

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.2827, 4.0900,  
-1.7247)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.2827, 4.0900, -1.7247)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.2240, 3.9922,  
-1.6285)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F717E
RGB	127, 113, 126
RGB Percent	50%, 44%, 49%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5569, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	304°, 6%, 47%
HSV	304°, 11%, 50%
XYZ	18.4234, 17.8287, 22.2089
YIQ	118.6680, 4.1710, 7.0110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

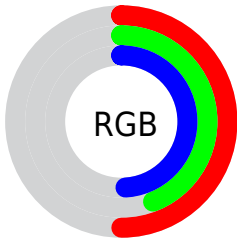
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	127, 113, 126
Decimal	8352126
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.29, 7.95, -5.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 9.482, 327.002
Yxy	17.8294, 0.3151, 0.3050
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286542206 (0xFF7F717E)
<b>YUV</b>	118.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072
Hunter-Lab	42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285

# Details

The HunterLab color  $42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $44.6149, -8.3106, 6.1887$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.8081, -2.2841, 2.3258$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.1413, 3.7534, -1.0734$ , and  $24.3641, 4.0442, -2.0021$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $38.9458, 9.9738, -5.4120$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $45.7033, -1.8673, 2.1225$ .

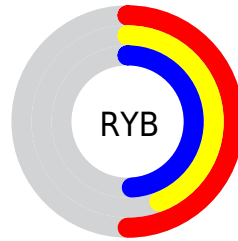
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (44%)

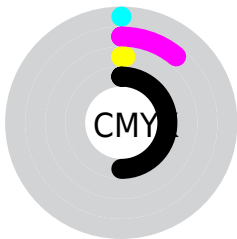
Blue (49%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (49%)

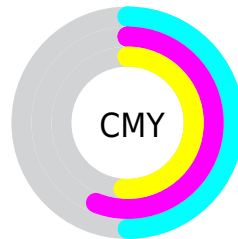


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



42.2240, 3.9922,  
-1.6285

42.2240, 3.9922,  
-1.6285

154.8896, 1.2052,  
2.5332

32.9053, 4.0198,  
-1.8514

63.0448, 3.7253,  
-1.0083

24.3947, 3.9640,  
-2.0077

74.4516, 3.5034,  
-0.6234

16.7789, 3.8062,  
-2.0854

86.4739, 3.2296,  
-0.1937

10.1789, 3.5185,  
-2.0681

99.0815, 2.9081,  
0.2776

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.2484, 2.5422,  
0.7880

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.9519, 2.1349,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.1717, 1.6885,  
1.9176

■ 42.2240, 3.9922,  
-1.6285

■ 42.2240, 3.9922,  
-1.6285

■ 38.9458, 9.9738,  
-5.4120

■ 45.7033, -1.8673,  
2.1225

■ 35.8978, 16.0402,  
-9.1959

■ 49.3545, -7.5875,  
5.8224

■ 33.1182, 22.1067,  
-12.9173

■ 53.1566, -13.1713,  
9.4666

■ 30.6493, 28.0278,  
-16.4754

■ 57.0916, -18.6283,  
13.0561

■ 28.5358, 33.5815,  
-19.7241

■ 61.1447, -23.9719,  
16.5951

■ 26.8190, 38.4732,  
-22.4771

■ 65.3037, -29.2162,  
20.0893

■ 25.5288, 42.3780,  
-24.5379

■ 69.5583, -34.3753,  
23.5447

■ 24.6709, 45.0324,  
-25.7582

■ 73.9000, -39.4620,  
26.9673

■ 24.1213, 46.7239,  
-26.3923

■ 78.3215, -44.4880,  
30.3626

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.2249, 1.0830, -4.3112



42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285



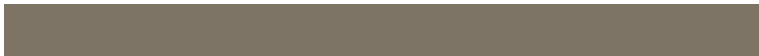
42.2249, 5.2221, 1.9366

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.2249, 3.9911, -1.6277



42.2249, -1.8759, 8.6149



42.2249, -8.5153, -0.9502

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285



44.6149, -8.3106, 6.1887

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.2249, -9.2460, 2.6570



42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285



42.2249, -5.4930, 7.9868

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.2249, 3.9911, -1.6277



42.2249, 1.7611, 7.6771



42.2249, -8.1584, 5.8804



42.2249, -6.1269, -3.8966



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285



42.2249, 4.8949, 4.2635



42.2249, -8.1584, 5.8804



42.2249, -8.9593, 0.2341

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.2249, 3.9911, -1.6277



60.1856, -0.9067, 1.8167



41.1296, 0.3590, -3.5945



28.9538, -0.1613, 0.7009



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.2249, 3.9911, -1.6277



55.4760, 7.1590, -3.3339



42.0198, 2.8950, 1.2866



20.9935, 1.3984, -0.4428



24.2236, 46.9218, -26.5021

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2249, 3.9911, -1.6277



55.4760, 7.1590, -3.3339



44.7982, -7.2842, 3.5636



20.9935, 1.3984, -0.4428



24.2236, 46.9218, -26.5021

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

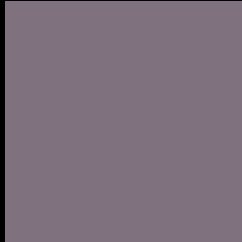
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

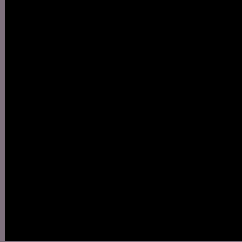
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285.

-1.6285.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285

### Protanopia

42.1453, -0.2960, -2.7652

### Deuteranopia

42.3095, 2.9140, -1.5386



## Tritanopia

42.2793, 2.5731, 0.2769

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285

## Protanomaly

42.1745, 1.1391, -2.2195

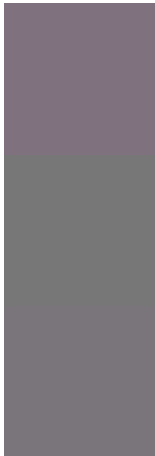
## Deuteranomaly

42.3988, 3.2134, -1.4201

## Tritanomaly

42.3088, 2.7311, -0.1418

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285

## Achromatopsia

42.9506, -2.2917, 2.3336

## Achromatomaly

42.7379, -0.0291, 0.7911

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 113, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 113, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 113, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 113, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

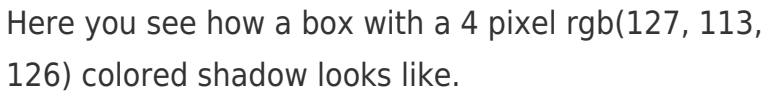
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 113, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 113, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 113, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 113, 126); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 113, 126); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 113, 126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.2240, 3.9922, -1.6285 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 113, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
113, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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