

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.3743, 0.3937,
-53.8140)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.3743, 0.3937,
-53.8140) contains.

HunterLab(42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(42.4669, 0.2341,
-53.5853)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0079CC
RGB	0, 121, 204
RGB Percent	0%, 47%, 80%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5255, 0.2000
CMYK	1.00, 0.41, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	204°, 100%, 40%
HSV	204°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	17.7365, 18.0344, 59.6729
YIQ	94.2830, -98.7590, 0.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

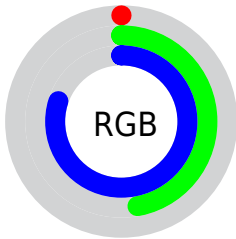
Format	Color
RYB	0, 76, 204
Decimal	31180
CIELab	49.54, 3.23, -50.67
CIELCh	50, 50.776, 273.652
Yxy	18.0349, 0.1858, 0.1890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221260 (0xFF0079CC)
YUV	94.2830, 54.0905, -82.6862
Hunter-Lab	42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853

Details

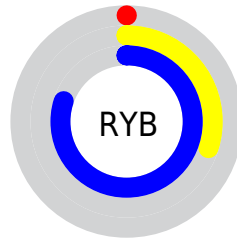
The HunterLab color **42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **43.6246, 38.2213, 27.5486**, and the grayscale version is **33.3985, -1.7821, 1.8146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.0110, -2.5346, -50.2382**, and **26.3344, 6.8346, -47.6698** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.4618, 0.2431, -53.5983**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.0483, -3.2039, -47.4851**.

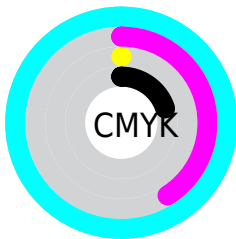
Distribution



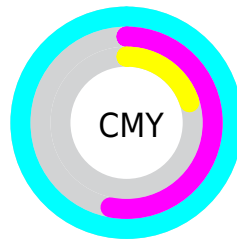
- Red (0%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.4669, 0.2341,
-53.5853

■ 42.4669, 0.2341,
-53.5853

■ 155.2636, -4.4618,
-59.7814

■ 33.1286, 0.5397,
-53.2868

■ 63.3220, -0.5298,
-54.8262

■ 24.5969, 0.7834,
-53.5173

■ 74.7447, -0.9806,
-55.5674

■ 16.9574, 0.9555,
-54.8904

■ 86.7819, -1.4721,
-56.3247

■ 10.3301, 1.0390,
-59.1226

■ 99.4037, -2.0019,
-57.0745

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 112.5844, -2.5675,
-57.8022

0.0000, NaN, -NF

126.3010, -3.1671,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-58.4991

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.5334, -3.7990,
-59.1599

■ 42.4669, 0.2341,
-53.5853

■ 42.4669, 0.2341,
-53.5853

■ 42.4618, 0.2431,
-53.5983

■ 45.0483, -3.2039,
-47.4851

■ 47.8452, -5.9820,
-41.4150

■ 50.8808, -7.9903,
-35.3562

■ 54.1458, -9.2461,
-29.3521

■ 57.6263, -9.7960,
-23.4389

■ 61.3064, -9.7009,
-17.6414

■ 65.1701, -9.0262,
-11.9732

■ 69.2022, -7.8360,
-6.4396

■ 73.3887, -6.1898,
-1.0391

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4675, -18.1723, -45.9337



42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853



42.4675, 21.4770, -41.3956

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.4675, 0.2351, -53.5843



42.4675, 35.1526, 18.1155



42.4675, -31.7770, 15.6606

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853



43.6246, 38.2213, 27.5486

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.4675, -21.7246, 23.0035



42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853



42.4675, 16.3869, 23.8844

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.4675, 0.2351, -53.5843



42.4675, 43.8752, 4.5992



42.4675, -4.7149, 25.1272



42.4675, -34.5017, -0.1107

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853



42.4675, 33.7730, -25.9447



42.4675, -4.7149, 25.1272



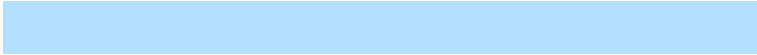
42.4675, -29.2490, 18.9004

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.4675, 0.2351, -53.5843



83.6569, -11.6654, -15.7065



66.1739, -53.4870, 32.7538



37.7100, -5.6027, -8.6996

0.0000, NaN, NaN



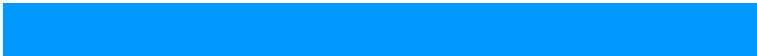
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.4675, 0.2351, -53.5843



54.2461, 0.9996, -69.9608



22.0816, 51.5523, -138.8793



34.5420, -2.8526, -0.3419



33.9635, -0.2806, -41.8456



8.6132, -1.5185, -7.4878

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7080, 68.2303, -4.0128



48.4786, 87.6452, -4.5193



68.5235, -10.6105, 42.0370



33.6503, 2.0443, 0.4770



29.9457, 54.2465, -3.6225



6.9097, 12.7101, -2.3338

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

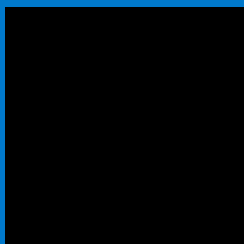
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853

Protanopia

42.5823, 8.4947, -48.0007

Deuteranopia

42.6407, 3.8396, -53.9672



Tritanopia

42.2248, -20.4474, -8.6372

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853

Protanomaly

41.9795, 3.9356, -51.2398

Deuteranomaly

42.5464, 2.0793, -54.2342

Tritanomaly

42.2174, -13.8402, -22.8910

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853

Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

Achromatomaly

35.4718, -6.1339, -15.9485

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 121, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 121, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 121, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 121, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 121, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 121, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 121, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 121, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 121, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 121,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.4669, 0.2341, -53.5853 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 121, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 121,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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