

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.2522, -0.5989,
-14.7426)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.2522, -0.5989,
-14.7426) contains.

HunterLab(42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(42.3386, -0.9436,
-14.3344)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	657696
RGB	101, 118, 150
RGB Percent	40%, 46%, 59%
CMY	0.6039, 0.5372, 0.4118
CMYK	0.33, 0.21, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	219°, 20%, 49%
HSV	219°, 33%, 59%
XYZ	17.3503, 17.9256, 31.3997
YIQ	116.5650, -20.4040, 6.3480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

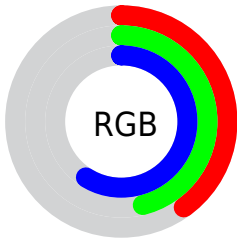
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 114, 150
Decimal	6649494
CIE _{Lab}	49.41, 1.71, -19.37
CIE _{LCh}	49, 19.441, 275.055
Yxy	17.9263, 0.2602, 0.2689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284839574 (0xFF657696)
YUV	116.5650, 16.4835, -13.6505
Hunter-Lab	42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344

Details

The HunterLab color $42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $49.1924, -1.4876, 15.4463$, and the grayscale version is $41.9537, -2.2385, 2.2794$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63.1517, -1.9467, -14.7537$, and $24.5178, -0.2541, -13.4425$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38.6643, 0.3287, -20.4165$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.1529, -1.8663, -8.6612$.

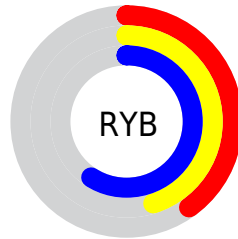
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (46%)

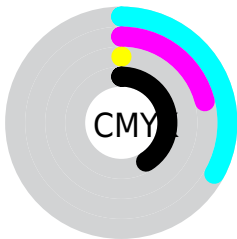
Blue (59%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (59%)

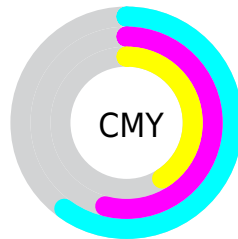


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.3386, -0.9436,
-14.3344

■ 42.3386, -0.9436,
-14.3344

■ 155.0662, -6.2587,
-14.8717

■ 33.0107, -0.5493,
-13.9685

■ 63.1757, -1.8711,
-14.8613

■ 24.4901, -0.2075,
-13.5413

■ 74.5900, -2.3959,
-15.0277

■ 16.8631, 0.0736,
-13.0769

■ 86.6193, -2.9579,
-15.1338

■ 10.2502, 0.2814,
-12.6702

■ 99.2336, -3.5549,
-15.1829

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 112.4070, -4.1849,
-15.1784

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 126.1167, -4.8465,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.1232

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.3424, -5.5382,
-15.0202

■ 42.3386, -0.9436,
-14.3344

■ 42.3386, -0.9436,
-14.3344

■ 38.6643, 0.3287,
-20.4165

■ 46.1529, -1.8663,
-8.6612

■ 35.1485, 2.0216,
-26.9793

■ 50.0881, -2.4960,
-3.3352

■ 31.8178, 4.2149,
-34.0884

■ 54.1314, -2.8805,
1.7008

■ 28.7044, 6.9941,
-41.7901

■ 58.2718, -3.0583,
6.4946

■ 25.8473, 10.4341,
-50.0786

■ 62.5004, -3.0605,
11.0865

■ 23.2907, 14.5661,
-58.8467

■ 66.8094, -2.9124,
15.5097

■ 21.5914, 17.8947,
-65.6168

■ 71.1926, -2.6347,
19.7921

■ 75.6445, -2.2442,
23.9564

■ 80.1605, -1.7552,
28.0219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3394, -8.3483, -12.6212



42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344



42.3394, 6.6165, -10.9775

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.3394, -0.9440, -14.3335



42.3394, 10.6032, 9.6467



42.3394, -14.9108, 7.8437

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344



49.1924, -1.4876, 15.4463

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.3394, -10.4632, 12.3205



42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344



42.3394, 4.1901, 13.2232

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.3394, -0.9440, -14.3335



42.3394, 13.5816, 3.5314



42.3394, -3.5628, 14.1064



42.3394, -16.0707, 1.0400

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344



42.3394, 10.6215, -6.6185



42.3394, -3.5628, 14.1064



42.3394, -13.7671, 9.6286

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.3394, -0.9440, -14.3335



67.8523, -3.4700, -2.7459



51.2534, -18.3090, 5.6541



31.6245, -1.5974, -1.6980



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.3394, -0.9440, -14.3335



52.7573, -0.1062, -24.7196



38.3667, 9.0945, -20.7896



24.3772, -1.2573, -0.7365



19.8037, 15.9408, -59.1646



3.1492, -0.1665, -3.5768

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.3521, 16.1320, 1.1879



51.4571, 27.0912, 1.5757



53.4426, -11.6173, 19.0681



24.1798, 1.0846, 1.0647



23.6416, 41.3818, 8.3404



2.7125, 4.9311, -0.4636

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

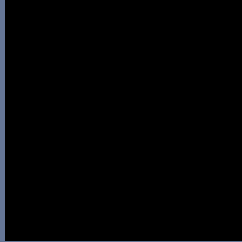
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

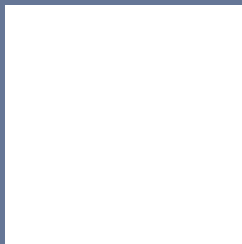
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344.



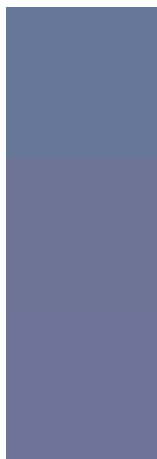
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344.

-14.3344.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344

Protanopia

42.3225, 1.7553, -13.7235

Deuteranopia

42.2792, 3.1553, -14.9505



Tritanopia

42.2550, -6.9316, -4.2135

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344

Protanomaly

42.3753, 0.5281, -13.6628

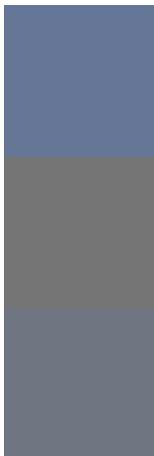
Deuteranomaly

42.2504, 1.6636, -15.0225

Tritanomaly

42.2665, -4.9554, -7.7715

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344

Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Achromatomaly

42.0560, -1.9565, -3.3992

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 118, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 118, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 118, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 118, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 118, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 118, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 118, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 118, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 118, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 118,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.3386, -0.9436, -14.3344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 118, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
118, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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