

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.5020, -1.4651,
0.3667)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.5020, -1.4651, 0.3667)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.4020, -1.1845,
0.3615)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76757A
RGB	118, 117, 122
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 48%
CMY	0.5373, 0.5412, 0.5216
CMYK	0.03, 0.04, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	252°, 2%, 47%
HSV	252°, 4%, 48%
XYZ	17.3454, 17.9793, 20.9685
YIQ	117.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

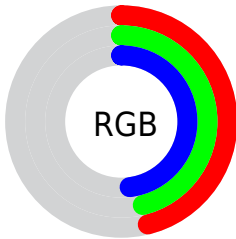
Format	Color
RYB	118, 117, 122
Decimal	7763322
CIELab	49.47, 1.40, -2.61
CIELCh	49, 2.967, 298.248
Yxy	17.9801, 0.3081, 0.3194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285953402 (0xFF76757A)
YUV	117.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149
Hunter-Lab	42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615

Details

The HunterLab color $42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43.8963, -3.3946, 4.2565$, and the grayscale version is $42.5062, -2.2680, 2.3094$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63.2281, -2.2262, 1.3717$, and $24.5751, -0.4681, -0.0725$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38.3031, 1.7434, -4.8685$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.6157, -4.0109, 5.2353$.

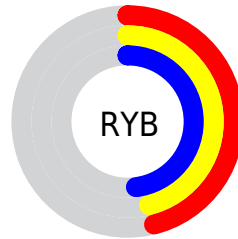
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (46%)

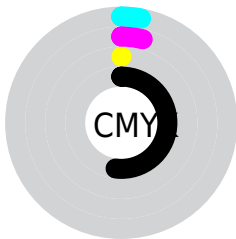
Blue (48%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (48%)

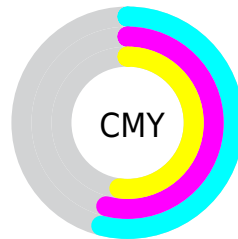


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.4020, -1.1845,
0.3615

■ 42.4020, -1.1845,
0.3615

■ 155.1640, -6.6290,
5.4871

■ 33.0691, -0.7719,
0.0015

■ 63.2482, -2.1464,
1.2314

■ 24.5430, -0.4094,
-0.3022

■ 74.6666, -2.6867,
1.7314

■ 16.9099, -0.1054,
-0.5399

■ 86.6998, -3.2634,
2.2710

■ 10.2898, 0.1289,
-0.6979

■ 99.3179, -3.8744,
2.8475

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.4949, -4.5179,
3.4591

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 126.2080, -5.1923,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.1039

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.4371, -5.8964,
4.7803

■ 42.4020, -1.1845,
0.3615

■ 42.4020, -1.1845,
0.3615

■ 38.3031, 1.7434,
-4.8685

■ 46.6157, -4.0109,
5.2353

■ 34.3328, 4.8065,
-10.5572

■ 50.9285, -6.7571,
9.8280

■ 30.5142, 8.0411,
-16.8327

■ 55.3314, -9.4432,
14.1997

■ 26.8774, 11.4896,
-23.8543

■ 59.8162, -12.0841,
18.3963

■ 23.4642, 15.1899,
-31.8011

■ 64.3763, -14.6912,
22.4533

■ 20.3336, 19.1497,
-40.8241

■ 69.0061, -17.2736,
26.3987

■ 17.5679, 23.2829,
-50.9081

■ 73.7010, -19.8386,
30.2545

■ 15.2762, 27.2924,
-61.5724

■ 78.4569, -22.3917,
34.0383

■ 13.5627, 30.6241,
-71.5980

■ 83.2704, -24.9375,
37.7642

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4029, -2.3341, 0.0933



42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615



42.4029, -0.3179, 1.1564

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.4029, -1.1855, 0.3622



42.4029, -1.0640, 4.1029



42.4029, -4.5091, 2.3741

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615



43.8963, -3.3946, 4.2565

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.4029, -4.1771, 3.4284



42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615



42.4029, -2.1954, 4.4095

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.4029, -1.1855, 0.3622



42.4029, -0.2473, 3.3171



42.4029, -3.3334, 4.1659



42.4029, -4.2453, 1.2737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615



42.4029, -0.0202, 1.8661



42.4029, -3.3334, 4.1659



42.4029, -4.4636, 2.7454

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.4029, -1.1855, 0.3622



57.9440, -2.7368, 2.5115



43.4541, -3.3489, 1.5949



27.7279, -1.3226, 1.2251



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.4029, -1.1855, 0.3622



55.6782, -1.1815, -0.2062



42.6045, -0.4909, 0.6205



20.5553, -0.3920, -0.1567



12.9826, 33.6280, -79.9416



27.8310, 73.0167, -178.5664

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.7100, -0.1865, 1.2019



56.1892, 0.4751, 1.1989



43.6994, -4.0857, 4.0207



20.7567, 0.2602, 0.3980



22.9700, 43.3420, -16.2046



50.0453, 94.2277, -33.7352

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

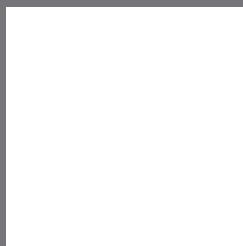
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.4020, -1.1845,

0.3615.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615

Protanopia

42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615

Deuteranopia

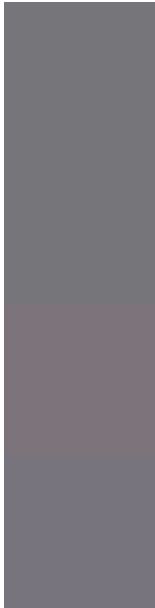
42.3990, 3.0339, -0.0250



Tritanopia

42.3309, 0.2164, -1.5587

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615

Protanomaly

42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615

Deuteranomaly

42.3988, 1.6585, -0.0492

Tritanomaly

42.3006, 0.0518, -1.1283

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615

Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

Achromatomaly

42.5915, -2.1173, 1.9122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 117, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 117, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 117, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 117, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 117, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 117, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 117, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 117, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 117, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 117,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.4020, -1.1845, 0.3615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 117, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
117, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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