

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.1734, -2.7190,
2.5130)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.1734, -2.7190, 2.5130)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.0673, -2.6877,
2.5869)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747574
RGB	116, 117, 116
RGB Percent	45%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5412, 0.5451
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.54
HSL	120°, 0%, 46%
HSV	120°, 1%, 46%
XYZ	16.7162, 17.6966, 19.0578
YIQ	116.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

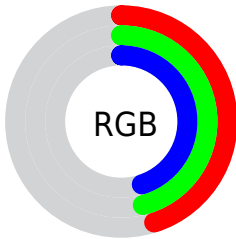
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 117, 117
Decimal	7632244
CIE Lab	49.13, -0.58, 0.41
CIE LCh	49, 0.712, 144.645
Yxy	17.6973, 0.3126, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285822324 (0xFF747574)
YUV	116.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869

Details

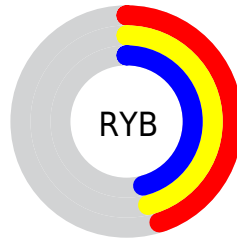
The HunterLab color $42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41.9017, -1.7900, 1.9735$, and the grayscale version is $42.0193, -2.2420, 2.2830$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62.8712, -3.8288, 3.7383$, and $24.2951, -1.7001, 1.5946$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.8534, -7.6163, 5.9162$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.4050, 2.5696, -0.9637$.

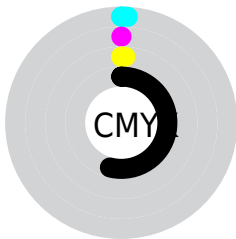
Distribution



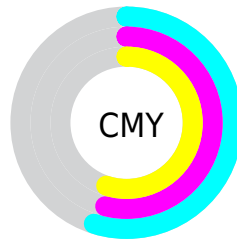
- Red (45%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.0673, -2.6877,
2.5869

■ 42.0673, -2.6877,
2.5869

■ 154.6478, -8.9425,
8.8783

■ 32.7611, -2.1561,
2.0570

■ 62.8657, -3.8630,
3.7626

■ 24.2642, -1.6634,
1.5682

■ 74.2623, -4.5007,
4.4025

■ 16.6638, -1.2139,
1.1250

■ 86.2748, -5.1697,
5.0749

■ 10.0814, -0.8120,
0.7326

■ 98.8732, -5.8688,
5.7783

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.0313, -6.5967,
6.5115

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 125.7262, -7.3522,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.9378, -8.1344,
8.0625

■ 42.0673, -2.6877,
2.5869

■ 42.0673, -2.6877,
2.5869

■ 40.8534, -7.6163,
5.9162

■ 43.4050, 2.5696,
-0.9637

■ 39.7655, -12.1608,
8.9868

■ 44.8583, 8.1080,
-4.7032

■ 38.8083, -16.2708,
11.7643

■ 46.4219, 13.8793,
-8.5992

■ 37.9843, -19.8992,
14.2167

■ 48.0895, 19.8415,
-12.6229

■ 37.2940, -23.0070,
16.3177

■ 49.8549, 25.9576,
-16.7495

■ 36.7359, -25.5677,
18.0491

■ 51.7119, 32.1961,
-20.9576

■ 36.3059, -27.5711,
19.4039

■ 53.6546, 38.5307,
-25.2295

■ 35.9972, -29.0268,
20.3884

■ 55.6773, 44.9396,
-29.5504

■ 35.7993, -29.9674,
21.0247

■ 57.7746, 51.4053,
-33.9086

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0682, -2.4730, 2.7565



42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869



42.0682, -2.7860, 2.3380

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0682, -2.6887, 2.5876



42.0682, -2.2976, 1.7725



42.0682, -1.7524, 2.5046

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869



41.9017, -1.7900, 1.9735

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0682, -1.7051, 2.2417



42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869



42.0682, -2.0203, 1.8179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0682, -2.6887, 2.5876



42.0682, -2.5605, 1.8666



42.0682, -1.8033, 1.9900



42.0682, -1.9324, 2.7088

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869



42.0682, -2.7708, 2.1591



42.0682, -1.8033, 1.9900



42.0682, -1.7205, 2.4202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0682, -2.6887, 2.5876



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



42.1502, -2.4029, 2.6884



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0682, -2.6887, 2.5876



56.2641, -3.7133, 3.5405



42.0821, -2.6124, 2.3893



20.7356, -1.3373, 1.2836



37.4400, -32.1045, 22.5076



82.6494, -70.8715, 49.6868

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.9017, -1.7900, 1.9735



55.9973, -2.2733, 2.5565



41.8877, -1.8667, 2.1735



20.6490, -0.8699, 0.9642



23.6252, 46.4468, -31.1507



52.1530, 102.5317, -68.7643

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

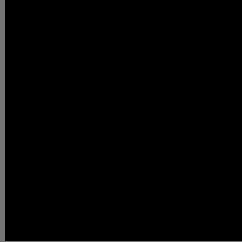
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.0673, -2.6877,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869

Protanopia

42.0125, -1.5159, 2.9715

Deuteranopia

42.0521, 2.8908, 2.2346



Tritanopia

42.1347, -0.5172, -1.3475

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869

Protanomaly

41.9287, -1.8064, 2.8689

Deuteranomaly

41.9572, 1.1976, 2.0927

Tritanomaly

42.0450, -1.0055, -0.0739

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869

Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Achromatomaly

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 117, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 117, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 117, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 117, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

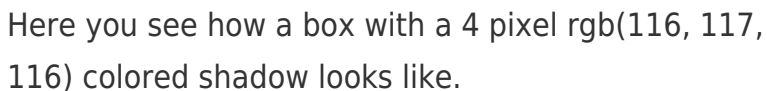
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 117, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 117, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 117, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 117, 116); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 117, 116); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 117, 116) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.0673, -2.6877, 2.5869 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 117, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
117, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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