

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.7010, -4.5460,
1.5600)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.7010, -4.5460,
1.5600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 707878 |
| RGB | 112, 120, 120 |
| RGB Percent | 44%, 47%, 47% |
| CMY | 0.5608, 0.5294, 0.5294 |
| CMYK | 0.07, 0.00, 0.00, 0.53 |
| HSL | 180°, 3%, 45% |
| HSV | 180°, 7%, 47% |
| XYZ | 16.7887, 18.2338, 20.4039 |
| YIQ | 117.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

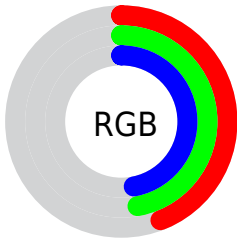
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 112, 116, 120 |
| Decimal | 7370872 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 49.78, -2.99, -1.04 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 50, 3.163, 199.155 |
| Yxy | 18.2345, 0.3029, 0.3290 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4285560952 (0xFF707878) |
| YUV | 117.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182 |
| Hunter-Lab | 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 |

Details

The HunterLab color $42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40.9289, 0.1828, 3.0161$, and the grayscale version is $42.4095, -2.2629, 2.3042$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63.5422, -5.8309, 2.6344$, and $24.8849, -3.3696, 0.6677$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41.8318, -7.6527, 0.4583$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.6749, -1.1500, 2.7681$.

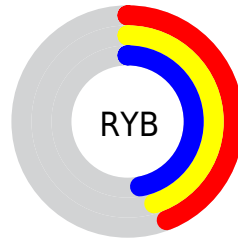
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (47%)

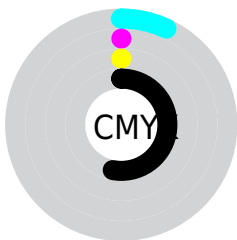
Blue (47%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (47%)

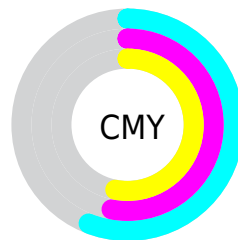


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.7010, -4.5460,
1.5600

■ 42.7010, -4.5460,
1.5600

155.6244,
-11.8208, 7.3020

■ 33.3444, -3.8638,
1.1106

■ 63.5897, -5.9906,
2.5911

■ 24.7923, -3.2060,
0.7099

■ 75.0275, -6.7509,
3.1650

■ 17.1302, -2.5715,
0.3649

■ 87.0792, -7.5362,
3.7748

■ 10.4766, -1.9551,
0.0854

■ 99.7148, -8.3461,
4.4185

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.9086, -9.1800,
5.0945

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.6379,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.0374, 5.8012

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.8825,
-10.9179, 6.5374

■ 42.7010, -4.5460,
1.5600

■ 42.7010, -4.5460,
1.5600

■ 41.8318, -7.6527,
0.4583

■ 43.6749, -1.1500,
2.7681

■ 41.0662, -10.4424,
-0.5306

■ 44.7484, 2.5106,
4.0713

■ 40.4055, -12.8948,
-1.3988

■ 45.9195, 6.4065,
5.4604

■ 39.8490, -14.9943,
-2.1412

■ 47.1845, 10.5096,
6.9258

■ 39.3947, -16.7323,
-2.7550

■ 48.5397, 14.7930,
8.4582

■ 39.0390, -18.1089,
-3.2406

■ 49.9808, 19.2314,
10.0489

■ 38.7764, -19.1340,
-3.6016

■ 51.5037, 23.8019,
11.6898

■ 38.5996, -19.8287,
-3.8457

■ 53.1043, 28.4840,
13.3738

■ 38.4901, -20.2609,
-3.9970

■ 54.7782, 33.2594,
15.0944

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.7019, -4.6359, 2.7560



42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600



42.7019, -3.8548, 0.5426

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.7019, -4.5469, 1.5607



42.7019, -0.4312, 0.7884



42.7019, -1.8236, 4.5280

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600



40.9289, 0.1828, 3.0161

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.7019, -0.6836, 4.0325



42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600



42.7019, 0.1265, 1.8882

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.7019, -4.5469, 1.5607



42.7019, -1.4823, 0.0879



42.7019, 0.0336, 3.0742



42.7019, -3.0734, 4.4461

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600



42.7019, -3.1400, 0.1124



42.7019, 0.0336, 3.0742



42.7019, -1.4146, 4.4240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.7019, -4.5469, 1.5607



57.2093, -3.9949, 2.7928



42.4936, -5.7226, 4.6954



27.8600, -1.9116, 1.3714



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.7019, -4.5469, 1.5607



56.4449, -6.6851, 1.8370



41.6208, -2.7865, 0.2836



21.2425, -2.6630, 0.6421



40.1662, -21.3002, -4.2231



87.7250, -46.5216, -9.2219

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.9289, 0.1828, 3.0161



53.5596, 1.0134, 4.2061



41.9805, -1.6031, 4.1899



20.0376, 0.5524, 1.6316



20.8717, 35.7437, 13.4844



45.5848, 78.0656, 29.4536

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

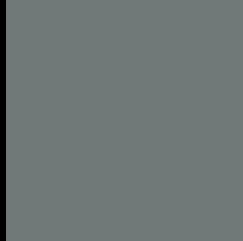
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

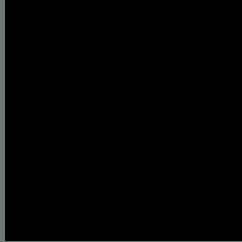
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

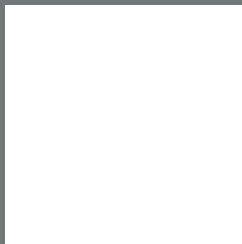
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7010, -4.5460,

1.5600.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600

Protanopia

42.7573, -1.5423, 2.1187

Deuteranopia

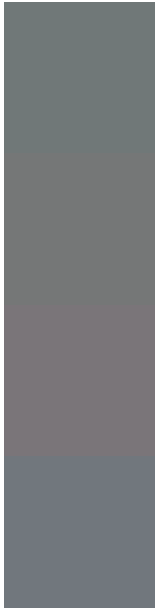
42.6979, 2.5516, 1.2365



Tritanopia

42.7351, -2.5129, -2.0441

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600

Protanomaly

42.7872, -2.8609, 2.1310

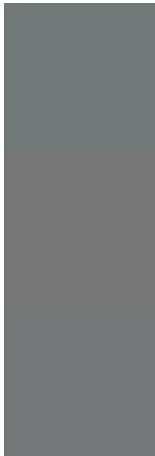
Deuteranomaly

42.7091, -0.1858, 1.2019

Tritanomaly

42.6439, -3.0134, -0.7514

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600

Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

Achromatomaly

42.7066, -3.1426, 2.0308

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 120, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 120, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 120, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 120, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 120, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 120, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 120, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 120, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 120, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 120,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.7010, -4.5460, 1.5600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 120, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
120, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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