

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.2977, -3.4787,  
5.4030)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.2977, -3.4787, 5.4030)  
contains.

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# Color

HunterLab(42.3488, -3.4497,  
5.3816)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	76766E
RGB	118, 118, 110
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 43%
CMY	0.5373, 0.5372, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.54
HSL	60°, 4%, 45%
HSV	60°, 7%, 46%
XYZ	16.7641, 17.9342, 17.3299
YIQ	117.0880, 2.5680, -2.4880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

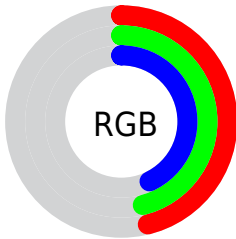
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 118, 110
Decimal	7763566
CIE Lab	49.42, -1.56, 4.40
CIE LCh	49, 4.670, 109.562
Yxy	17.9350, 0.3222, 0.3447
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285953646 (0xFF76766E)
YUV	117.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998
Hunter-Lab	42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816

# Details

The HunterLab color  $42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $39.7182, -0.8493, -1.1275$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.2240, -2.2530, 2.2941$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.1697, -4.6563, 6.7603$ , and  $24.5565, -2.3735, 4.0864$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42.0649, -5.0238, 9.4752$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $42.6728, -1.6794, 0.7727$ .

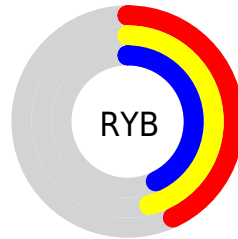
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (46%)

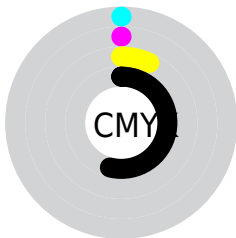
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (43%)

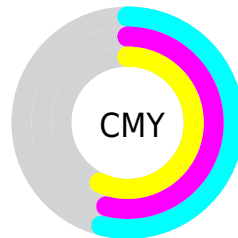


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.3488, -3.4497,  
5.3816

■ 42.3488, -3.4497,  
5.3816

155.0820,  
-10.1214, 13.2937

■ 33.0202, -2.8567,  
4.6093

■ 63.1874, -4.7351,  
6.9882

■ 24.4987, -2.2966,  
3.8530

■ 74.6024, -5.4229,  
7.8234

■ 16.8707, -1.7717,  
3.1075

■ 86.6323, -6.1394,  
8.6806

■ 10.2566, -1.2824,  
2.3963

■ 99.2473, -6.8838,  
9.5598

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.4213, -7.6550,  
10.4610

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.1315, -8.4522,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.3839

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.3578, -9.2745,  
12.3282

■ 42.3488, -3.4497,  
5.3816

■ 42.3488, -3.4497,  
5.3816

■ 42.0649, -5.0238,  
9.4752

■ 42.6728, -1.6794,  
0.7727

■ 41.8175, -6.3990,  
13.0528

■ 43.0346, 0.2891,  
-4.3504

■ 41.6065, -7.5787,  
16.1212

■ 43.4358, 2.4520,  
-9.9801

■ 41.4305, -8.5671,  
18.6915

■ 43.8764, 4.8052,  
-16.1058

■ 41.2880, -9.3705,  
20.7800

■ 44.3566, 7.3435,  
-22.7140

■ 41.1771, -9.9975,  
22.4094

■ 44.8762, 10.0606,  
-29.7885

■ 41.0956, -10.4593,  
23.6087

■ 45.4350, 12.9494,  
-37.3108

■ 41.0408, -10.7702,  
24.4149

■ 46.0327, 16.0021,  
-45.2608

■ 41.0065, -10.9647,  
24.9184

■ 46.6688, 19.2106,  
-53.6173

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3497, -1.6132, 5.5111



42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816



42.3497, -4.9452, 4.4495

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.3497, -3.4508, 5.3822



42.3497, -4.5529, -0.3621



42.3497, 1.3068, 1.6853

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816



39.7182, -0.8493, -1.1275

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.3497, 0.4898, 0.0426



42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816



42.3497, -2.9068, -1.1728

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.3497, -3.4508, 5.3822



42.3497, -5.5739, 1.1522



42.3497, -1.0599, -1.0216



42.3497, 1.1550, 3.4267



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816



42.3497, -5.5558, 3.4741



42.3497, -1.0599, -1.0216



42.3497, 1.1358, 1.1020

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.3497, -3.4508, 5.3822



56.3514, -3.4970, 4.3300



40.1617, 0.2170, 2.9730



27.0235, -1.6590, 2.0298



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.3497, -3.4508, 5.3822



56.0985, -4.8874, 7.9480



42.0249, -4.5943, 5.0024



20.6549, -1.8669, 3.1007



42.6400, -11.4649, 26.0739



94.1282, -25.3103, 57.5583



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.7182, -0.8493, -1.1275



51.8854, -0.7207, -2.4789



40.0470, 0.2795, -0.6949



18.9471, -0.1773, -1.1274



11.8967, 32.2678, -84.5159

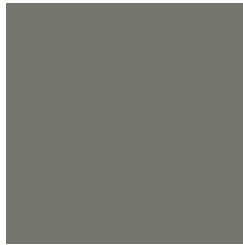


26.2609, 71.2308, -186.5806



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

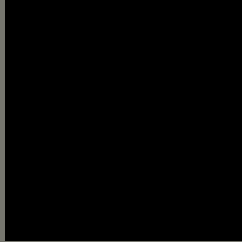
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.3488, -3.4497,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816

### Protanopia

42.2985, -2.2538, 5.7449

### Deuteranopia

42.1702, 2.9625, 4.8927



## Tritanopia

42.3846, 0.3391, -1.0176

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816

## Protanomaly

42.2135, -2.5499, 5.6464

## Deuteranomaly

42.2431, 0.4617, 4.9303

## Tritanomaly

42.4271, -1.2135, 1.2903

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816

## Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

## Achromatomaly

42.0944, -2.7024, 3.4683

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 118, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 118, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 118, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 118, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 118, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 118, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 118, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 118, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 118, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 118,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.3488, -3.4497, 5.3816 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 118, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
118, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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