, 333.732
Yxy	17.8005, 0.3173, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286411386 (0xFF7D727A)
YUV	118.2010, 1.8729, 5.9627
Hunter-Lab	42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617

Details

The HunterLab color $[42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[44.1921, -6.7128, 4.5329]$, and the grayscale version is $[42.6338, -2.2748, 2.3164]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[63.0820, 1.7633, 1.2645]$, and $[24.3187, 2.4464, -0.3399]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[38.8426, 7.6921, -2.3747]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[45.7186, -3.0501, 2.7780]$.

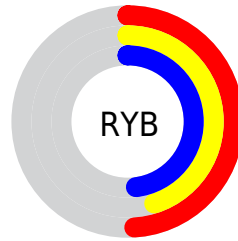
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (45%)

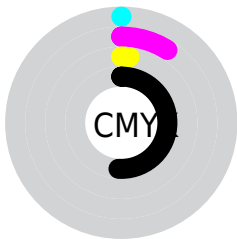
Blue (48%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (48%)

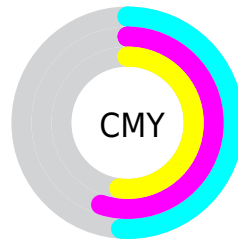


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.1897, 2.2715,
0.1617

■ 42.1897, 2.2715,
0.1617

■ 154.8367, -1.3746,
5.1843

■ 32.8738, 2.4225,
-0.1834

■ 63.0056, 1.7809,
1.0046

■ 24.3662, 2.5001,
-0.4708

■ 74.4102, 1.4562,
1.4924

■ 16.7537, 2.4886,
-0.6906

■ 86.4303, 1.0845,
2.0202

■ 10.1575, 2.3641,
-0.8285

■ 99.0359, 0.6693,
2.5855

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.2009, 0.2135,
3.1863

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.9025, -0.2804,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.1205, -0.8104,
4.4872

■ 42.1897, 2.2715,
0.1617

■ 42.1897, 2.2715,
0.1617

■ 38.8426, 7.6921,
-2.3747

■ 45.7186, -3.0501,
2.7780

■ 35.7033, 13.1879,
-4.7945

■ 49.4028, -8.2621,
5.4467

■ 32.8073, 18.6974,
-7.0395

■ 53.2239, -13.3695,
8.1523

■ 30.1953, 24.1094,
-9.0276

■ 57.1660, -18.3812,
10.8844

■ 27.9119, 29.2433,
-10.6498

■ 61.2160, -23.3085,
13.6368

■ 26.0028, 33.8416,
-11.7757

■ 65.3632, -28.1632,
16.4055

■ 24.5063, 37.5930,
-12.2765

■ 69.5986, -32.9564,
19.1883

■ 23.4421, 40.2042,
-12.0661

■ 73.9147, -37.6982,
21.9840

■ 22.7010, 41.8579,
-11.3136

■ 78.3050, -42.3978,
24.7918

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.1906, 0.5262, -1.8034



42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617



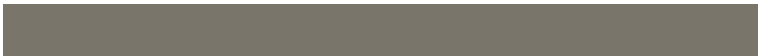
42.1906, 2.7923, 2.6014

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1906, 2.2704, 0.1624



42.1906, -2.5746, 6.7237



42.1906, -6.2854, -0.3984

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617



44.1921, -6.7128, 4.5329

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.1906, -7.0727, 1.9894



42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617



42.1906, -4.9629, 6.0223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1906, 2.2704, 0.1624



42.1906, -0.0438, 6.2986



42.1906, -6.5944, 4.3247



42.1906, -4.4185, -2.1405

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617



42.1906, 2.3668, 4.1451



42.1906, -6.5944, 4.3247



42.1906, -6.6830, 0.3603

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1906, 2.2704, 0.1624



59.1346, -1.0559, 2.2111



41.5854, 0.3970, -2.0310



28.0399, -0.2580, 0.9336



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1906, 2.2704, 0.1624



55.3294, 4.8170, -0.6319



42.0352, 1.4340, 2.3760



20.9595, 1.2160, 0.0400



23.0995, 42.9583, -11.4280

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.1906, 2.2704, 0.1624



55.3294, 4.8170, -0.6319



44.3407, -5.8858, 2.4103



20.9595, 1.2160, 0.0400



23.0995, 42.9583, -11.4280

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

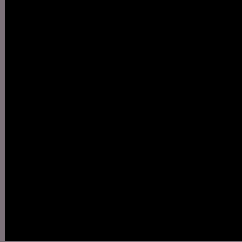
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.1897, 2.2715,

0.1617.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617

Protanopia

42.0746, -0.8442, -0.4947

Deuteranopia

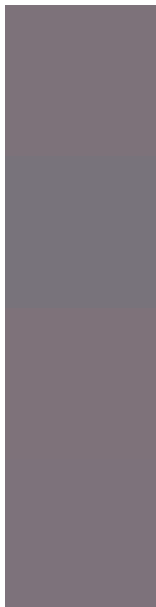
42.2793, 2.5731, 0.2769



Tritanopia

42.2193, 2.4300, -0.2578

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617

Protanomaly

42.0531, 0.4829, -0.4983

Deuteranomaly

42.2793, 2.5731, 0.2769

Tritanomaly

42.2193, 2.4300, -0.2578

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617

Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

Achromatomaly

42.5669, -0.7881, 1.9064

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 114, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 114, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 114, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 114, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 114, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 114, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 114, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 114, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 114, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 114,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.1897, 2.2715, 0.1617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 114, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
114, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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