

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.5611, -1.5131,  
2.4007)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.5611, -1.5131, 2.4007)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(42.4543, -1.2328,  
2.2021)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787576
RGB	120, 117, 118
RGB Percent	47%, 46%, 46%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5412, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.53
HSL	340°, 1%, 46%
HSV	340°, 2%, 47%
XYZ	17.3771, 18.0237, 19.7026
YIQ	118.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

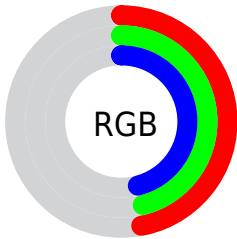
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	120, 117, 118
Decimal	7894390
CIE Lab	49.53, 1.34, -0.15
CIE LCh	50, 1.353, 353.702
Yxy	18.0245, 0.3154, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286084470 (0xFF787576)
YUV	118.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444
Hunter-Lab	42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021

# Details

The HunterLab color  $42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $43.0665, -3.3180, 2.4507$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.5681, -2.2713, 2.3128$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.2842, -2.2753, 3.3256$ , and  $24.6499, -0.3687, 1.2456$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $39.0161, 3.1470, 1.6813$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $46.0445, -5.5144, 2.8563$ .

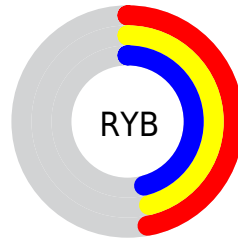
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (46%)

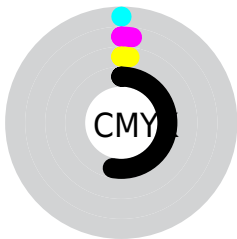
Blue (46%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (46%)

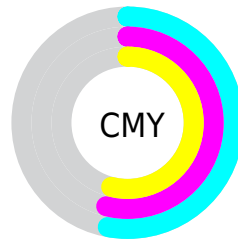


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.4543, -1.2328,  
2.2021

■ 42.4543, -1.2328,  
2.2021

■ 155.2446, -6.7035,  
8.2839

■ 33.1173, -0.8164,  
1.7031

■ 63.3080, -2.2016,  
3.3225

■ 24.5866, -0.4497,  
1.2481

■ 74.7298, -2.7451,  
3.9372

■ 16.9484, -0.1410,  
0.8428

■ 86.7662, -3.3248,  
4.5857

■ 10.3224, 0.0987,  
0.4942

■ 99.3874, -3.9386,  
5.2664

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.5673, -4.5848,  
5.9777

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 126.2833, -5.2619,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.5150, -5.9685,  
7.4875

■ 42.4543, -1.2328,  
2.2021

■ 42.4543, -1.2328,  
2.2021

■ 39.0161, 3.1470,  
1.6813

■ 46.0445, -5.5144,  
2.8563

■ 35.7512, 7.6261,  
1.3207

■ 49.7649, -9.7014,  
3.6186

■ 32.6899, 12.1845,  
1.1566

■ 53.6006, -13.8051,  
4.4716

■ 29.8685, 16.7733,  
1.2308

■ 57.5390, -17.8371,  
5.4008

■ 27.3301, 21.2948,  
1.5877

■ 61.5698, -21.8086,  
6.3949

■ 25.1235, 25.5826,  
2.2669

■ 65.6843, -25.7299,  
7.4448

■ 23.2989, 29.3913,  
3.2873

■ 69.8754, -29.6101,  
8.5433

■ 21.8986, 32.4210,  
4.6265

■ 74.1369, -33.4573,  
9.6845

■ 20.9414, 34.4046,  
6.2024

■ 78.4637, -37.2783,  
10.8636

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4552, -1.4301, 1.7239



42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021



42.4552, -1.3156, 2.7049

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.4552, -1.2338, 2.2028



42.4552, -2.6829, 3.2027



42.4552, -2.8786, 1.5097

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021



43.0665, -3.3180, 2.4507

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.4552, -3.2112, 1.9132



42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021



42.4552, -3.0986, 2.8897

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.4552, -1.2338, 2.2028



42.4552, -2.1540, 3.2781



42.4552, -3.2915, 2.4188



42.4552, -2.3811, 1.3205



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021



42.4552, -1.5167, 2.9856



42.4552, -3.2915, 2.4188



42.4552, -3.0133, 1.6250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.4552, -1.2338, 2.2028



56.9936, -2.4811, 3.0389



42.4281, -1.2143, 1.2911



27.7628, -1.2290, 1.4824



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.4552, -1.2338, 2.2028



56.0359, -1.3057, 2.8765



42.5648, -1.6163, 2.7560



21.0301, -0.3706, 1.0683



21.2614, 37.1835, 7.7495



46.2820, 80.6435, 19.1761



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.4552, -1.2338, 2.2028



56.0359, -1.3057, 2.8765



42.9552, -2.9351, 1.8905



21.0301, -0.3706, 1.0683



21.2614, 37.1835, 7.7495



46.2820, 80.6435, 19.1761



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

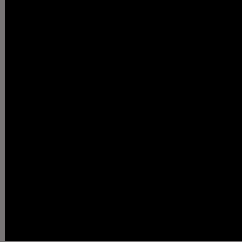
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

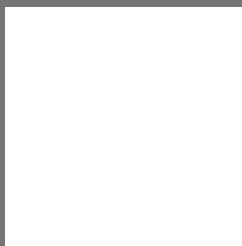
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021.



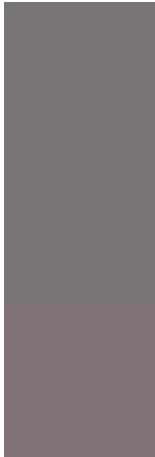
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.4543, -1.2328,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021

### Protanopia

42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021

### Deuteranopia

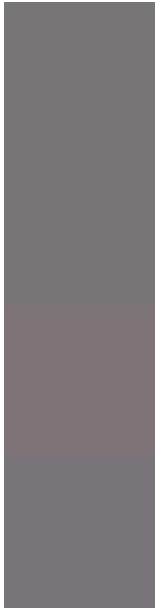
42.4661, 3.0276, 1.8533



## Tritanopia

42.4693, 0.6283, -0.9062

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021

## Protanomaly

42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021

## Deuteranomaly

42.4606, 1.6362, 1.8224

## Tritanomaly

42.3803, 0.1462, 0.3582

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021

## Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

## Achromatomaly

42.6460, -1.9840, 2.4147

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 117, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 117, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 117, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 117, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 117, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 117, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 117, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 117, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 117, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 117,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.4543, -1.2328, 2.2021 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 117, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
117, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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