

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.3118, -15.6218,
-5.8331)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.3118, -15.6218,
-5.8331) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.3369,
-15.5729, -5.7706)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 3E7F86 |
| RGB | 62, 127, 134 |
| RGB Percent | 24%, 50%, 53% |
| CMY | 0.7568, 0.5020, 0.4745 |
| CMYK | 0.54, 0.05, 0.00, 0.47 |
| HSL | 186°, 37%, 38% |
| HSV | 186°, 54%, 53% |
| XYZ | 13.8791, 17.9241, 25.2825 |
| YIQ | 108.3630, -40.9870, -11.6030 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

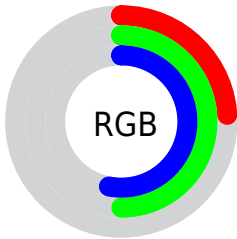
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 62, 96, 134 |
| Decimal | 4095878 |
| CIELab | 49.40, -18.62, -10.16 |
| CIELCh | 49, 21.210, 208.625 |
| Yxy | 17.9248, 0.2431, 0.3140 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4282285958 (0xFF3E7F86) |
| YUV | 108.3630, 12.6390, -40.6604 |
| Hunter-Lab | 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 |

Details

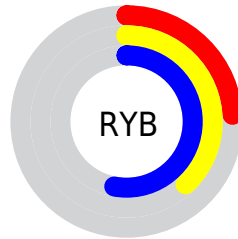
The HunterLab color $42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $31.1011, 19.2063, 10.8115$, and the grayscale version is $38.8284, -2.0718, 2.1096$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63.2008, -18.8293, -5.4902$, and $24.6756, -11.8987, -5.1566$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41.4842, -16.7757, -6.9668$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.3029, -13.9670, -4.4431$.

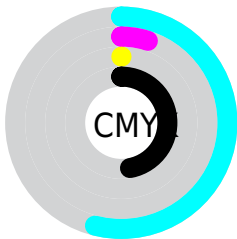
Distribution



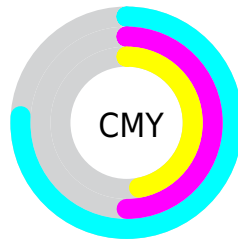
- Red (24%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.3369, -15.5729,
-5.7706

■ 42.3369, -15.5729,
-5.7706

155.0635,
-29.6142, -3.3861

■ 33.0091, -13.8664,
-5.7527

■ 63.1737, -18.8275,
-5.6005

■ 24.4887, -12.0729,
-5.6569

■ 74.5879, -20.4050,
-5.4264

■ 16.8619, -10.1455,
-5.4735

■ 86.6171, -21.9620,
-5.1992

■ 10.2491, -8.6165,
-5.1979

■ 99.2313, -23.5048,
-4.9230

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.4046,
-25.0382, -4.6009

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.1142,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-26.5657, -4.2359

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.3399,
-28.0903, -3.8302

■ 42.3369, -15.5729,
-5.7706

■ 42.3369, -15.5729,
-5.7706

■ 41.4842, -16.7757,
-6.9668

■ 43.3029, -13.9670,
-4.4431

■ 40.7396, -17.5742,
-8.0287

■ 44.3806, -11.9678,
-2.9940

■ 40.0986, -17.9811,
-8.9556

■ 45.5702, -9.5938,
-1.4330

■ 39.5518, -18.0271,
-9.7543

■ 46.8694, -6.8686,
0.2288

■ 39.2300, -17.9760,
-10.2291

■ 48.2754, -3.8194,
1.9795

■ 49.7845, -0.4751,
3.8077

■ 51.3925, 3.1352,
5.7021

■ 53.0949, 6.9832,
7.6528

■ 54.8871, 11.0419,
9.6506

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3377, -17.2807, 2.6728



42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706



42.3377, -10.3758, -13.0908

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.3377, -15.5731, -5.7700



42.3377, 12.4889, -6.5369



42.3377, -1.8717, 15.0053

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706



31.1011, 19.2063, 10.8115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.3377, 6.5144, 13.4707



42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706



42.3377, 15.1963, 1.9329

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.3377, -15.5731, -5.7700



42.3377, 5.7892, -13.5910



42.3377, 12.9301, 9.0475



42.3377, -9.7519, 13.7300

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706



42.3377, -5.4116, -15.7745



42.3377, 12.9301, 9.0475



42.3377, 0.9838, 14.8076

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.3377, -15.5731, -5.7700



61.7462, -10.1090, -0.2869



43.0024, -27.2881, 18.4793



29.1656, -5.0981, -0.3172



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.3377, -15.5731, -5.7700



54.8885, -22.4825, -9.4966



32.2494, -0.4371, -21.6021



22.8114, -2.6416, 0.4926



37.9881, -17.4158, -9.8860



2.3572, -1.1749, -0.4099

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.6961, 31.1765, -17.4834



38.7968, 50.0914, -27.8920



39.1373, 2.8954, 17.2620



21.8065, 1.4480, -0.4072



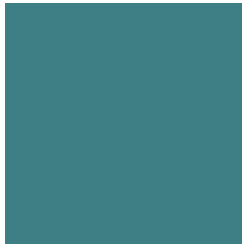
24.5841, 47.3643, -24.9147



1.4663, 2.8551, -1.7196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.3369,

-15.5729, -5.7706.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706

Protanopia

42.1142, -0.4650, -2.3250

Deuteranopia

42.1458, 3.0748, -7.2703



Tritanopia

42.4755, -14.8483, -7.1226

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706

Protanomaly

41.8706, -6.8981, -4.2256

Deuteranomaly

41.9141, -4.8791, -7.2069

Tritanomaly

42.4418, -15.0426, -6.6499

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

39.7114, -8.1122, -0.7990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 127, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(62, 127, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 127, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 127, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 127, 134) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 127, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 127, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 127, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 127, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 127,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.3369, -15.5729, -5.7706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 127, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 127,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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