

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.5461, 12.4276,  
-80.0065)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.5461, 12.4276,  
-80.0065) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.5296, 12.4369,  
-80.0059)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0073E8
RGB	0, 115, 232
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 91%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5490, 0.0902
CMYK	1.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	210°, 100%, 46%
HSV	210°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	20.6962, 18.0877, 78.7444
YIQ	93.9530, -106.0970, 12.0070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

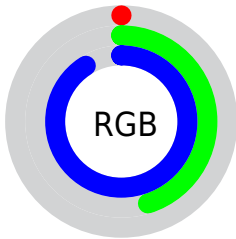
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 77, 232
Decimal	29672
CIELab	49.60, 18.04, -66.41
CIElCh	50, 68.820, 285.197
Yxy	18.0881, 0.1761, 0.1539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219752 (0xFF0073E8)
YUV	93.9530, 68.0572, -82.3968
Hunter-Lab	42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059

# Details

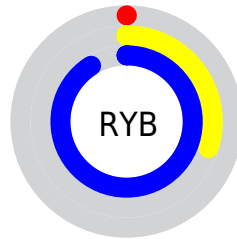
The HunterLab color **42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **54.6748, 33.7599, 34.2794**, and the grayscale version is **33.2293, -1.7730, 1.8054**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.2834, 2.3589, -53.7264**, and **26.8875, 18.0398, -72.5499** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.5212, 12.4540, -80.0325**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.9497, 6.9006, -70.0743**.

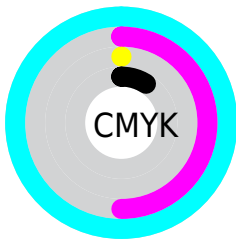
# Distribution



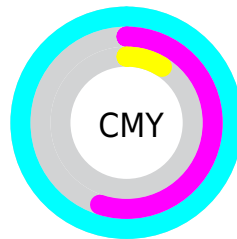
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059

■ 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059

■ 155.3600, 13.5484, -85.9890

■ 33.1863, 11.9227, -80.6880

■ 63.3936, 13.1735, -80.3847

■ 24.6491, 11.2868, -82.6321

■ 74.8203, 13.4158, -80.9950

■ 17.0036, 10.5085, -87.1537

■ 86.8613, 13.5861, -81.7376

■ 10.3692, 9.5609, -97.9034

■ 99.4869, 13.6907, -82.5547

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 112.6710, 13.7351, -83.4090

0.0000, NaN, -NF

126.3910, 13.7237,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-84.2761

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.6267, 13.6604,  
-85.1398

■ 42.5296, 12.4369,  
-80.0059

■ 42.5296, 12.4369,  
-80.0059

■ 42.5212, 12.4540,  
-80.0325

■ 45.9497, 6.9006,  
-70.0743

■ 49.7109, 2.2729,  
-60.3843

■ 53.8178, -1.3422,  
-50.9683

■ 58.2418, -3.9923,  
-41.9000

■ 62.9516, -5.7642,  
-33.2142

■ 67.9174, -6.7578,  
-24.9145

■ 73.1120, -7.0721,  
-16.9839

■ 78.5116, -6.7974,  
-9.3939

■ 84.0957, -6.0136,  
-2.1110

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.5302, -14.9125, -80.2295



42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059



42.5302, 41.9358, -50.3066

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.5302, 12.4385, -80.0048



42.5302, 41.5841, 24.7321



42.5302, -42.1616, 13.2323

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059



54.6748, 33.7599, 34.2794

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.5302, -33.5688, 24.6530



42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059



42.5302, 12.0434, 27.8545

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.5302, 12.4385, -80.0048



42.5302, 61.4456, 13.4684



42.5302, -15.2195, 27.8393



42.5302, -42.1068, -13.0290



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059



42.5302, 56.8959, -24.5318



42.5302, -15.2195, 27.8393



42.5302, -40.3079, 18.4293

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.5302, 12.4385, -80.0048



81.2811, -7.8724, -19.0638



76.7956, -59.9857, 33.5069



36.4578, -3.6108, -10.5298

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.5302, 12.4385, -80.0048



47.1545, 14.2266, -89.6502



24.1412, 65.4613, -171.4773



38.8085, -2.7407, -0.7990



32.0765, 8.4929, -58.4266



9.7263, 0.4326, -13.0910



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.8895, 76.3274, 5.3426



47.7240, 84.9050, 6.2173



86.5272, -23.2401, 52.9096



38.0611, 2.2081, 0.9711



31.9944, 57.0172, 3.4197



8.8044, 15.8885, -0.5945



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

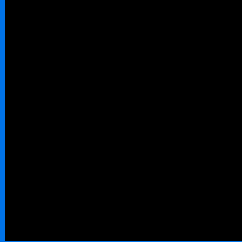
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

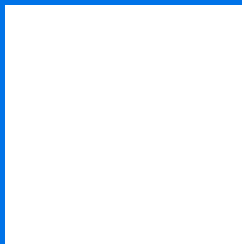
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059.

-80.0059.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059

### Protanopia

42.5221, 14.8748, -77.9215

### Deuteranopia

42.4693, 2.2796, -58.0038



## Tritanopia

42.2248, -20.4474, -8.6372

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059

## Protanomaly

42.5034, 13.5930, -79.0316

## Deuteranomaly

42.3871, 5.8472, -65.6025

## Tritanomaly

42.0528, -10.4468, -30.0106

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059

## Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

## Achromatomaly

35.3228, -2.9485, -22.5745

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 115, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.5296, 12.4369, -80.0059 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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