

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.5537, -0.5115,
1.6624)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.5537, -0.5115, 1.6624)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.5953, -0.6337,
1.5022)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	797578
RGB	121, 117, 120
RGB Percent	47%, 46%, 47%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5412, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.53
HSL	315°, 2%, 47%
HSV	315°, 3%, 47%
XYZ	17.6366, 18.1436, 20.3418
YIQ	118.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

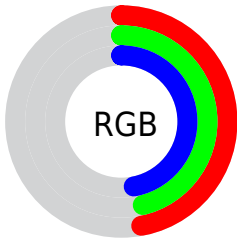
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 117, 120
Decimal	7959928
CIE _{Lab}	49.67, 2.13, -1.11
CIE _{LCh}	50, 2.397, 332.455
Yxy	18.1444, 0.3143, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286150008 (0xFF797578)
YUV	118.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592
Hunter-Lab	42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022

Details

The HunterLab color $42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43.3188, -3.9270, 3.1640$, and the grayscale version is $42.7693, -2.2821, 2.3237$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63.4340, -1.6371, 2.5791$, and $24.7802, 0.1822, 0.6037$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.2838, 4.5747, -1.1018$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.0689, -5.7395, 4.1586$.

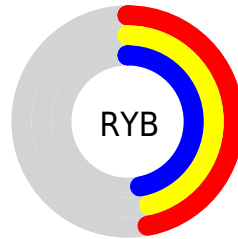
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (46%)

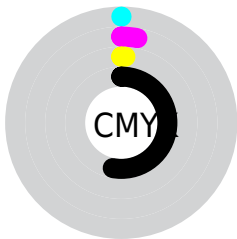
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (47%)

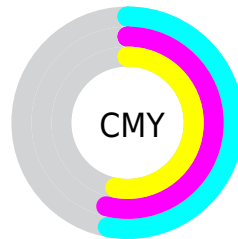


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.5953, -0.6337,
1.5022

■ 42.5953, -0.6337,
1.5022

■ 155.4618, -5.7887,
7.2134

■ 33.2471, -0.2634,
1.0574

■ 63.4690, -1.5196,
2.5252

■ 24.7042, 0.0530,
0.6615

■ 74.9000, -2.0252,
3.0955

■ 17.0522, 0.3058,
0.3221

■ 86.9451, -2.5689,
3.7017

■ 10.4105, 0.4816,
0.0489

■ 99.5746, -3.1484,
4.3421

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.7624, -3.7617,
5.0148

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 126.4860, -4.4071,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.7251, -5.0832,
6.4516

■ 42.5953, -0.6337,
1.5022

■ 42.5953, -0.6337,
1.5022

■ 39.2838, 4.5747,
-1.1018

■ 46.0689, -5.7395,
4.1586

■ 36.1564, 9.8742,
-3.6270

■ 49.6815, -10.7390,
6.8473

■ 33.2441, 15.2248,
-6.0289

■ 53.4173, -15.6403,
9.5578

■ 30.5826, 20.5482,
-8.2423

■ 57.2625, -20.4534,
12.2837

■ 28.2126, 25.7092,
-10.1760

■ 61.2059, -25.1898,
15.0212

■ 26.1775, 30.5011,
-11.7118

■ 65.2381, -29.8605,
17.7681

■ 24.5187, 34.6488,
-12.7162

■ 69.3512, -34.4759,
20.5236

■ 23.2660, 37.8508,
-13.0699

■ 73.5385, -39.0453,
23.2873

■ 22.4208, 39.8860,
-12.7233

■ 77.7944, -43.5772,
26.0594

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.5962, -1.2852, 0.8182



42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022



42.5962, -0.4250, 2.3934

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.5962, -0.6347, 1.5029



42.5962, -2.3537, 4.0271



42.5962, -3.8135, 1.3705

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022



43.3188, -3.9270, 3.1640

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.5962, -4.0942, 2.2437



42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022



42.5962, -3.2560, 3.7664

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.5962, -0.6347, 1.5029



42.5962, -1.4226, 3.8385



42.5962, -3.8910, 3.1185



42.5962, -3.1210, 0.7406

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022



42.5962, -0.5648, 2.9804



42.5962, -3.8910, 3.1185



42.5962, -3.9589, 1.6460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.5962, -0.6347, 1.5029



58.0424, -2.4188, 2.8161



42.3739, -1.3438, 0.7762



27.7714, -1.1820, 1.3597



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.5962, -0.6347, 1.5029



56.6401, -0.2996, 1.7308



42.5398, -0.9418, 2.3070



20.9035, 0.0016, 0.5838



22.7131, 42.4306, -12.7162



49.4637, 92.1620, -25.8185

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.5962, -0.6347, 1.5029



56.6401, -0.2996, 1.7308



43.3742, -3.6217, 2.3733



20.9035, 0.0016, 0.5838



22.7131, 42.4306, -12.7162



49.4637, 92.1620, -25.8185

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

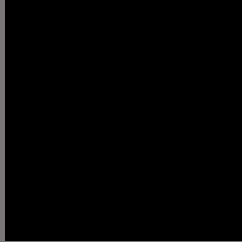
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.5953, -0.6337,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022

Protanopia

42.4271, -1.2135, 1.2903

Deuteranopia

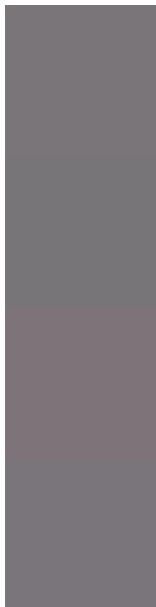
42.4315, 3.0260, 0.9229



Tritanopia

42.5547, 0.9193, -0.7941

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022

Protanomaly

42.5108, -0.9245, 1.3959

Deuteranomaly

42.4287, 1.6426, 0.8952

Tritanomaly

42.4952, 0.5975, 0.0510

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022

Achromatopsia

42.9506, -2.2917, 2.3336

Achromatomaly

42.7573, -1.5423, 2.1187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 117, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 117, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 117, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 117, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 117, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 117, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 117, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 117, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 117, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 117,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.5953, -0.6337, 1.5022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 117, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
117, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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