

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.3878, 26.2138,  
-18.4775)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.3878, 26.2138,  
-18.4775) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.2942, 26.3160,  
-18.8243)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9A619E
RGB	154, 97, 158
RGB Percent	60%, 38%, 62%
CMY	0.3961, 0.6196, 0.3804
CMYK	0.03, 0.39, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	296°, 24%, 50%
HSV	296°, 39%, 62%
XYZ	23.7726, 17.8880, 34.5474
YIQ	120.9970, 14.3910, 31.0550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

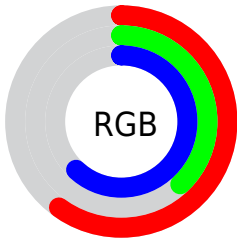
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	154, 97, 158
Decimal	10117534
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.36, 33.30, -23.72
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 40.887, 324.540
Yxy	17.8888, 0.3119, 0.2347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288307614 (0xFF9A619E)
YUV	120.9970, 18.2425, 28.9436
Hunter-Lab	42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243

# Details

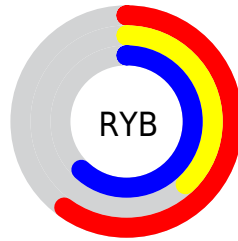
The HunterLab color  $42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $52.9942, -26.2097, 19.5422$ , and the grayscale version is  $43.6537, -2.3293, 2.3718$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.1303, 28.2165, -19.7269$ , and  $24.3335, 23.6219, -17.8163$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $38.9264, 33.9510, -24.6895$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $46.0514, 18.5588, -12.9456$ .

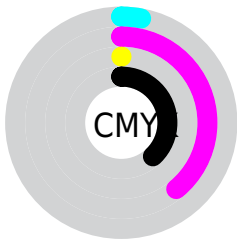
# Distribution



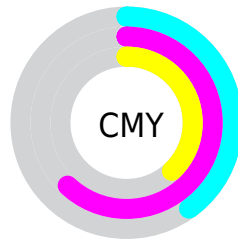
- Red (60%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243

42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243

154.9979, 32.9377, -20.5686

32.9699, 25.0793, -18.3432

63.1250, 28.4210, -19.6139

24.4532, 23.7090, -17.8292

74.5365, 29.3138, -19.9177

16.8306, 22.2058, -17.3395

86.5630, 30.1124, -20.1616

10.2226, 20.6247, -17.0631

99.1748, 30.8249, -20.3479

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

112.3457, 31.4581, -20.4792

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.0529, 32.0181,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.5581

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.2764, 32.5098,  
-20.5871

■ 42.2942, 26.3160,  
-18.8243

■ 42.2942, 26.3160,  
-18.8243

■ 38.9264, 33.9510,  
-24.6895

■ 46.0514, 18.5588,  
-12.9456

■ 36.0059, 41.2004,  
-30.3585

■ 50.1399, 10.8474,  
-7.1653

■ 33.5934, 47.6843,  
-35.5570

■ 54.5130, 3.2678,  
-1.5347

■ 31.7363, 52.9540,  
-39.9497

■ 59.1309, -4.1427,  
3.9287

■ 30.4534, 56.6066,  
-43.2222

■ 63.9610, -11.3762,  
9.2278

■ 29.6519, 58.6904,  
-45.3820

■ 68.9766, -18.4411,  
14.3750

■ 29.5484, 58.9568,  
-45.6676

■ 74.1557, -25.3529,  
19.3873

■ 79.4806, -32.1304,  
24.2825

■ 84.9364, -38.7923,  
29.0777

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.2951, 11.5142, -34.6376



42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243



42.2951, 33.5506, -0.6246

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.2951, 26.3147, -18.8231



42.2951, 0.7552, 22.4882



42.2951, -27.0922, -11.9943

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243



52.9942, -26.2097, 19.5422

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.2951, -29.0826, 5.0338



42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243



42.2951, -14.4681, 21.3962

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.2951, 26.3147, -18.8231



42.2951, 17.4346, 20.0603



42.2951, -24.8166, 16.1693



42.2951, -18.9006, -29.7633



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243



42.2951, 32.4297, 9.1043



42.2951, -24.8166, 16.1693



42.2951, -28.4511, -5.8590

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.2951, 26.3147, -18.8231



71.2817, 8.0854, -4.7961



37.8565, 8.0726, -27.1943



33.5066, 4.4228, -2.7106



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.2951, 26.3147, -18.8231



53.1911, 44.0204, -31.9322



41.8011, 22.9752, -4.5840



25.9469, 1.7940, -0.9048



26.4562, 52.7800, -40.8336



3.6208, 7.1771, -5.2284



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.9375, 18.7255, 7.7209



50.9800, 31.9535, 12.1240



53.3258, -23.8308, 11.4479



25.7931, 0.8818, 1.9481



24.1709, 41.4783, 14.9606

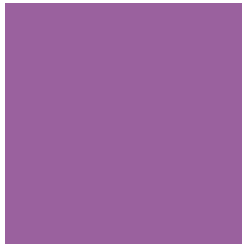


3.2603, 5.6508, 1.5840



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

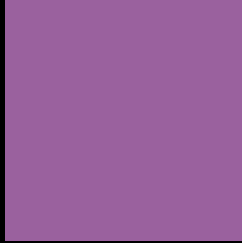
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

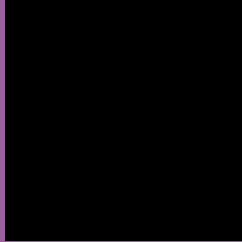
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243.

-18.8243.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243

### Protanopia

42.6152, 4.7304, -28.6627

### Deuteranopia

42.5541, 2.9991, -16.9320



## Tritanopia

42.2124, 12.4091, 3.8683

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243

## Protanomaly

42.0552, 11.9043, -26.1051

## Deuteranomaly

42.0685, 10.9314, -18.2144

## Tritanomaly

42.1856, 16.9671, -3.3904

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243

## Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758

## Achromatomaly

42.7740, 7.6482, -4.7720

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 97, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 97, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 97, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 97, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 97, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 97, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 97, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 97, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 97, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 97,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.2942, 26.3160, -18.8243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 97, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 97,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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