

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.2791, -2.2558,
2.2971)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.2791, -2.2558, 2.2971)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.1768, -2.2504,
2.2915)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757575
RGB	117, 117, 117
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 46%
CMY	0.5412, 0.5412, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	123°, 0%, 46%
HSV	123°, 0%, 46%
XYZ	16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3721
YIQ	117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 117, 117
Decimal	7697781
CIE _{Lab}	49.24, 0.00, -0.01
CIE _{LCh}	49, 0.005, 289.484
Yxy	17.7896, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285887861 (0xFF757575)
YUV	117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Details

The HunterLab color $42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 , and the color name is [sonic silver](#). A complement of this color would be $42.1774, -2.2496, 2.2910$, and the grayscale version is $42.1776, -2.2505, 2.2916$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223$, and $24.3949, -1.3017, 1.3254$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.9659, -7.1327, 5.4450$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.5083, 2.9447, -1.0433$.

Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (46%)

Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (46%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.1768, -2.2504,
2.2915

■ 42.1768, -2.2504,
2.2915

■ 154.8168, -8.2668,
8.4214

■ 32.8619, -1.7539,
1.7854

■ 62.9908, -3.3628,
3.4246

■ 24.3554, -1.2997,
1.3227

■ 74.3946, -3.9718,
4.0451

■ 16.7442, -0.8933,
0.9087

■ 86.4139, -4.6137,
4.6991

■ 10.1495, -0.5412,
0.5502

■ 99.0187, -5.2869,
5.3850

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.1830, -5.9899,
6.1013

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 125.8839, -6.7216,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.8469

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.1012, -7.4809,
7.6206

■ 42.1768, -2.2504,
2.2915

■ 42.1768, -2.2504,
2.2915

■ 40.9659, -7.1327,
5.4450

■ 43.5083, 2.9447,
-1.0433

■ 39.8778, -11.6490,
8.3830

■ 44.9522, 8.4072,
-4.5305

■ 38.9170, -15.7505,
11.0736

■ 46.5035, 14.0912,
-8.1415

■ 38.0861, -19.3911,
13.4859

■ 48.1563, 19.9566,
-11.8512

■ 37.3859, -22.5320,
15.5933

■ 49.9043, 25.9683,
-15.6383

■ 36.8152, -25.1457,
17.3753

■ 51.7417, 32.0964,
-19.4844

■ 36.3705, -27.2193,
18.8203

■ 53.6628, 38.3156,
-23.3747

■ 36.0455, -28.7583,
19.9273

■ 55.6620, 44.6055,
-27.2969

■ 35.8308, -29.7894,
20.7078

■ 57.7342, 50.9492,
-31.2414

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.1777, -2.2535, 2.2920



42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915



42.1777, -2.2496, 2.2933

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1777, -2.2514, 2.2922



42.1777, -2.2501, 2.2988



42.1777, -2.2568, 2.2966

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915



42.1774, -2.2496, 2.2910

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.1777, -2.2559, 2.2984



42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915



42.1777, -2.2520, 2.2997

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1777, -2.2514, 2.2922



42.1777, -2.2489, 2.2971



42.1777, -2.2541, 2.2995



42.1777, -2.2566, 2.2945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915



42.1777, -2.2489, 2.2945



42.1777, -2.2541, 2.2995



42.1777, -2.2566, 2.2972

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1777, -2.2514, 2.2922



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



42.1779, -2.2508, 2.2924



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1777, -2.2514, 2.2922



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



42.1777, -2.2512, 2.2918



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



37.4566, -32.0004, 22.2623



82.6648, -70.7747, 49.4585

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.1774, -2.2496, 2.2910



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



42.1773, -2.2497, 2.2914



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



23.3339, 45.4362, -27.3731



51.4751, 100.1800, -59.9724

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915.

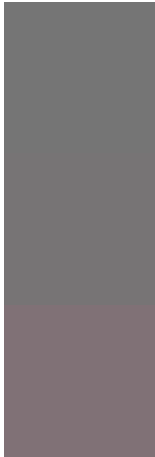


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.1768, -2.2504,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Protanopia

42.0679, -1.2137, 2.1813

Deuteranopia

42.0802, 3.0414, 1.8337



Tritanopia

42.2173, -0.2336, -1.2382

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Protanomaly

41.9841, -1.5033, 2.0773

Deuteranomaly

41.9854, 1.3495, 1.6911

Tritanomaly

42.1278, -0.7204, 0.0330

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Achromatomaly

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 117, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 117, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 117, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 117, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 117, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 117, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 117, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 117, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 117, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 117,  
117) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 117, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
117, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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